

The first of these was the Declaration of Independence, which was adopted on July 4, 1776. This document declared the colonies' independence from Great Britain and established the United States as a new nation. The second was the Constitution, which was adopted in 1787 and established the framework for the federal government. The third was the Bill of Rights, which was adopted in 1791 and guaranteed the rights of the citizens.

The fourth was the Louisiana Purchase, which was completed in 1803. This purchase doubled the size of the United States and opened up new lands for settlement. The fifth was the War of 1812, which was fought between the United States and Great Britain. This war established the United States as a major power and led to the adoption of the Monroe Doctrine in 1823.

The sixth was the Mexican-American War, which was fought between the United States and Mexico from 1846 to 1848. This war resulted in the United States gaining control of California, New Mexico, and Arizona. The seventh was the Civil War, which was fought between the Union and the Confederacy from 1861 to 1865. This war ended slavery and established the United States as a single nation.

The eighth was the Spanish-American War, which was fought between the United States and Spain in 1898. This war resulted in the United States gaining control of Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Philippines. The ninth was the World War, which was fought between the United States and the Axis powers from 1914 to 1918. This war established the United States as a superpower and led to the adoption of the League of Nations in 1919.