

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday May 25. to Thursday May 28. 1702.

Westminster, May 25.

THE Queen came this day to the House of Peers, attended with the usual Solemnity, and being in Her Royal Robes seated on the Throne, the Commons were sent for up by Sir David Mitchell, Gentleman-Usher of the Black Rod, and attending Her Majesty accordingly; Her Majesty was pleased to give the Royal Assent to

An Act for preventing Frauds in the Duties upon Salt, and for the better Payment of Debentures at the Custom-house.

An Act to Declare the Alterations in the Oath appointed to be taken by the Act, Entituled, An Act for the further Security of His Majesty's Person, and the succession of the Crown in the Protestant Line, and for Extinguishing the Hope of the pretended Pretended Prince of Wales, and all other Pretenders, and their open and secret Abettors; and for declaring the Association to be determined.

An Act for continuing the present Sheriffs in England and Wales until the First Day of Hillary Term next, unless Her Majesty shall think fit to determine them sooner.

An Act for Importing into England Thrown Silk of the Growth of Sicily from the Port of Leghorn in Italy.

An Act for raising the Militia for the Year One thousand seven hundred and two, notwithstanding the Months Pay formerly advanced be not repaid.

An Act for continuing the Imprisonment of Counter and others, for the Horrid Conspiracy to Assassinate the Person of his late Sacred Majesty King William the Third.

An Act for Relief of poor Prisoners for Debt.

An Act to oblige the Jews to maintain and provide for their Protestant Children.

An Act for Relief of the Masters of Hoys and other Vessels, carrying Corn and other Inland Provisions within the Port of London.

An Act for the Importation of Fine Italian Thrown Silk.

An Act for making more effectual the Provision out of the Forfeited Estates in Ireland, for the building of Churches, and Augmenting small Vicarages in Ireland.

An Act for Relief of the Protestant Purchasers of the Forfeited Estates in Ireland.

And to 43 Private Acts.

After which, Her Majesty made a Most Gracious Speech to both Houses, which follows:

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I cannot conclude this Session without repeating my hearty Thanks to you all, for your great Care of the Publick, and the many Marks you have given of your Duty and Affection to me.

And I must thank you, Gentlemen of the House of Commons, in particular, both for the Supplies you have given to support me in this necessary War, and the Provisions you have made for the Debts contracted in the former: Your great Justice in making good those Deficiencies will be a lasting Honour and Credit to the Nation: I wish the Difficulties, they have brought upon us, may be a Warning to prevent such Inconveniences for the future.

I must recommend to you all, in your several Countries, the Preservation of the publick Peace, and a due Execution of the Laws.

I shall always Wish, That no Difference of Opinion, among those that are Equally Affected to My Service, may be the Occasion of Heats and Animosities among themselves. I had be very Careful to preserve and maintain the Act of Union, and to set the Minds of all My People at Quiet; My Own Principles must always keep me intirely Firm to the Interests and Religion of the Church of England, and will incline me to Commendance those who have the truest Zeal to Support it.

And afterwards the Lord Keeper (by Her Majesty's Command) Prorogued the Parliament till Tuesday the 26 of July next.

St. James's, May 26. The following Address from the Town of Monmouth was presented to Her Majesty by John Morgan Esq; their Representative in Parliament.

To the Queen's most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Bayliffs, Clergy, Gentry; Common-Council, Burgeses; and the rest of the Inhabitants of the Town of Monmouth.

Dead Sovereign,

That we so late Condole with Your Sacred Majesty the Death of the best and bravest of Mortals (the most illustrious Monarch, our late Sovereign William the Third; of most glorious and ever Blessed Memory) we hope will be graciously imputed to the true Cause of our Delay, namely, That we in particular (as well as Europe in general) wanted Words to express our Concern for so Universal a Loss. In truth, we seemed like dead Men; nor could any thing revive us, and bring us out of our Lettingick Condition, but the News of Your Majesties happy Accession to the Throne of your Royal Ancestors: For which great and unspeakable Blessing (in the midst of so many late severe Straaks of Divine Wrath and Anger) we heartily bless, and praise and adore the Divine Providence that exalted you to this high Station, and humbly crave Leave to Congratulate Your Majesty upon this Occasion.

We should be the most ungrateful People on the Earth, if we should not publickly own and acknowledge our Obligations to Your Majesty, your Princely Zeal for the Advancement of Gods Glory, for the Reformation of Manners, the Suppression of Vice, Prophaneness, and Immorality; Your great Care for the Security of the Protestant Religion abroad, and the Church of England (as by Law established) at home; That Church, which Your Majesty was early made a Member of, whose Doctrine you imbib'd in your Infancy, and have ever since adorn'd by a most pious and exemplary Conversation, whose Sons and Daughters you are become a Nursing Mother to, and whose Faith God hath rais'd you to be (under him) the Defender of, That very Catholick and Apostolick Faith which your Great, and Good, and Just Grandfather (the Royal Martyr) defended with his Pen, and at last seal'd the Truth of it with his Blood: That Faith, which we have great Reason to hope, Your Majesty, and your Great and Wise Council (in Parliament assembled) have secured to us, and our Posterities after us, mangre all the Malice of Hell, the Fraud and sophistry of Rome, and the united Power of France and Spain.

Your most Gracious Assurances (since your Coronation) have likewise transported us, we are filled with Rapture and Extaste, our Mouths with grateful Hymns and Songs, our Hearts with Duty and Thankfulness, our Eyes with Tears of Joy. In short, we pray that God would prosper you in all your Righteous Undertakings; That he would bless you (and your great Council) with a numerous Offspring to Rule and Reign long over us, that you may be as happy in your Subjects as they are in Your Majesty; That God would be pleas'd to make you the Glorious Instrument to reduce the Exorbitant Power of France, to pull the Spoil out of the Jews, or else break the Jaw-bones of the Common Oppressor. We owe (blest'd Queen!) our Lives and Fortunes to Your Majesty, which shall soon be sacrific'd (against the Hungry Monarch of France, and the two Nephew Kings of his own, not Gods making) whatsoever Your Majesty shall Command our Assistance in Defence of Your Person, our Country, and Religion.

These are the Prayers, and shall be the most zealous Endeavours of those, who are resolv'd to live and die, Your Majesties most dutiful and obedient Subjects and Servants.

Which Address Her Majesty received very graciously.

Madrid, May 4. N. S. The Queen of Spain parted from Barcelona the 17th of the last Month, and arrived the 25th at Saragossa, where she was present the next day in the Assembly of the States of the Kingdom of Aragon; And she is shortly expected here. The Marquis of Leganez is upon his departure from hence to Milan. The Heer Schonenberg, Envoy of the States-General, is gone from hence to Lisbon, intending to return home that way. According to our last Accounts from Vera-Cruz, the Spanish Flota was not yet in a readiness to sail homeward, which proves a very great Prejudice to the Merchants of this Kingdom. The Almirante of Castile will be going in few days on his Embassy to France.

Milan, April 29. An Express came hither last week from Naples with the News of the King of Spain's arrival there, and the Prince of Vaudemont, our Governor, has sent General Colmenero to Compliment him upon that occasion. A Review has been lately taken of the Spanish Forces, which are to be employed in securing the Frontiers of this Country and the Cremonese, while the Duke of Vendosme with the French Forces is attempting the Relief of Mantua. The French have been very pressing with the Duke of Savoy to send his Troops to join their Army, but find him full of Delays, and we hear he does not intend to send above 5000 Men to their Assistance, which falls short of what the French Court expected from him, and gives them great Dissatisfaction.

Venice, May 8. A Regiment of Foot marched from hence this week to Verona. Monsieur Du Hamel, General of the Forces of this State, intends to be going thither in few days. The Chevalier de Fourbin, who commands the 6 French Frigats that are cruising in the Adriatick, came hither lately to wait upon the Cardinal d'Estrees and the French and Spanish Ambassadors, and is since returned on board. The Senate have made Complaints to that Cardinal, of the Attempt made by those Frigats to land some Men in the Island of Chiosta, with intent to destroy a quantity of Hay which a private Person had laid up there in order to send it to the Imperial Army; But the Cardinal pretended he knew nothing of it, and only answered, That he would write about it to the French Court; And the Senate have ordered, that a Garison of 800 Men be put into the Castle of Chiosta, and that it be sufficiently provided with Artillery for the Security of that Island. Letters from Rome give an Account, that the Marquis de Louville was come hither, with a Letter to the Pope from the King of Spain, giving an account of his Arrival at Naples; and it being hinted to the Pope, that he had some thoughts of coming to Rome, a Congregation of Cardinals was appointed to settle the Ceremonial to be observed upon that occasion when it happens, who gave their Opinion, That the Pope is to send two Prelates to Compliment that King, whereas he pretends, that a Legate à Latere should be sent to him; and the Affair of the Investiture nor being yet settled, this Dispute is looked upon at the Court of Rome as a lucky Incident that may prevent that Prince's Journey thither; And it is said, he has altered his Resolution, and intends to go directly by Sea from Naples to Final or Savona, and to proceed from thence to Milan.

From St. Mary's, one of the Isles of Scilly, May 22. Capt. Moore, Commander of Her Majesty's Ship the *Mary* Galley, took yesterday morning a French Merchant Ship from St. Martin's laden with Salt, and some Brandy; she is about 200 Tuns burden, and carries 10 Guns, but during the late War was made use of as a Privateer, and carried 20 Guns.

Plymouth, May 22. Her Majesty's Ship the *Chester* is come in here to clean, and has brought with her a French Prize of about 150 Tuns laden with Salt, and bound to Newfoundland, which was taken by Her Majesty's Ship the *Linea*, Captain Letchmore Commander.

Portsmouth, May 24. Several Troops of Colonel Lloyd's Regiment of Dragoons arrived here lately, and were immediately ship'd off for the Isle of Wights.

St. James's, May 26. The Queen and his Royal Highness Prince George of Denmark went this day from hence to Windsor.

Monsieur Dyckvelt, one of the Ambassadors Extraordinary sent by the States-General of the United Provinces to make their Compliments to Her Majesty, died this evening of a Lethargick Distemper.

Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the

Rt. Hon. Montagu Venables Earl of Abingdon to be Constable of Her Majesty's Tower of London; And Lieutenant-General Churchill to be Lieutenant of the same.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Edmund Maine Esq; to be Governor of Berwick upon Tweed, and of Holy Island.

There are Three Mails wanting from Holland.

The Rt. Hon. Sidney Lord Godolphin, Lord High Treasurer of England, is pleased to give Notice, That he hath directed the Trustees for Circulating Exchequer Bills to lay open New Rolls on Monday the First Day of June next, at their Office near the Exchequer, for taking Subscriptions (from Persons of sufficient Abilities) for Circulating Exchequer Bills, for any Sum not exceeding 500000 l. at a Premium of 3 l. per Cent. for the Sums by them respectively Subscribed; Each Subscriber to deposit 5 l. per Cent. at the time of Subscription, to remain in the Office till the determination of the Contract.

On Wednesday, the 20th Instant, Tristram Savage was, at the Sessions-house in the Old-Baily, indicted for a Misdemeanour, for Publishing a most Scandalous, False, and Malicious Libel, reflecting on divers Members of the late Parliament, (intituled, A List of several Members of the late Parliament met together at the Vine Tavern in Long-Acre, and commonly called, The Black List) and being found guilty of the same, was Fined 20 Marks, to remain in Prison till he pay the same, to stand 3 times in the Pillory, viz. at Temple-Bar, Cheapside, and the Royal Exchange, and the Libel to be burnt before him by the Common Hangman at each place.

Advertisements.

☞ The Lives of all the Princes of Orange; from William the Great, Founder of the Commonwealth of the United Provinces. Written in French by the Baron Menric, Ambassador from the French King to the States-General. To which is added, The Life of His late Majesty King William the Third; By Mr. Thomas Brown. Together with all the Princes Heads taken from Original Draughts. The 2d Edition. Printed for Tho. Bennet at the Half-Moon in St. Paul's Church-yard.

☞ This day is Published, The Glorious Memory of a Faithful Prince by a Thematist's Sermon; in a Sermon from Acts 13. v. 36. preached upon the most lamented Death of King William III. the next Sunday after his Royal Funeral, to the High German Prussian Congregation in the Savoy. Dedicated in its Native Language to the King of Prussia; and at the Request of the said Auditory, Translated into English by the Author, J. J. Caesar, Chaplain to His Prussian Majesty. Printed for H. Mortlock at the Phoenix in St. Paul's Church-yard.

☞ The new Method of Fortification, as Practised by Monsieur de Vauban, Engineer-General of France. To which is added, A Treatise of Military Orders, and the whole Art of Gunnery; Throwing of Bombs, Balls, &c. By W. Alingham, Master of the Mathematical School in Chancery-Lane, Westminster. Illustrated with 32 Copper Plates. Printed for W. Freeman at the Bible over-against the Middle-Temple Gate in Fleet-street. Price 6 s.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt against Nicholas Rust, late of London, Merchant, intend to meet on Friday the 12th of June next at 3 in the Afternoon, at the Irish Chamber in Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; and all Creditors concerned are then and there to come prepared to prove their Debts and pay their Contribution-Money, or they'll be excluded the said Dividend.

STolen or stray'd the 24th Instant from Wanworth in Surrey, a black Mare about 15 hands high, full aged, Saddle-gall'd, the Farcy upon the near fore Leg, a Blemish in the near Eye, Trots all; and a Chestnut Nag, bald-faced, two white Legs behind, about 13 hands and half high, about 7 years old, all his Paces. Whoever secures them, and gives notice to Edward Mees of Wanworth aforesaid, shall have 10 s. Reward for each, and reasonable Charges.

LOst from Wolverton in Bucks, a lean bay Gelding about 14 hands high, full aged, Trace-galled, a large Bunch or Navel-Gall on his Back, and all his Paces. Whoever secures him, and gives notice at the Golden-Cup in Ruffel-Street, Covent-Garden, London, or at the 3 Swans in Stony-Stratford in Bucks, shall have a Guinea Reward, and Charges.

LOst out of a Field the 3d Instant, from Mr. Geo. Pearse of Maidstone in Kent, a bright-bay Mare about 14 hands high, 16 or 17 years old, a Bunch behind her off Ear, a Blaze down her Face, a cut Mane and Tail, and all her Paces. Whoever secures her, and gives notice to the said Mr. Pearse, or ever secures her, and gives notice to the said Mr. Pearse, or to Mr. Martlew at the Star Inn on New Fishstreet-hill, London, shall have a Guinea Reward, and reasonable Charges.

STolen or strayed in April last from High Meadow (near Mouth) in Gloucestershire, a bay Mare about 15 hands, with a Star and Snip, one white Foot behind, a Switch Tail fixed on the back Sinews; a bay Nag about 14 hands, with a Star, and all his Paces; and a Sandy-grey Mare-Colt, 3 years old, with a Star, and a long Tail. Whoever gives notice of them at High Meadow aforesaid, or to Mr. John Singleton, Woollen Draper, in Gloucester, shall have a Guinea for each on delivery, and reasonable Charges.