STATEMENT showing the QUANTITIES SOLD and AVERAGE PRICE of BRITISH CORN per Hundredweight of 112 Imperial Pounds* as received from the Inspectors of Corn Returns in the week ended 26th July, 1941, pursuant to the Corn Returns Act, 1882, and the Corn Sales Act, 1921:—

]	British	Corn.		Quantities Sold.	Average Price per Cwt.			
WHEAT BARLEY OATS	•••	•••	•••	•••	 Cwt. 9,073 7,904 6,362	s. d. 14 8 23 6 15 3			

* Section 8 of the Corn Returns Act, 1882, as amended by Section 2 of the Corn Sales Act, 1921, provides that, in the weekly summary of quantities and prices, each sort of British corn shall be computed with reference to the hundredweight of one hundred and twelve imperial standard

Note.—The prices in the statement above are based on returns received from Inspectors during the week ending 26th July, 1941, and represent on the whole the average prices ruling in the week ending 19th July, 1941.

> A. T. A. DOBSON, Principal Assistant Secretary.

Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, Hotel Majestic, St. Annes, Lytham St. Annes, Lancashire.

DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS, 1894 TO 1937, AND AGRICULTURE ACT, 1937 (PART IV), GREAT BRITAIN. MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES.

RETURN No. 13/1941. OUTBREAKS OF SCHEDULED (NOTIFIABLE) DISEASES WHICH HAVE BEEN CONFIRMED BY THE MINISTRY during the period 1st to 15th JULY, 1941.

Summary of Returns of outbreaks of certain scheduled (notifiable) diseases which have been confirmed by the Ministry during the period 1st to 15th July, 1941.

•	Ant	Anthrax.		Foot-and-Mouth Disease.		Parasitic Mange.§		Swine Fever.	
Period.	Outbreaks confirmed.	Animals attacked,	Outbreaks confirmed.	A n i m a l s slaughtered as diseased or exposed to infection.	Outbreaks confirmed.	Animals attacked.	Outbreaks confirmed.	Outbreaks confirmed.	Swine slaughtered.
Period 1st to 15th July, 1941 Corresponding	15 29	9* 18 30 33	<u>2</u> 	72 — —		7† 2 —	3 2 4 1	29 221 149 36	16 167 138 32
Total 1st Jan. to 15th July, 1941 Corresponding	296	325 336 521 566	257 19 44 155	26,511 2,853 5,652 19,940	10 15 31 42	39 29 70 70	137 117 156 104	824 2,332 1,200 336	390 1,573 832 248

Note.—The figures for the current year are approximate only.

* One of these animals refers to an outbreak confirmed prior to 1st July, 1941.

† These animals refer to an outbreak confirmed prior to 1st July, 1941. § Excluding outbreaks in Army Horses.

Note.—The following diseases were eradicated from Great Britain in the years indicated: Cattle plague or rinder-pest (pestis bovina), 1877; pleuro-pneumonia (peripneumonia contagiosa bovum), 1898; sheep pox (variola ovium), 1850; rabies, 1922; epizootic lymphangitis (lymphangitis epizootica), 1906; and glanders (including farcy) (malleus), 1928. Dourine (exanthema coitale paralyticum) has never existed in Great Britain.

No case of Fowl Pest (pestis avium) has been confirmed in Great Britain since the 11th January, 1937, the date as from which the disease was first notifiable. So far as is known, however, Fowl Pest has not existed in Great Britain since 1933.

TUBERCULOSIS ORDER OF 1938.

Notices of Intended Slaughter have been issued by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries under the Tuberculosis Order of 1938 during the period 1st to 15th July, 1941, in respect of 525 bovine animals.

Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, 29th July, 1941.