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From **Monday August 7. to Thursday August 10. 1704.**

Windsor, August 9.

The following Address has been presented to Her Majesty by the Vice-Chancellor, and several other of the Heads of Houses of the University of Oxford.

To the **QUEEN'S** most Excellent Majesty.

Humble Address of the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the University of Oxford.

... please Your Majesty,
WE Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects; the Chancellor, Masters, and Scholars, of the University of Oxford, most humbly beseech Your Majesty to accept our unfeigned and most hearty Charity, in so freely parting with a Part of Your own Revenue for the more comfortable Subsistence of Your Clergy of the Church of England; whereby Your Majesty has given the most sensible Proof of Your real Concern for the Welfare of the Church, at the same time relieving the Necessities of the Poor, and wiping off so great a Burden as the Poor had brought upon her.
It is not Return to make but our Duty, and our Prayers; and we are sure the more we are sure the more we are sure that God will be the rewarder of them when they proceed from a grateful Recognition of Your Majesty's Bounty to those who wait at his own Altar.
We have to congratulate the Success of Your Majesty's Arms, and to interpret it as a Reward of this Your Piety; and we are glad that God may enable You as effectually to assert the Rights and Liberties of Your injured Allies, as he has happily directed You to provide for the Necessities of his Church, shall be the daily Duty of Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects and

Which Address Her Majesty received very graciously.

Paris, May 14. Her Majesty's Ship the Nonfuch arrived at the 6th Instant, which on the 28th past took a French privateer of 18 Guns, 6 Patroons, and 68 Men, laden with Sugar, and bound from Martinico to Bourdeaux: The Deal-Cattle, and Company with the Nonfuch, took at the same time a French privateer, which was also homeward-bound from Martinico.

Paris, August 1. N. S. The Garrison of Verceil beat a Parley the 20th past, after the Trenches had been opened 36 Days, when they had made a very vigorous Defence. The Duke of Vendome would allow them no other Terms than that they should remain Prisoners of War; but that neither they nor the Inhabitants should be plundered; so they marched on the 24th, and the Enemy have since been busy in demolishing their Works before that Town: It's believ'd they'll attack it, which Place our Duke has provided with a strong Garrison, and all other Necessaries for its Defence. The French suffer much through Sickness and Detention. A Party of 400 Men of the Garrison of Montmeillon, which Place is besieged by the French, has lately beat up the Enemy's Quarters at Chavanne, burnt their Magazine, and seized up their Cannon, whereof they brought two Pieces to the Castle.

Prague, August 3. The Duke of Marlborough's Camp at Friedberg, Aug. 3. The 21st past the Army made a small March from Aicha, the Right Wing advancing about half a League on this side the Town, and the Left to a Village called Reebach. The next morning the Duke of Marlborough, with the Piquet of the Cavalry of the Left, and a Detachment of 500 Foot, passed the Par, and marched to view the Ground for a Camp near this Place, where the Enemy had put a Garrison of 200 Foot and as many Horse, who, as soon as his Grace came upon the Plain, within sight of the Town, retired towards the Army, driving before them their Horses that were grazing near the Town, which they had not time to mount. The Squadrons of Dragoons were thereupon ordered to cut off their Rear; but by reason of the Ways through which the Men were to pass, they could not come up time enough to prevent their Escape: They took above 1000 Hacks in the Town, and pursued the rest to their grand

Guard, which upon their Approach retired under the Protection of their Camp. His Grace went into the Town, where he left 400 Foot and 100 Horse, under the Command of the Lord North and Grey, and then returned to the Camp. The 23d our Army marched again, and encamped with the right at Wolfurtshausen, and the Left at Ooltmaring, this Town being in the Center of the Line, and within a League of Augsburg, so that the Elector of Bavaria's Communication with his own Country is in a manner entirely cut off. We received Advice from Prince Eugene, That the Marshal de Tallard was arrived the 18th at Villingen; whereupon his Highness was marched with 20 Battalions and 60 Squadrons, including the 30 lately sent from our Army, to observe his Motions, having left the rest of the Troops under the Command of Count Nassau Weillbourg; to defend the Lines of Stojhofen. The Hereditary Prince of Heile Cassel returned from Donawert to the Army, though he was 16 Days yet quite recovered from the Wounds he received in the Action on the Schellenberg; and the Duke of Marlborough declared him General of the Horse. The 26th our Army made a general Forage in sight of the Enemy's Camp, without any Loss. That evening we received Advice; That the Marshal de Tallard, after he had been battering the Town of Villingen 6 days; had been obliged, upon Prince Eugene's advancing the 23d to Retire, to raise the Siege; that he marched two Leagues the same day, and was the 24th at Durlingen; And that Prince Eugene will march on the other side of the Danube to observe him. The 28th, the Duke of Marlborough reviewed the Troops of our Left Wing, which appeared in very good order; several of the Officers and Soldiers that were wounded at the Action on the Schellenberg being returned to their Regiments. The Elector of Bavaria continuing obstinately to refuse all Terms of Accommodation with the Allies, the Count de la Tour, General of the Imperial Horse, with the Count de Oofftréte, Lieutenant-General in the Service of the States-General, were sent out the 29th with a Detachment of 30 Squadrons of Horse and Dragoons to put the Country under Military Execution towards Munich, which will also be done in other Parts, to deprive the Enemy as far as we can of any means of Subsistence. The 31st we had Advice by a Defector; That the Elector of Bavaria had sent a Detachment of Horse towards Landshut; whereupon the Duke of Wirtemberg was immediately sent out with 2000 Horse and Dragoons to observe them; but we had notice soon after, that the Enemy's Detachment consisted only of 4 Squadrons, which were sent to reinforce the Garrison of Munich; Orders were then dispatched to the Duke of Wirtemberg to join with the Count de la Tour in the Execution of his Commission; which having been performed as far as Munich, whereby the Enemy will not be able to find any Subsistence on that side; those Generals rejoined the Army this evening. We are to march to-morrow towards Aicha, the Artillery and Baggage being marched that way this afternoon.

Berlin, August 9. Letters from Poland say, That the King decamped the 18th past from Sendomir, and marched towards Lemberg; and by Letters of the 28th we have an Account; That he was then at Lanzur, and would march in a day or two to join the Muscovites, who were arrived in the Neighbourhood of Jacislaw. The Senators and others who are in his Interest had published a Manifesto, declaring the new Elected King Stanislaus; and all his Adherents, Traitors and Enemies to their Country. The King of Sweden was marched with his Army to join General Reinschild, intending (as was believed) to endeavour to give the King of Poland Battle. The Czar was come in Person to the Siege of Nerwa.

Hague, August 15. N. S. The Army of the States-General, commanded by Monsieur d'Avouquerque, repassed the Meuse the 5th Instant, and is now encamped at Vellem. The Marquis d'Allegre arrived the 6th at Namur, with a Reinforcement of 12 Battalions and 1200 Horse from the French Army in Germany. General Sauffoy having repassed the Scheldt with the Army under his Command, far down before Fort Matella the 2d Instant, and took it on the 4th; the Garrison, which consisted of 200 Men, part of French, and the rest Switzers, remaining Prisoners of War; he has orders to demolish that Place. The French Forces under the Count de la Meuse lately made some Mistakes;

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