## The London Gazette.

## published by Authority.

From Thursday, March 4. to Monday, March 8. 1668.

Dublin, Feb. 27.

Rom the Northern parts of this Kingdom we are informed that divers of the Tories are there got together, and have of late committed several insolencies in plundering and burning houses in Tyrone, and had for some time seised upon the Sherist of the County whom they have since released, but a speedy order will be taken for their suppression.

Pendennis, Mart, 1. Here are now in Harborlabout 40 fail of thips outwardsbound, most of them for the Ports of France, among it themone ship of London bound for the East-Indies.

Plymonth, Mart. 2. Here is lately arrived one ship of London from Legorne, another of this place from Cadis, as also the Concord of this place, which putting out this last week to sea, was by the springing of a leak, forced to put back again to repair.

Legora, Feb. 11. The 6th instant arrived here the Ruth, Mary and Phenix-Pink in 11 days from Algiers, the latter being bound hither from Lisbonne with Sugars, had sallen into the hands of three Algerines who carried her into Algier and there detained a part of her fraught; at their departure thence, they discovered about 5 or 6 Fregars within 15 Leagues of Algier entring into the Port, which they concluded since to be the squadron under the Command of Sir Thomas Allen, of whose fatther negotiation with them we have hitherto little account; the 6th instant arrived the Valentine laden with Herrings and Lead, and yesterday the John and Mary with the like lading, whose Captain informs us that we are like to continue a good understanding with Algiers.

The Dutch Convoy for Smirna may depart by the 15th instant.

Yesterday sailed hence the Genoua Merchant, and Albemarle for Smirna, and in few days may be followed by the Victors and Guine Fregats.

Victory and Guiny Fregats.

Legorn, Feb. 22. This day arrived a Ketch from Sr.

Thomas Allen in ten dayes from Algier, where she lest
him intending thence for Cadis, having confirmed the articles of Peace with them. with some addition of which we
may suddenly exp & the particulars.

Warfaw, Feb. 20. [ he feveral preparatory Diets throughoutthis Kingdom are most of them ended with distatisfaction and particularly, in that of great Poland, divers of the Members went away in a discontent, infomuch that 'tis believed there will be a necessity of deterring the election for a longer time. The Provinces of Sendomir and Crasovy are much incline i to favour the pretentions of the Prince of Lorrain, and the Grand Chancellour and the Archbishop of Guefne, the Primate of this Kingdom appear as much concerned for the Duke of Mieubourg, but a confiderable number of the people feem little to approve of the election of any forei, n Prince, desiring rather either to savour the interest of some person of their own Country, or to be governed by the States as a Republick. The Prince Ragotsky begins to grow popular, and by his Creatures to infinuate into the minds of the Generality, leveral advantages this Kingdome may receive by his promotion to t'e Crown.

From Lythuania we are informed, that General Patz commands the Army there, and endeavors to maintain a good correspondency with the Muscovites, but that the Jesser Nobility seems not at all satisfied with his proceedings; the Nobility and Gentry are resolved to put themselves into the Field, and to appear in Arms for the desence of the

States, and the priviledges and freedom of their Election, to which they are the more inclinable, upon information that the Turk and Tartars are drawing towards *Ukrania*, and threaten to en'er into this Kingdom.

Our last Letters from Muscovy speak nothing of the confirmation of the death of the Great Duke as was sometime sin.e reported, so that this rumour is generally concluded to have been ill sounded.

Vienna. Feb. 23. The Nobility and principal persons of the Kingdom of Hungary having had several conserences with His Imperial Majesty and his Ministers for the better settlement of the affairs of that Kingdom, a Perition has been lately delivered to the Emperour in order thereunto, wherein is required,

First, that the Emperour would please to appoint a General Diet to consider of the present state of the affairs of that

Secondly, that he would please to make choice of some person of eminent Vertue and Quality to be their Palatine, to supply that long vacancy, by whose care and abilities, all Private misunderstandings and disputes amongst themselves might be peaceably composed and ended, and the Kingdomseled in such a posture as to secure them against the attempts of the Turks, from whose present actions they cannot with any reason conclude their inclinations to preserve the peace between both Empires.

Thirdly, that the Emperour would be pleased to communicate with them such agreements in relation to that Kingdom as have been made with the Turkish Port without the privity and consent of the Hungarian Nobility.

Fourthly, that he would be pleased to grant and indulge to them a free and undisturbed exercise of their Religion according to the practice and constitutions of their Law and Kingdom, and that such of their Temples and Foundations as were by the piety and bounty of several of their Princes given to them in Upper Hungary, but since by some undue practices extorted from them, may be again restored, without which they cannot reasonably expect a good issue from any of their National Conventions.

From Presbourgh we have intelligence that some sew dayes since a party of the Turks made an incursion into Moravia, with an intention by the suddenness of their march, to have surprized and seized into their hands the person of the Prince de Lichtenstein, who was then at his Castle of Felsbourg, but having timely information given him of their approach, he consulted his own security and retired to a place of greater safety.

Venice, March 2. About the end of the last month strived Letters from Candia, confirming to us the truth of the successful Sally made by the besieged upon the Turks, who though they made a flout relistance for some time, were confirained with the loss of a great number of their people to quit their posts: in this days service were no prisorers taken on either fide, so that we are left only to guess at the numbers which were killed and wounded on the Enemies side, only by some Renegadoes which were since that Action brought into Town, we learn that there is a great sad-ness in the Turkish Camp, occasioned by the extraordinary loss of their best soldiers and many Officers of note : of the befreged were killed that day about 100 perfons and many wounded, amongst others who in that days service gave eminent proofs of their conduct and courage, a Nephew to the General the Marquis Villa, who there commanded the Popes Regiment, was unfortunately flain by a Cannon shot.

They farther inform us that the Turks have lately recei-

ved an addition of thee or four thousand men, but are in daily expectation of a larger affiftance f r the carrying on of that Siege, to which the Visier is strongly pressed by the Grand Segnior, who being grown impatient of the length of it, has by his late Letters in much pathon branded the. Vifi.r with the name of Coward and Ignorant, who with sil the strength of the Ottoman Empire, and the expence of so much Blood and I reasure, has not been able in two years time to prevail against a fingle Town : which has w ought in him a great apprehension lest this or some other ill success may provoke the Sultan to requi e his head: which is not a little encreased upon the late arrival of some Turks in his Camp, who affure him, that both at Constantinople and other parts of their Dominions, the people were ready to fall into tumults and ditorder, every where inveighing against him as the cau e of all the evils which have befallen them upon this war, and that the Saltana having some designs for the advancame t of her Brother, had no kind intentions to his person.

The same Letters father advise us, that the Captain of our Fleetusesell his endeavors by scouring those Seas to hinder the passage of any assistance or supplies that are designed to the Enemies Army; and that some of his ships with the assistance of two Christian Privateers, had lately taken off Canea; Saighs laden with Provision and Ammunition, making in for that Port; in the resistance they made, above 60 Turks with their Captain, a Renegado of Calabria were killed, and 54 others taken prisoners and put to the Chain, but the Provisions ordered to be sent into Candia.

They also assure us, that the City of Candia is well surnished with all things necessary for the detence of the place, and the soldiers full of courage and impatient, for so ther action, and 'twas believed, the General would in few days permit them to make some farther attempt upon the enemy.

The Lunenburg forces begin now to repair hisher from the Countrey of Herona, the number of them being above 2000 men, all of them expert foldiers and in good discipline, and a Convoy is with all diligence preparing for their remsportation for Candia, with some other Companies which lie ready for the same employment, and a considerable supply of all sorts of provisions,

Hague, Mart. 12. The Sieur Hessing, Envoye from the Bishop of Munster, has made his complaints to the States in the name of his Master, of the too great liberty which has been taken in publishing reports, that the Bishop was raising forces, of which he affirms the contrary; affuring the states of his firm resolution to continue a good Neighborhood and correspondency according to the Articles, made between him and these States.

This day the States of Holland are again, to be assembled, where something will be resolved as to our sear-affairs, and and what Fleet will be needful to put to sea this following Summer; and in order thereunto, the Deputies som the several Admiralties are here giving their attendance.

Paris, Mart. 17. To morrow is to be folemnized the Baptifun of the young Duke of Anjou in the Chappel belonging to the Pallace of the Thuilleties, where the Duke d' Orleansis to give the name on the behalf of His Imperial Majesty and the Little Madam to supply for the Q. of Spain.

His Majesty has given out his Orders for the dispatching of several Commissions, having intention to fill up the old Regiments of Foot by adding six Companies to each Regiment, of 50 in each Company, towards the which are to be taken in the soldiers of the other Companies, who are to be reduced from 80 to 50 also in each.

He intends also in little time to take a general review of his forces in the Plain of Conflans near Fontoise.

The Duke de Roannez is lately arrived at Roan, and may to morrow be expected at the Court.

From Swiffe we are informed that the Cantons are preparing for a General Assembly, wherein they intend to fall upon the consideration of the proposals made to them by the Spanish Ministers, offering to them Salines with its Revenues in lieu of their protection and placing Garrisons or the desence of Frace he Comte, From Madrid we are by Letters of the 24th past, confirmed in the report of the indisposition of His Cettolick Majesty, who 'tis also hoped is upon the recovery; and that the Count de Miranda, Ambailador in that Court f om the Crown of Portugal has lately obtained from the Queen Regent the full ratification of the peace lately made between these two Crowns, with the Prince Don Pegro Regent of Portugal.

We have also advice that Don Juan being again retired upon notice of an Order for his seisure, the Commander of the party of Horse who had it in charge, is since cashiered for

not executing it.

Weymouth, March 3. On the last of February about two leagues to the Weitward of Portland was cast away the Mousehant, being an Hoy of London, laden with Pitch on her return from Bayonne, most of her lading preserved, and only one of her men drowned.

Yarmouth, March 3. On Monday last, sailed hence 23. vessels of this place to be employed in fishing on the Northern seas; the same day arrived a vessel of this place with Wines from Bourdeaux, one French vessel with Salt from Rothel, and this day another ship of this place with Salt from Gadis.

Whitehall, March 7. The 4th instant his Excellency the Heer Boreel, Ambassador from the States-Generall of the United Provinces, took his solemn leave of their Majesties, and is preparing for his return homewards.

## Advertisements.

He Officers of the Receipt of His Majesties Exchanger having paid the 1128th Order Registred on the Ast for 1250000 i. shall go on to the payment of the ensuing Orders on that Ast, as the remaine of that Tax, and the remain of the first Moneth of the Eleven Moneths Taxe shall be brought in.

Also the said Officers are now come to the payment of the 262 Order in number and course Registred on the 16th for the Eleven moneths Taxe, and shall proceed on to the payment of the subsequent Orders as the mones

Shall come in

The faid Officers also hereby give notice, that the Orders on the last mentioned Act from the number 234 to the said number 262, inclusive being not yet paid, the persons concerned, are desired to bring their Orders into the Exchequer, and receive their Money, which is reserved in Bank for them.

Has Majesty having been informed in Council, that Sir William Ballantine, a Scots Gentleman, being under banishment from Scotland for divers Crimes there committed, did about the 26th of Ferbruary last, make his escape from one of the Messengers of His Majesties Chamber to whose custody he was committed, upon accusation sworn against him for matters of an high nature committed here in England since his coming into this Kingdome, was pleased on the 3. of March last to order and command all Sherists, Justices of the Peace, Majors, Baylists, Constables and all other his Officers and Subjects what soever, to seize, apprehend and secure the said Sir william Ballantine, and to give immediate notice thereof to one of his Majesties Principal Secretaries of State, whereof we are desired to sive notice. As also

give notice. As also,
That the said Sir William Ballantine is about the
age of Five and thirty years, of tall Stature, slender
Body, lean and long-Faced, with a large Nose,
gray Eyes, the hair of his Head and Beard of a
slaxen colour, wearing commonly a slaxen Periwig.