DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS, 1894 TO 1937, AND AGRICULTURE ACT, 1937 (PART IV), GREAT BRITAIN. MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES.

RETURN No. 2/1941. OUTBREAKS OF SCHEDULED (NOTIFIABLE) DISEASES WHICH HAVE BEEN CONFIRMED BY THE MINISTRY during

the period 16th to 31st JANUARY, 1941.

Summary of Returns of outbreaks of certain scheduled (notifiable) diseases which have been confirmed by the Ministry during the period 16th to 31st January, 1941.

							<u> </u>	•			
Period.		Anthrax,		Foot-and-Mouth Disease.		Parasitic Mange.§		Sheep Scab.	Swine Fever.		
		Outbreaks confirmed.	Animals attacked.	Outbreaks confirmed.	Animals slaughtered as diseased or exposed to infection.	Outbreaks confirmed.	Animals attacked.	Outbreaks confirmed.	Outbreaks confirmed.	Swine slaughtered.	
Period 16th to 31 Corresponding period in	st January, 1940 1939 1938		27 34 55 38	29* 42 58 40	29 I II 43	3,900 66 1,635 5,341	r r 7	4 3 12 10	23 13 61 22	110 152 64 22	68 77 45
Total 1st to 31st Corresponding period in	January, 1940 1940 1939 1938		52 55 92 89	55 64 97 91	51 5 22 75	5,43 <sup>I</sup> 624 3,53 <sup>I</sup> 9,98 <sup>I</sup>	1 5 8 16	4 9 13 20	45 36 83 52	250 342 106 38	111 184 72 23

Note.—The figures for the current year are approximate only.

§ Excluding outbreaks in Army Horses.

Note.—The following diseases were eradicated from Great Britain in the years indicated:—Cattle plague or rinder-pest (pestis bovina), 1877; pleuro-pneumonia (peripneumonia contagiosa bovum), 1898; sheep pox (variola ovium), 1850; rabies, 1922; epizootic lymphangitis (lymphangitis epizootica), 1906; and glanders (including farcy) (malleus), 1928. Dourine (exanthema coitale paralyticum) has never existed in Great Britain.

No case of Fowl Pest (pestis avium) has been confirmed in Great Britain since the 11th January, 1937, the date as from which the disease was first notifiable. So far as is known, however, Fowl

Pest has not existed in Great Britain since 1933.

## TUBERCULOSIS (ATTESTED HERDS) SCHEMES.

The number of Attested Herds, i.e., herds officially certified as free from Tuberculosis as at 31st January, 1941, was as follows:—

England.	Wales.	SCOTLAND.	TOTAL	(GREAT BRITAIN).
3,830	9,283	3,218		16,331

## TUBERCULOSIS ORDER OF 1938.

Notices of Intended Slaughter have been issued by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries under the Tuberculosis Order of 1938 during the period 16th to 31st January, 1941, in respect of 520 bovine animals.

Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, 18th February, 1941.

STATEMENT showing the QUANTITIES SOLD and AVERAGE PRICE of BRITISH CORN per Hundredweight of 112 Imperial Pounds\*, as received from the Inspectors of Corn Returns in the week ended the 15th February, 1941, pursuant to the Corn Returns Act, 1882, and the Corn Sales Act, 1921:—

	British Corn.				Quantities Sold.	Average Price per Cwt.		
WHEAT BARLEY OATS	•••	•••	•••	•••	 Cwt. 152,671 282,994 56,759	s. d. 14 8 20 10 15 5		

<sup>\*</sup> Section 8 of the Corn Returns Act, 1882, as amended by Section 2 of the Corn Sales Act, 1921, provides that, in the weekly summary of quantities and prices, each sort of British Corn shall be computed with reference to the hundredweight of one hundred and twelve imperial standard pounds.

Note.—The prices in the statement above are based on returns received from Inspectors during the week ending 15th February, 1941, and represent on the whole the average prices ruling in the week ending 8th February, 1941.

C. NATHAN, Principal Assistant Secretary.

Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, Hotel Majestic, St. Annes, Lytham St. Annes, Lancs.

<sup>\* 2</sup> of these animals refer to an outbreak confirmed prior to 16th January, 1941.