

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday Sept. 29. to Monday Octob. 3. 1698.

Lisbon, Aug. 26. N. S.

**W**E have received Advice from the Frontier of *Estramadara*, that the Castle of *Estramos* was accidentally set on fire the 16th of this Month, and the Flames reaching to the Powder Magazine, it blew up, and did considerable Damage to that Fortrefs. They write from *O-Porto*, that a Ship belonging to our Brazile Fleet came in there the 20th Instant, and that the rest of the Fleet were not far behind; There comes in their Company a Portuguese Ship from the *East-Indies*, which joined them in the Bay of *All-Saints*.

*Cadiz*, Sept. 7. The Squadron of French Men of War, which arrived here some time ago under the Command of the Count *d'Estrees*, have since been joined by others from *Rochfort*, and continue all in this Port, being now 16 Sail. 'Tis given out, that they are to pass the Winter here, and that it is in order thereunto that the Count *d'Estrees* has desired two Magazines may be allowed him at Port *St. Maria* to lay up his Stores. One of these Ships which had been out to cruize on the Coast of *Sally*, and came in again this week, brings an Account, That when she was there, none of the *Sally* Men of War were abroad, being all returned home from cruizing. The Flota from the *West-Indies*, which was to call at the *Havana*, and bring home the Effects saved out of the Admiral of the Galeons, which was lost on a Sand near that Port, is not expected here before the next Month; Advice being come by some Merchant-men lately arrived from the *West-Indies*, which passed by the *Havana* in the Month of *June* last, that they had not then reached that Place. On the first Instant came in here two Dutch Men of War with a Fleet of Merchant Ships under their Convoy, as did likewise the *Siam* from *England* bound for *Legborne*, and the *Norley* Frigate for *Malaga*; And another Dutch Man of War is since put into this Port with three Merchant Ships from *Rotterdam*. Some Men of War are fitting out here, in order to give Chace to the Algerine Ships which are cruizing without the *Streights* Mouth. We have Advice from *Centa*, that the Moors continue the Siege of that Place with a great deal of Obstinacy, though hitherto with little Success. The Garrison being reinforced by considerable Supplies, sent them from this Place, *Bancona* and *Carthagens* have made several Sallies, and wholly ruined the Enemy's Works, and made a new one without the Town, which they pallisaded and fortify'd notwithstanding the frequent Attacks of the Moors, who used their utmost Endeavours to hinder them; The Spaniards do very much annoy the Enemy from this new Post, having placed a Battery there, which fires into the Enemy's Camp with very good Success.

*Vienna*, Sept. 19. Signior *Londano* being appointed by the Senate to succeed Signior *Ruzzini*, their Ambassador at *Vienna*, who is to be one of their Plenipotentiaries for Treating the Peace with the Turks; he set out from hence last Sun-

day for *Germany*, and Signior *Molinos*, who is join'd in Commission with Signior *Ruzzini*, will follow him in a few days, in order to go with his Colleague to the Place of Treaty. The Convoy that is preparing here for the *Levant*, will be ready to sail in a day or two. By Letters from our Fleet in the *Archipelago* we have the following Account; That on the first of *August* Captain-General *Mocenigo* having received Advice, that the Turkish Fleet was come out of the *Dardanelis*, failed to meet them, and it was expected they would have Engaged the same day, but before they came near enough the night drew on, and the Turks return'd to their former Station, and the Venetians anchored near the *Streights* Mouth. On the 2d, the Turks came out again, and appeared near the Island of *Tenedos*; the two Fleets were greatest part of that day in fight, endeavouring to get the Wind of each other, and towards evening anchored again, where they continued till the 7th, (the day these Letters came away,) when the Turks were under sail, but it could not be judged with what Design; and our Fleet was preparing to sail likewise. These Letters add, that they had an Account, that the Grand Signior's Orders to *Mexcemorto*, the Admiral of the Ottoman Fleet, at his first putting to Sea, were, That he should, with all the Diligence he could, find out the Venetian Fleet and fight them, but that these Orders were soon after countermanded, and others sent him, That he should only observe and amuse our Fleet, and avoid coming to an Engagement. Our Advices from *Constantinople* say, the People there are very desirous of a Peace, which they believe to be in such a forwardness, that they speak of it as if 'twas already concluded. They write from *Dalmatia*, that a Body of Turks under the Bassa of *Bosnia* continue on that Frontier, and keep our Troops together to observe them. The Seraskier of *Negropont* having assembled some Forces, attempted to fall into the *Morca*, but was repulsed by the Venetian Forces posted in those Parts. Our Letters from *Rome* of the 13th Instant say, the French Galleys, commanded by the Bailly *de Noailles*, were returned to *Civita Vecchia* in their way home.

*Dantzick*, Sept. 23. N.S. Our last Letters from *Lemberg* bring an Account, That the King of *Poland* having received Advice, that the Tartars are drawn together near *Cominic*, to the number of above 40000 Men, and make frequent Excursions on our Frontiers, held a Council of War, where it was resolved to march against the Enemy. Accordingly Orders were sent to the King's German Forces commanded by the Duke of *Wirctemberg*, who has under him General *Rufer*, General *Trautmanisworf*, and General *Balkowitz*, to march towards *Cominic*; and the Crown General, who assisted at this Council of War, returned immediately to *Monastierick*, in order to march from thence with the Forces under his Command to join them. And on the 11th, the King himself, accompanied by Prince *Alexander*, the Great Chancellor, and other Officers of the Crown, and divers other Persons of Quality, went from *Lemberg* to the Army.

*Halmeath, Sept. 26.* This day came in here the *Academy* from the *Barbadoes*, which brings an Account, That the Honourable *Ralph Grey Esq;* Governor of that Island, arrived there the 27th of July, with His Majesty's Ships the *Soldadoes* and *Essexwell*.

*Whitehall, Oct. 2.* This Evening came in the Post from *Holland* of *Tuesday last*, by which we have an Account, That His Majesty left *Loe* on *Tuesday* the 20th of *September*, and arrived that night at *Linghen*, his own Town, about 70 miles from *Loe*. The next day His Majesty came to *Brackhausen*, a Seat of the *Duke of Cell's* about the same distance from *Linghen*, being received at *Baieren* on the *Duke's* Frontiers by *Monfieur Schurz*, one of his Privy-Council, and his Envoy Extraordinary to His Majesty, and *Mellieurs de l'Écrite* and *Hansstein* Gentlemen of his Bed-Chamber, who are all three particularly appointed to wait on His Majesty during his stay in these Parts; *Monfieur de Buleau*, the Grand Marshal, attending likewise on His Majesty, to provide and defray all things necessary for His Majesty's Court. The *Baron de Plattenberg*, Dean of the Chapter of *Munster*, and Brother to the *Bishop*, was sent to Receive and Compliment His Majesty at his arrival at the *Bishop's* Frontiers. The like Compliment having been made by the *Baron de Swartz* General of the *Bishop's* Forces, before His Majesty came to *Baieren*; and besides the *Dutch Troops* which were posted as far as the *Duke's* Frontiers at several Stages, to attend His Majesty in his Journey with Relays of Horses; the *Bishop* likewise posted Guards and Relays through his whole Country; and from *Baieren* His Majesty was attended by the Guards of *Hanouer* and *Cell*, both Horse and Foot. On *Thursday* the 22d His Majesty went about 70 miles further from *Brackhausen* to *Ebitort*, another Seat of the *Duke of Cell's*, who came thither with part of his Court, and received His Majesty with the greatest Marks of Respect and Affection; and accompanied His Majesty the next day to the *Gour*, another Hunting-House, where His Majesty arrived about Noon, being welcomed at the Coach fire by the *Duchess of Cell*, and the Ladies of her Court, who conducted His Majesty to his Apartment. The *Dukes of Holftein Ploen* and *Mecklenbourg Swerin* came to wait upon His Majesty; and the *Electör of Hainauer* was expected in 2 or 3 days at the *Gour*, where the whole Court was entertained by the *Duke of Cell* in a very splendid manner.

The Letters from *Vienna* of the 24th of *September* say, That the *Emperor's* Plenipotentiaries for the Treaty of Peace with the *Turks* had sent away their Baggage, and would thence follow in 3 or 4 days for *Hungary*, with the Ambassadors of *Venice* and *Muscovy*; and the *Turks* were building near *Salakemen* a Place for the Congress. The *King of Poland's* Minister was already arrived at *Buda*. The *Imperial Army* was encamped near *Berzkurk*; The *Turks* near *Belgrade*, and the latter were making a Bridge over the *Save*. They write from *Poland*, that the Forces of that *Crown* were marching towards *Caminiec*.

The Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are hereby pleas'd to give Notice, That the Malt-Tickets and Benefits contain'd in the first Thirty Payments by Lot, are now in course of Payment, and will be paid to the Bearer upon Demand at the Office near His Majesty's Exchequer; The Interest of each Payment ceasing at the time of the first Notice given at the said Office, pursuant to the Act of Parliament in that behalf.

The Court of Trustees for the General Society emittald to the Advantages given by an Act of Parliament, for Advancing a Sum not exceeding Two Millions for the Service of the Crown of England, do hereby give Notice, That a General Court of all the Members of the said General Society, having each 500 l. Stock in his own Name and Right, will be held at *Mercers-Hall* on *Thursday* next the 6th Instant, at 11 before Noon.

The Court of Directors of the Bank of England, do hereby give Notice to all Persons who are possess'd of Bank-Notes at 6 per Cent. Interest dated on or before the last day of *May*, 1697. That they do bring in such Notes, and receive their Money on or at any time before the 15th day of *December* next, or else exchange them for Bank sealed Bills at 2 Pence a Day Interest, payable at demand: For that after the said 15th of *December*, Interest is to cease on the said Bank-Notes.

These are to give Notice, That the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury have been pleas'd to declare, That One Years Pension ending

at *Lat. Day*, 1697. (being for the Year 1695.) shall be paid to the Pensioners belonging to the *Choir* at *Chatham*; and that the said Pay shall begin on *Tuesday* the 29th of *November* next.

The Master, Wardens, and Assistants of *Trinity-house*, at their late Survey of the Channel, having found, that that of the *Spits* is become very shoaly, and otherwise dangerous from the many Wrecks therein; and instead thereof, Recommend to all Masters and Pilots of Ships the Use of the Channel call'd the *Buxey*, lying about Two Miles to the Westward of the Place where the *Buxy* of the *Spits* last lay, being more than a Quarter of a Mile broad, and Nine Feet deep at Low-Water. And for a Direction through the said Channel, the Buoy of the *Spits* is removed thither, and laid on the side next the *Swin* in Two Fathom, and a Red Buoy is plac'd upon the West-end of the *Gunflcet*, on the *Waller-side*, in Ten Foot at Low-Water. The said Two Buoys lie North-North-West and South-South-East, distant from each other about Half a Mile.

His Majesty hath been graciously pleas'd to grant Letters Patents to the late Sufferers by Fire at *Langcaster*, for a Collection towards their Relief, of which all Ministers and Church-Wardens are hereby dispos'd to take Notice, and pursue the Tenor thereof accordingly.

Advertisements.

There having been several Robberies lately committed by the same Knot of Highway-men, whereof Three are in *Aylesbury-Gaol*, and Three in *Newgate*; to wit, One about 10 weeks since in the midway betwixt *Barnet* and *St. Albans*, where 4 Foot-pads robbed 4 Horse-men, (whereof one was thought to be a *Miller*;) and took from them 5 *Guinea's*, some *Silver*, a *Leather Portmanteau*, in which was two Parcels of *Linnen Cloth*, and a Parcel of *Writings*, also 2 or 3 *Coats*, some *Cravats*, *Handkerchiefs* and other *Linnen*, and then bound them in a *Field* and rode away with their Horses, which they turned up again nigh *Highgate*. Also Two other Robberies by *Tyburn*; the first about 5 months since, where they robbed a *Man* and a *Woman* riding upon the same Horse, supposed *Market-people* returning home from *London*; and the other about 2 months since, committed upon a single *Man* upon a white Horse, which Persons were robbed and let go; as *William Lewis*, who acknowledges himself to have been in all the said Robberies, (now a Prisoner in *Newgate*;) hath confessed. It is desired of, and recommended to, the several Persons who were so robbed, to prosecute the said Offenders for their said Offences; and if they please, they may see and speak with the said *William Lewis*, from whom they may have a more particular and certain Account of the said Robberies.

There being an ancient Fair belonging to the Manor and Town of *Haleworth*, in the County of *Suffolk*, held yearly upon the Feast of *St. Luke*, being the 18th of *October*; There are to give notice, That upon the 18th of *October* next, and so yearly upon every 18th of *October* for ever hereafter, there will be a *Bullock-Fair* held there in the usual place, which will be plentifully furnish'd with all manner of *Grazing Cattel*, both *English* and *Scotch*, and *Pasture* will be provided at reasonable Rates.

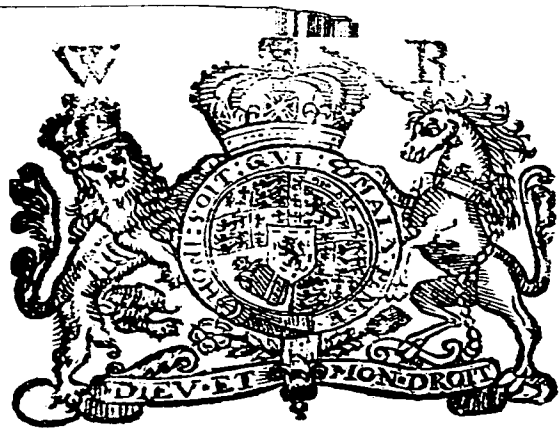
The Estate of *George Erkins Esq;* being 700 l. per Annum in Lands and Houses in *Gravefend*, *Milton*, and the Towns adjacent, will be sold by Auction on *Thursday* and *Friday* next, the 6th and 7th Instant, at the *Town-hall* in *Gravefend*: By *Edward Millington*. Particulars of the Estate may be had of *Mr. Sillers* in *Rocheffer*, *Mr. Wilson* in *Canterbury*, *Mr. Newland* in *Stratford*, *Mr. Colleton* in *Maidstone*, *Mr. Miller* in *Parminster*; and to be seen in most *Coffee-houses* in *London* and *Westminster*. All that design to be Buyers, are desired to view the Land and Houses before the Sale.

A House, with very good *Barns*, *Stables*, *Our-houses*, *Pasture*, *Arable* and *Meadow-Grounds* thereto belonging, of the Yearly Value of 150 l. lying in *Pinnar*, being all *Copyhold* held of the Manor of *Harrow* in *Middlesex*, are now to be sold. Enquire of *Mr. Nicholas Baker* in *St. Lawrence-Lane* in *London*, or of *Mr. John Street* in *Pinnar*.

RUN away from his Master on the 16th past, *Samuel Ely*, aged about 14, with lank black short Hair, pretty well faced, wearing a red-coloured Cloth Coat without a Lining. Whoever gives notice of him to *Mr. Robert Loveday*, *Tinner*, next to *Sore-fer-houie* in the Strand, *London*, or to *Mr. William Dod* at *Kidlington* near *Oxford*, shall have 20 s. Reward, and Charges.

*Thomas Norton*, who about 24 years since died in the East-India; if any of his Kinred will apply themselves to *Mr. Mansford* at *Mr. Hornell's* Bell-yard by *Temple-bar*; and if they may be inheritors of some Estate belonging to the Deceased.

On some time from *St. Dunstons* *Wingfield* of *Richmond*, now in *London*, a young *Child* about 10 years of age, well aped, somewhat like *St. Dunstons*, a *Red* *Child*, with a *Clad* of a *Stone*. And a *Young* *Child* about 12 years of age, well aped, a *Scar* on his *Forehead*, and a *Scar* on his *Wings*; with a *Green* *Saddle*, both *Children* of *Richmond*. Who if any of their Kinred will apply themselves to *Mr. Mansford* at *Mr. Hornell's* Bell-yard by *Temple-bar*; and if they may be inheritors of some Estate belonging to the Deceased.



# By the Lords Justices, A P R O C L A M A T I O N,

For Putting in Execution the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, for the Preventing the Exportation of Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Woollen Yarn, Morthings, Shorlings, Wooll-Flocks, Fullers Earth, Fulling Clay, and Tobacco-Pipe Clay out of this Kingdom.

Tho. Cantuar. Sommers C. Dorsett, Romney, Cha. Montague.



Whereas many Good Laws have been made for Preventing the Transportation of Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Morthings, Shorlings, Woollen Yarn, Wooll-Flocks, Fullers Earth and Fulling Clay out of the Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or any the Isles, Ports, Creeks or Places thereof, into the Kingdom of Scotland, or other Parts beyond the Seas, under the Penalties of Forfeiting Three Shillings for every Pound Weight of the Commodity so Exported, and of Forfeiting such Wooll, or other Commodities, and the Horses, Cattel, Carriages, Ship and Vessel, Employed in the Carrying the same, and Treble the Value of the Wooll, or other the said Commodities, in Case such Wooll or other Commodity exceed Ten Pounds in Value, otherwise the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be Recovered of the Inhabitants of the respective Hundreds next Adjoyning to the said Kingdom of Scotland, or to the Sea Coast out of or through which any Wooll, or any other of the Commodities aforesaid, shall be Carried or Exported, by such Person as will Sue for the same, and of Three Years Imprisonment without Bail or Mainprize, upon any Person or Persons who shall be Aiding, Abetting or Assisting the Carrying or Transporting any such Wooll, or other the Commodities aforesaid, and under several other Penalties and Forfeitures in the said Laws and Statutes contained. And whereas for the Incouragement of such Persons who shall make Discovery of any the said Offences, several Rewards are Appointed by the said Acts (viz.) the Treble Value of the Wooll, and other the said Commodities Transported, in Case the same be of greater Value than Ten Pounds, and the Sum of Twenty Pounds in Case the said Wooll, so Transported, be under the Value of Ten Pounds; which Penalties are by the said Laws to be Recovered of the Inhabitants of the respective Hundreds aforesaid, for the sole Use and Benefit of such Person as will Sue for the same, together with Treble Costs of Suit. And for the further Incouragement of Persons to Discover the said Offences, It is by the said Laws Provided, That the First Three Persons who have been Aiding, Abetting or Assisting in Carrying out or Exportation of Wooll, or any other the Commodities aforesaid, that shall Inform thereof any Justice of the

Peace in either of the several Counties next Adjoyning to the Kingdom of Scotland, or to the Sea Coast, whereby the Punishment and Penalties thereby Appointed, may be Indicted and Recovered, the Party or Parties so Discovering, not being Owner or Part Owners of the said Wooll, or other Commodities aforesaid, shall not suffer any of the said Penalties or Punishments. And whereas by an Act made the Last Session of Parliament, Intituled, An Act for the Explanation and better Execution of former Acts made against Transportation of Wooll, Fullers Earth and Scouring Clay, 'Tis amongst other things Enacted, That after the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand six hundred ninety and eight, no Fullers Earth or Scouring Clay shall be Exported out of this Kingdom, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, into Ireland, Scotland, or into any other Foreign Parts upon any Pretence whatsoever, upon Penalty of Forfeiting One Shilling for every Pound Weight so Exported: And that all Owners of Wooll Shorn or Laid up within Ten Miles of the Sea side, within the Counties of Kent and Suffex, shall give an Exact Account in Writing, within Three Days after the Shearing thereof, of the Number of Fleeces, and where Lodged or Houled to the next Adjoyning Port, or Officer of his Majesties Customs, and the like Notice before they shall Remove any Part thereof, of the said Number of Fleeces and Weight, and the Name and Rhoad of the Vessel to whom it is Disposed, and the Place to which it is intended to be Carried, and to take a Certificate from the Officer who first Entred the same, upon the Penalty of Forfeiting all the Wooll as shall not be so Entred, or otherwise disposed of; The Owner also to be Liable to the Penalty of Three Shillings for every Pound Weight of all such Wooll, as if the same had been actually Transported; And that no Persons Reliding within fifteen Miles of the Sea in the said Counties of Kent and Suffex, shall Buy any Wooll before they Enter into Bond to the Kings Majesty with Sureties, That such Wooll shall not be Sold by them to any Person within fifteen Miles of the Sea; And in Case any Wooll be found Carrying towards the Sea side in the said Counties, unless such Wooll be first Entred and Security given, the same shall be Forfeited, and the Person or Persons Offending therein, shall also Forfeit Three Shillings for every Pound Weight of all such Wooll. And it is thereupon further Enacted, That no Wooll Removed from the Place where it was first Houled or Lodged after Shearing, within Ten Miles of the Sea, shall be Lodged after the first Removing within fifteen Miles of the Sea in the said Counties, upon Pain of Forfeiting all such Wooll, if found, but if Carried away, then the Owners of the said Wooll to Forfeit, for every Pound Weight, the Sum of Three Shillings; And that all Persons that shall Lay, or Cause to be Laid or Hid, any Wooll, within fifteen Miles of the Sea, and not Entred, as aforesaid, all such Wooll shall be Seized and Forfeited. And whereas for the better Incouragement of Persons who shall Discover and Prosecute such Offenders, one Third Part of the said Forfeitures and Penalties is by the said Act given to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Two Parts to the Use of such Persons as shall Seize or Sue for the same. And whereas for the better Preventing the Carrying of Wooll out of this Kingdom into Scotland, It is thereby Enacted, That after the said Twenty fourth day of June, every Owner of Wooll Shorn, Laid up, or Lodged within fifteen Miles of the Borders of Scotland, shall give an exact Account of his, her or their Number of Fleeces, and where Lodged or Houled, to such Persons as shall be Appointed for that purpose, pursuant to the Direction of an Act of Parliament made in the first Year of his present Majesty and the late Queen, Intituled, An Act for the better Preventing the Exportation of Wooll, and Incouraging the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom; and in case any Owner of such Wooll shall Neglect or Refuse to give such Account, or shall after such Notice given, Remove such Wooll, or any part of it, without Licence from the Person who shall have made such Entry, shall Forfeit Three Shillings for every Pound Weight of such Wooll; and the Wooll that shall be found within the Distance aforesaid of the Borders of Scotland, not Entred, as aforesaid, is thereby Enacted to be Forfeited, One Third Part to his Majesty, the other Two Parts to him or them who shall Sue for the same. Notwithstanding which good Laws, many Persons evilly Disposed to the Welfare of this Kingdom, have presumed, and do daily presume, in defiance of his Majesties Government and the Laws aforesaid, not only Claudefteinely, but by open Force and Violence, with Armed Companies of Men, to Convey and Transport the Commodities aforesaid, into Scotland and Parts beyond the Seas, and also to Rescue the same out of the Hands and Possession of the Officers of his Majesties Customs, and others Acting in their Aid, when by Virtue of his Majesties Authority the said Commodities have been Seized; and in Riotous and Tumultuous manner have Beaten and Wounded the said Officers, and those Acting in their Assistance. We therefore taking the same into our Serious Consideration, and duly weighing the evil Consequence thereof to the Woollen Manufacture of this Kingdom; and to the end that all Persons may be informed of the several Laws aforesaid, and of the severe Penalties and Forfeitures thereby inflicted upon such as shall be Guilty of Transporting of Wooll, or other the Commodities aforesaid, and of the several Rewards and Incouragements thereby Prescribed for Prevention of the same, and that all his Majesties Loving Subjects may be Informed also of the several Rewards and Incouragements given by the said Laws to such as shall make Discovery of the said Offences, and effectually Prosecute the Offenders for the same, have thought fit, by the Advice of his Majesties most Honourable Privy Council, to Issue this Proclamation: And We do hereby, in pursuance of the aforesaid Laws, strictly Charge, Prohibit and Command, That no manner of Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Woollen Yarn, Morthings, Shorlings, Wooll-Flocks, Fullers Earth, Scouring Clay, or Tobacco-Pipe Clay, shall be at any time or times hereafter, by any Person or Persons whatsoever, either Natural Born Subjects, Denizens, or Strangers, Exported, Transported, Sent or Conveyed out of this Kingdom or the Dominions aforesaid, or any the Isles, Ports, Creeks or Places thereof, into the Kingdom of Scotland, or any Parts beyond the Seas; And that all the Laws and Statutes now in Force against the Exportation of the said Commodities, be in every Particular punctually Observed and kept, upon Pain of the severest Penalties, which by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm may be Indicted upon the Offenders themselves, their Aiders, Procurers, Abettors, or Favourers. And We do hereby Declare, That We will cause to be effectually put in Execution the Laws and Statutes aforesaid, and that the Penalties thereby Accruing shall be exacted as by Law they may. And We do hereby Declare, That all Assistance and Incouragement shall be Given by the Commissioners of his Majesties Customs, and others his Majesties Officers, in the Recovery of such Rewards as are Given by the said Laws to such Persons who shall Discover and Sue for the same. And We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all his Majesties Officers of the Customs, and others, who shall be any ways Employed or Intrusted in the Discovering and Prosecuting the said Offences, That they do use their utmost Diligence in the Discharge of their said Trust, under the Pain of Incurring his Majesties high Displeasure. And We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all his Majesties Officers and Ministers to be Aiding and Assisting to the Officers of the Customs, and others duly Authorized to put in Execution the said Laws, and all others Acting in their Aid.

Given at Whitehall, the Twenty ninth Day of September, 1698. In the Tenth Year of His Majesties Reign.

## God save the King.

London, Printed by Charles Bill, and the Executors of Thomas Newcomb, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1698.