

An Earl—Eight silver balls, raised on points, with golden strawberry leaves between the points, very slightly raised.

A Marquess—Four golden strawberry leaves and four silver balls alternately, all very slightly raised, and all of equal height.

A Duke—Eight golden strawberry leaves, very slightly raised, and all of equal height.

No jewels or precious stones may adorn the coronets of Peers, nor counterfeit pearls be used instead of silver balls. The circlets of coronets of all degrees are to be chased, or engraved, with representations of jewels, except those of Barons, which are to be plain.

NOTE.

1. Decorations and Collars and Stars of Orders of Knighthood will be worn.

2. A Peer whose highest dignity is in the Peerage of Scotland or Ireland will wear robes and coronet of such dignity.

PEERESSES.

Peeresses attending will be expected to wear, if possible, Robes of State and coronets, according to their respective ranks, together with Kirtles and Coronation dress.

Those not in possession of the above, and below the degree of Countess, may wear alternative robes and dress, details of which will be available on application to the Earl Marshal's Office after January 15th.

Those not in possession of coronets, and who are below the degree of Countess, may wear alternatively Caps of State of a pattern similar to those worn inside a coronet, exact details of which will also be available after January 15th.

The Robe of State of a Peeress consists of a mantle of crimson velvet with a train, the whole edged with a band of miniver pure and having a cape also of miniver pure with rows or bars of ermine tails (or the like), as follows:—

A Baroness—The train three feet on the ground, the edging of miniver pure to be two inches, and the cape to have two rows of ermine tails.

A Viscountess—The train a yard and a quarter, the edging two inches, and two rows and a half of ermine tails.

A Countess—The train a yard and a half, the edging three inches, and three rows of ermine tails.

A Marchioness—The train a yard and three quarters, the edging four inches, and the cape to have three rows and a half of ermine tails.

A Duchess—The train two yards, the edging to be five inches in breadth, and the cape to have four rows of ermine tails.

The Coronet of a Peeress is to be similar in all respects to that of a Peer of the same degree, except in regard to its size, which is to be smaller.

The Coronation Dress worn by a Peeress under her Robe consists of a Kirtle of crimson velvet, bordered all round with a narrow edging of miniver pure, scalloped or straight in front, or gathered back in three festoons, each tied with a bow of golden tinsel, plain otherwise. The Kirtle, which may be fastened down the back or the front, opens from the waist widening gradually down to the ground. The sleeves should be about nine inches long, and each have two narrow bands of miniver pure, and a like edging which may be scalloped. White lace sleeves may be added.

The Kirtle is worn over the usual full Court Dress, without a train. The petticoat (or skirt) should be white or slightly cream coloured, with lace, embroidery, or brocade, in accordance with taste. Brocade is to be of gold or silver; no colour may be introduced into it. Feathers and veils will not be worn but a tiara should be worn, if possible.

NOTE.

1. Jewels may be worn round the neck, on the bodice, and on the petticoat.

2. Any Robes and Kirtles worn at previous Coronations may be worn.

3. The wives of Peers, and Peeresses in their own right whose highest dignity is in the Peerage of Scotland or Ireland, will wear robes of such dignity.

NORFOLK.
Earl Marshal.

*Earl Marshal's Office,
14, Belgrave Square,
London, S.W.1.
1st December, 1952.*

THE EARL MARSHAL'S DRESS REGULATIONS

(*For others than Peers and Peeresses.*)

GENTLEMEN.

Those taking part in the Procession inside Westminster Abbey will wear Full Dress Uniform (Naval, Military, Royal Air Force or Civil), or one of the forms of Court Dress as laid down in the Lord Chamberlain's Regulations for Dress at Court.

Knights Grand Cross, Knights Grand Commanders and Officers of the Orders of Knighthood, except those attending in another capacity will wear the mantles of their Orders; the Kings of Arms of the Orders will require their Crowns.

Those attending the service inside the Abbey but not taking part in the inside Procession will be dressed as follows:—

CIVILIANS. One of the forms of Court Dress as laid down in the Lord Chamberlain's Regulations for Dress at Court, or evening dress with knee breeches or trousers, or morning dress, or dark lounge suits.

OFFICERS IN THE CIVIL SERVICE. Full dress or Levee Dress coats with white knee breeches and white silk stockings or trousers, or evening dress with knee breeches or trousers.

OFFICERS IN THE FOREIGN SERVICE. Full dress or Levee Dress coats with white knee breeches or trousers, or evening dress with knee breeches or trousers, or white tropical uniform.

OFFICERS IN THE COLONIAL SERVICE. Full dress or Levee Dress coats with white knee breeches and white silk stockings or trousers, evening dress with knee breeches or trousers, or white tropical uniform.

OFFICERS IN THE SERVICES.

(a) *Naval Officers.* Blue Ceremonial Dress (No. 3 Dress—undress Coat).

(b) *Army Officers.* Full Dress Uniform or No. 1 Dress Ceremonial, or No. 1 Dress (Blues).

(c) *Royal Air Force Officers.* No. 1 (Home) Dress with sword and embellishments.

LADIES.

Evening dresses or afternoon dresses, with a light veil falling from the back of the head. (Full details will be obtainable from the Earl Marshal's Office after 15th January.)

No hats or coats may be worn but a light wrap may be worn.

Dames Grand Cross will wear the Mantles of their Orders.

Tiaras may be worn.

GENERAL NOTE.

Oriental Dress may be worn by Ladies and Gentlemen for whom it is the usual Ceremonial Costume.

Orders and Decorations to be worn in full, except with Court Dress or Evening Dress with which miniatures will be worn.

Collar Day.

No one may attend in mourning.

NORFOLK,
Earl Marshal.

Privy Council Office, 2nd December, 1952.

UNIVERSITIES OF OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE ACT, 1923.

A Statute made by the Governing Body of Trinity College, in the University of Oxford, on the 22nd November, 1952, has been submitted for the approval of Her Majesty in Council, and notice of its having been so submitted is published in accordance with the provisions of "The Universities of Oxford and Cambridge Act, 1923".