

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday June 11. to Monday June 15. 1702.

Venice, June 3. N. S.

THE French Army, according to our last Advice, was still encamped along the *Mincio*, between *Gais* and *Rivaltu*, and they were endeavouring to supply the Town of *Mantua* with Provisions. The German Forces lay along the Lake of *Mantua*, from *Castello* to *Pietola*, very strongly entrenched, and preserved their Communication with the Duchy of *Mantua*, by the means of their Bridges over the *Po*. They had received considerable Succours from *Germany*, and expected to be joined very suddenly by the Regiments of *Hansberg*, *Hausingen*, and *Colloitz*. The Imperial Ambassador, and the Marquis *del Vasto*, to shew their resentment of the Pope's Partiality to the French, have left the Court of *Rome*, and are retired to *Lucca*. Letters from *Naples* of the 23d past say, the King of *Spain* made his Publick Entry into that City the 20th, and that Cardinal *Barberini* was arrived there from *Rome*, being sent by the Pope with the Character of Legate to compliment him on his Arrival in *Italy*.

Vibona, June 7. The King of the *Romans* Equipage will be sent away to morrow towards the *Lower Rhine*, and he will begin his Journey thither in few days. The Orders which the King of *Poland* is to furnish for the Emperor's Service are ordered to *Italy*. Several Imperial Regiments are marching from *Hungary* and *Bohemia* to the *Lower Rhine*.

Frankfurt, June 14. Prince *Lewis* of *Baden* continues encamped at *Langensandel*, where more Forces of the Emperor and his Allies arrive daily. Marshal *Catinat* is encamped with his Army near *Hagenau*.

From the Camp of the Allies at *Nimeghen*, June 11. The Earl of *Abingdon* received Advice yesterday, that the Duke of *Burgundy* and Marshal *Boufflers* were decamped with the French Army from *Santen*, having been joined there by several great Detachments, particularly by the Troops of the French King's Household, and by several other Regiments from *Brabant*; That he had begun his March silently about 8 in the morning without sound of Trumpet or beat of Drum, and was passing through the Plains of *Goch* seeming to encline towards the *Moskerheyde*, just by *Nimeghen*. By the several Accounts recd of this sudden March, the Enemy's Design seemed to be to get between us and *Nimeghen*, and by that means to cut off our Provisions, Ammunition, and Forage; and they being much superior to us in number both of Horse and Foot, this Town, with several others, would have been very much exposed. The Earl of *Abingdon* thereupon immediately called a Council of all the General Officers, where it was resolved unanimously to begin our March about 8 the same evening, according to the following Disposition: All the Baggage to march to *Nimeghen*, leaving the Town of *Cranenbourg* behind; The First Line to march in one Column through the Woods, which were at the head of our Camp and *Cranenbourg*, in which Woods the French by this time had posted a great Body of Foot and Dragoons; and the Second Line between the First Line and *Cranenbourg*, that Town being left on our Right. The third Body of Horse upon the Left of our March, and Marshal *Frederick Hamilton* with 3 Battalions of the French Forces, commanded by the Rt. Hon. the Lord *Grey*, was likewise detached to secure the Prince's Retreat, if there should be occasion, and to take care of the High-way of *Norgins* by which the Enemy might otherwise have easily fallen in upon us in our March, and they both rejoined us afterwards at the Entrance of the *Moskerheyde*. About break of day, the Earl of *Abingdon* made a halt, and receiving further Advices of the strength of the Enemy, it was resolved that the Horse should put themselves in order of Battel on the *Moskerheyde* to cover the march of the Foot, who at the same time were directed to keep along the rising Ground, making themselves in order of Battel from time to time, as the Generals that led them should think proper always in sight of the Horse, that they might be ready to support them in case of an Attack. In the forenoon, the Foot had gained the narrow Pass, and lined the Hedges, and the French Horse advancing in great numbers, with the Troops of the Household at their head, pressed very hard upon the Earl of

Athlone, who was at the head of our Horse. He continued however to make his Retreat in very good Order, passing through the Lanes, along which the Foot were posted in the Hedges, and keeping at the same time as good a Front as the Ground would admit of. In the mean time a considerable Body of our Horse was ordered to march to the rising Ground upon the Right, and the Troops of the French King's Household charging some of our Squadrons just as they were wheeling to execute this Order, pushed them upon our Foot, which put two or three Battalions into some Confusion; but by the good Conduct and Vigour of the General Officers who were there, it had no ill Consequence, and the Enemy was soon repulsed. On the other side there happened a violent Shock between some of the Squadrons of the French Household and some of ours, particularly some Danish Squadrons, and the Earl of *Abingdon's* Carabiniers, who distinguished themselves upon this Occasion, and the French were vigorously repulsed with considerable Loss on their side, and not without some on ours, both Parties having charged sword in hand without firing. When our Troops were got under the Cannon of *Nimeghen*, which they began to play upon the Enemy, the English Forces, which had the Honour to close the Retreat, retired likewise in very good Order, and the Troops of the French Household advancing very near them towards the latter end of the March, and disposing themselves for an Attack, the Prince of *Wirtemberg*, at the head of a Body of Horse, joined the English, and assisted them to make their Retreat. The Earl of *Athlone* omitted nothing that could be expected from a General upon such an Occasion, and all the General Officers were very active in their respective Posts, and managed the Retreat with all the Courage and Conduct as was necessary to make it so successful as it was for our Enemies own it to be as bold and well contrived a march as could be made; The English especially, both Officers and Soldiers, and particularly the Battalion of Her Majesty's Guards, shewed a great deal of Valour and Gallantry. Our whole Army was under Arms all last night, as the Enemy was likewise, and this morning a great Body of their Horse and Foot advanced towards us, as if they intended to undertake something; but we had Intelligence before noon, that they did this only to cover the March of their Army, which filed off towards *Cleves* by the way of *Cranenburgh*; Whereupon the Earl of *Athlone* immediately ordered our Horse to pass the *Waal*, and designs to march with them himself to morrow towards *Schincken-Schans*, in order to observe the Enemy, leaving the Infantry here till further Orders. We are in Expectation of a speedy and good Issue of the Siege of *Keyserwaert*, and when the Army which is now before that Place has joined us, and the rest of the Forces of Her Majesty of Great Britain and of our other Allies are come up, we shall then be in a Condition to march against the Enemy, and hope to push them in our turn.

Hague, June 20. N. S. An Express arrived here two days ago, with the News of the Surrender of *Keyserwaert*, in pursuance of the Capitulation signed the 15th Instant; the chief Articles of which are, That the Fortifications of the said Town shall be levelled to the Ground. That the Garrison should march out the 17th with their Arms, Horses, Baggage, &c. Drums beating, their Mouths lighted at both ends, with Bullets in their Mouths, and Colours flying, and should be conducted to *Venloo*. That the Garrison should be furnished with 62 Wagons, with 4 Horses each, for their Baggage and wounded Men. That such of the Besieged as are wounded, may, if they desire it, or that it be necessary, remain at *Keyserwaert*, or go to *Linn*; if the former, the Surgeons and others who look after them may remain with them, and they shall be furnished during their stay with Provisions and other Necessaries for their Money. That the Treasure of the Garrison should be conducted under a sufficient Guard to *Venloo*. That the Besieged should carry with them Two Pieces of Cannon, and as many Mortars, and should have a sufficient number of Horses allowed them for that purpose. That they should take with them as much Ammunition as would serve to make 6 Discharges of the said Cannon and Mortars, and 16 of the Soldiers small Arms, and that the rest of the Ammunition should

Should be faithfully delivered to the Commissary, whom the Besiegers should send the next day to receive the same. That the Prisoners on either side should be released without Ransom. That none of the Soldiers of either Party should be kept under colour of their being Deserters, or upon any other Pretence. That all Acts of Hostility should cease throughout the Electorate of Cologne, till the entire Evacuation of the Place. That the Burghers should be maintained in their Privileges, and in the free Exercise of the Roman Catholick Religion. That several Persons, particularly mentioned, should be conducted with the Garrison to Venlo, though they are Subjects of the Emperor or his Allies; And that the Gate near the Rhine, called the Cows-Gate, should be delivered up to the Besiegers the 16th, at 4 of the Clock in the morning.

The States have caused Notice to be given of this good Success to the Foreign Ministers residing here, and have received their Compliments upon it.

An Express is likewise come from the Earl of Athlone, with an Account, That he has taken a view of the Fort of Schencken, has posted his Horse and Six Regiments of Foot along the Rhine, and has given the necessary Orders what is to be done if the French attempt to pass that River; but that they seem to have a design of marching further up into the Country.

Marshal Boufflers is encamped near Cranenbourg, and has detached Count Tallard with 10 or 12000 Men; it is not yet known upon what Design.

The King of Prussia is expected here to morrow from Wetel. The Earl of Marlborough went the 14th to Breda, to give Orders for sending some Reinforcements from thence to the Earl of Athlone's Army, and is since returned higher. His Excellency has sent away part of his Equipage to the said Army, and intends soon to follow himself, after he has seen the King of Prussia.

The Earl of Huntingdon arrived here this Evening from Keyserwaert. The Advices from Italy come in this day by the way of Paris say, the Duke of Vendôme's Army was within a Quarter of a League of the Germans; but Prince Eugene being so advantageously posted, that it was impossible to force their Camp, the French threatened to break down their Bridge over the Po, and after having deprived them of their Communication with the Modeneze intended to send a Detachment to attack Berfello. By the same Letters we have an Account, That the King of Spain had left Naples, and was landed at Final, in order to go to Milan.

Dublin, June 6. Letters from Baltimore of the 27th past give an Account, that the *Bonades Merchant, Samuel Raynes* Master, of 150 Tuns, and 8 Guns, and but 12 Men on board, bound from Antegoa to London, is come into *Bearhaven*; that entering in *Bantree Bay*, she was set upon by a French Privateer of 10 Guns, 6 Pieces, and 50 Men, which thrice boarded her; but by the vigorous Defence made by the Merchant Ship, was disabled, and forced to sheer off, having her Foremast and Boltsprit shot by the board, 5 Men killed, and one Man taken on board the Merchant Ship, who says, they had about 15 Men more killed; the Merchant Ship had only one Man wounded, and none killed.

Her Majesty's Ship the *Deale-Castle* is come into *Kinsale* from *Norris*, with several homeward-bound Merchant Ships from the *West-Indies*.

Falmouth, June 7. Yesterday in the evening came into this Port the *Glocester* Galley, from O-Porto, bound for London, who brought the *Corunna* Mail. There is an Account, that the last Pacquet-boat that failed from hence to Spain is detained as Prize, and that the English Consuls and Merchants in that Kingdom are secured by the Spaniards; which if so, is contrary to the Treaties between the two Crowns, by which a time is allowed for them to retire in case of a War. The Letters add, that the Spaniards are very uneasy under the Government of the French, who treat them in a very Imperious manner.

Yesterday morning a small French Privateer took near the lies of *Scilly* an English Ketch, bound home from O-Porto, and the Privateer having put some Men on board her, sailed to the Westward after another Ship she saw to the Leeward; which the Inhabitants of *Scilly* perceiving, they manned out two or three Boats, and retook the Ketch, and carried her into *Mounts Bay*.

Plymouth, June 9. Yesterday Her Majesty's Ship the *Weymouth* brought in two French Privateers, one of 16, and the other of 6 Guns, and a Ship which she had recaptured, bound home from *New England*. Her Majesty's Ship the *Salisbury* brought in this day 3 French Merchant Ships, which she has taken, one of them belonging to *Martinico*.

Falmouth, June 10. Yesterday a small Vessel being chased by two French Privateers, was obliged to run to *St. Agnes*; but the Country People coming to her assistance, the Privateers left her, and she is now safely arrived in this Port.

St. James's, June 12. Baron *Stacken*, Envoy Extraordinary of the King of Denmark, had Publick Audience this day of Her Majesty, being introduced by Sir *Charles Coitrell*, Master of the Ceremonies; After which he had Publick Audience in like manner of His Royal Highness Prince George of Denmark.

St. James's, June 14. The Queen has been pleased to grant unto His Royal Highness George Prince of Denmark the Office of Constable of *Dover Castle*, and Warden of the *Cinque-Ports*.

Her Majesty has been pleased to grant Her Commission to the Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of England or the Lord Chancellor for the time being, the Lord President of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council for the time being, the Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal for the time being, the Lord Treasurer of England or the First Commisioner of the Treasury for the time being, the Lord High Admiral or the First Commisioner of the Admiralty for the time being, Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State for the time being, the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being, and the Lord Bishop of *London* for the time being; *Thomas Lord Viscount Weymouth*, *William Lord Dartmouth*, *Sir Philip Meadows Kt.* *William Blatbway*, *John Pellesfen*, *George Stepney*, *Mathew Prior*, and *Robert Cecil*, Esqs; for executing the Office of Her Majesty's Commisioners for Trade and Plantations.

Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the Hon. *John Granville* Esq; to be Lord Warden of the Stannaries, and High Steward of Her Majesty's Duchy of Cornwall, and Custos Rotulorum of the County of Cornwall.

Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the Rt. Hon. the Earl of *Carbery* Governor of *Meisford-Town*, *Charles Godfrey* Esq; Master of Her Jewel-Office; and *Thomas Smith* Esq; Her Majesty's Procurator in all Causes, Maritime, Foreign, Ecclesiastical and Civil.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Sir *John Stanley* Bar. to be Warden of Her Mine, *Isaac Newton* Esq; Master Worker, *John Edis* Esq; Comptroller, *James Hall* Esq; Chief Clerk, and *Hopton Hains* Esq; Wagoner and Tender of the Mint.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint *John Wycke* Esq; to be Her Majesty's Resident with the *Hans-Towns*.

Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint Sir *Charles Barrington* Bar. Vice Admiral of *Essex*, and *Thomas Strangeways* Esq; Vice Admiral of the County of *Dorset*.

St. James's, June 14. This day the Rev. Mr. *William Nicholson*, Archdeacon of *Carlisle*, was Consecrated Bishop of that Diocese in the Chapel of *Lambeth*, by his Grace the Lord Archbishop of *Canterbury*; the Rt. Rev. the Lords Bishops of *London*, *Norwich*, *Glocester*, and *Bangor*.

Her Majesty by Her Order in Council having been pleased to direct, That the Embargo shall be taken off from all Ships and Vessels bound on Foreign Voyages; His Royal Highness Prince George of Denmark, Lord High Admiral of England and Ireland, &c. does strictly charge and require all Officers belonging to Her Majesty's Ships, that they do not Impress any Men out of Ships or Vessels that shall be outward bound; And that if they do meet with and Impress any such Men on Shoar, they forthwith discharge them again, provided it shall appear to them they actually belong to such Ships and Vessels, and that they are employed upon their necessary Occasions:

The Trustees for exchanging Exchequer Bills do hereby give Notice to the respective Subscribers to the Eighth Contract, or Agreement for circulating Exchequer Bills, that on Wednesday next, the 17th Instant, they will pay to the said Subscribers, or such as shall be lawfully deputed by them, the Premium or Allowance of 3 l. per Cent. due to them respectively on the said Contract; And such of the said Subscribers who have not Transferred their 5 l. per Cent. deposited on the said Contract, may then receive the same; And Receipts will then be delivered out to the Subscribers for their Deposit on the Ninth Contract, dated the first of this Instant June.

The Court of Directors of the English Company Trading to the East-Indies give Notice, That the Transfer-Bills of the said Company will be shut from the 23d Instant to the 25th of July next, in order to make out Warrants for the Quarter of a Year's Annuity and Interest due at Midsummer-day next, and also for Transferring the 40 per Cent. to the Trustees, in order to be Transferred to the Old Company; and the Books for making the said Transfer will be ready on the 30th Instant.

The Commissioners for Taking, Rating, and Determining the Debt due to the Army, &c. having examined the Accounts of the Officers of the several Regiments following, do hereby give Notice thereof, to the end that all Persons who have any legal Claims on the said Accounts, may lay the same before the said Commissioners, on or before the 1st of July next, at their Office in the Piazza, *Queen's Garden* Troop of *Scots-Guards*; *Lloyd's*, and *Harvey's* (late *Liverpool's*) *Dragoons*; *Earl of Orkney's*, and *Farrington's* *Foot*; *Norton's*; (formerly *Hill's*) *Independent Company* in the *Leeward Islands*.

In the Savoy. 1702.