to the number of about 5006 men near the Fort of Leopoldstatt, with an intention to turpile and race it, but as

yer have not adventu ed upon any attempt.

Lagorn, July 22. A restel some days since arriving from Pripoli tells us, that a French Bark which had put out to sea from thence without leave, was brought back again, the Captain executed, all er men put to the Chain, and the Ship, and Goods considered. They farther tell us, that it is Cossais have called home most of their thips for first of the French Fleet; they have also withdrawn their forces, which were sent against the Moors, and demolished the Fort which they had raised upon the Frontiers.

The 15th instant put in here the Dutch Convoy from Smirns and Messins, which are now upon heir departure for spain and Hoiland. This week are also arrived the St. Giacomo and the Asia, French ships from Alexandria.

Here is lately an Order tent from the Great Duke, that rette Gallies be fitted up and in readiness by the 10th of August to go hence for Marseilles, to receive the Prince of Taleany on his return home.

Genoua, July 24. On Tuesday last arrived here Segnior Paolo Sorato from his Residency at Naples on the behalf of the Republick of Venice, and is passing from hence un ser the same Character for Milan.

A Buk arriving here from Baseellona informs us, that several Spanish Gallies are there waiting for the arrival of the Duke d'offuna, to transport him to finale on his way to his Covernment of Milan

The 19th inftant this States Convoy set sail with two Merchant ships for Cadis. The 22 came here to an Anchor the Dragon, an English Fregat from Cadis intending for Legorn, who met with this States Convoy off of Monuco, between whom passed several Compliments and some Xicsents, But no failures with Guns.

The last night & Gellies belonging to this place returned thither from Corfo, but had not met with any adven-

tu e considerable.

From Turin we are advised, that the Dake continues his diversions at Rivoli, but the young Prince was falzlen ill of a Feavorish distemper; and fatther, that the Town of Villa Franca was not for much improved in Trace as was expected, which they attribute in great measure to the French Kings late Grant yof a free Port to Marfeil'es.

Venice, July 27. By the way of Legorn we are told that some ships arriving there in T2 days from Alexan-Aria affirms that 24 Tu kish ships and Saichs were put to see from the place laden with Provisions and 2000 Turks for the assistance of the Visier before Candia; and that the Petiter Galies endeavouring to put into Canea, were discovered and chased by a like number of the Venetian ships, and it was believed could not escape without sighting.

They faither fay that the Grand Segnior continues at Lariffa much disturbed at, and apprehensive of the issue of theegr at I unults in Co flantinople, somented by the sustaness his Mother, whose party have already come to blows with those who continue from to his Interest, insomuch as

several persons have been killed on each side.

On Sunday last in the Evening we had Letters from Candia by the way of Otrania, which affirm to us, that the Turks employ their whole force on the side of the Bulwark st. Andra. and had made some considerable breach in the Retrenchment, which the besieged desended with much courage a and repaired by night what was beaten down by say; and that they had sprung a Mine under the Turks battery upon the ruines of the Bastion, of 150 barrels of Powder, which blew up some hundreds of the Turks, with sour of their Guns but the besieged had on the other side lost itse Noble Piero Querini, a person of great Valour and Conduct, by a Bombe, which breaking, mortally wounded another Officer, but the Captain-General who was between them, taking a view of the parties of the Enemy, escaped untoucht, but these Letters not bearing a very fresh date, tell us nothing of the landing of the Erench success.

Antwerp, August 3. The Constable of Castille still continues his Residence here, and his Guards entertained upon the Cities account during his stay, which, beginning to be sensibly considered by the People, may in time induce them to comply with the Constable in his other demands. On Munday or Tuesday next, he intends for Ghent to Settle the Contribution of Flanders, whose Lords have offered the yearly allowance of 12 thousand Rations, but his demand is yet 15 thousand.

Paris, August 10. From Swizzerland we are advised that the Cantons Assembled at Baden, have ordered the Revocation of all the free Companies of their Nation which are at present in the French service, appointing a time for them to repair to their respective Cantons, under the pain of perpetual banishment; consideration of their Estates, and a separation from the Swiss Nation. The said Cantons have desired by a particular Courier, that His Majesty would recall the Sieur Moglier from his employment as Resident in Swiss, and send some other able person with the character of Ambassador to Treat with them, having also ordered their Agent to sollicite powerfully for the payment of the Arrears of such Pentions as are due to them from France.

The same Letters farther tell us, that the Plague is broken out with much violence at Lozanne and some other parts of Swifferland, insomuch as it is thought dangerous to proceed at present in raising sorces (as was intended)

for the States of Holland.

The Venetian Ambassador has lately by an Express from Venice received news, that the Grand Visier upon notice given him of the arrival of the French succors at Candia, had by Order from the Porte, proposed terms of Peace to the Venetian-General, and particularly that the Turks should quit all that they possessed in the Island of Candia, excepting onely Canea and Retimo, with the adjoyning Counties, their appurtenances; but the Republick of Venice having declared their unwillingness to conclude or Treat without the confent of their Allies; their Ambalsador has by Order from the Republick, given His most Christian Majesty an account thereof, defiring to know his pleasure, who returned him answer to this effect ? that he had no other delign in lending his succors, then to procure a good and laiting peace, and therefore should leave it to the Republick, to make the best and most advantageous Articles they could.

By the same Express he was also told, that the Grand Segnior had sent to the Visier, for the head of the Treasurer of his Army, who was suspected to have ill managed the Moneys which passed under his hands, and that if the propositions for peace took essed, the Forces now employed in the Siege should be tent away for Constantinople to be there employed for the reducing the mutinous

Janifaries to better obe ince.

Plymouth, July 30. Yesterday sailed hence a ship of London bound for New England, and this day the Pro-vidence of London arrived from Jamaica, giving a good account of the posture of affairs in that Plantation.

through this Road about 200 fail of Light ships bound to the Northwa ds. On Thursday last a West Countrey ship laden with Coals, being by the Westwardly wind obliged to keep too close to the shoar, ran on ground and was cast away, but her men all saved.

Advertisement.

We are desired to give notice, That a Fair has been granted to the Corporation of Richmond in the County of York to be held upon the 13th of September for Beafts and sheep; the next day for other Commodities, and the 15 and 16th following for Horses; as also that on the 17th of the same Noneib, a Horse-race for a Plate of 501. is to be run within the Liberties of the said Town of Richmond, and the next day another by lower prized Horses for a Plate of 201.