

the High Contracting Parties to the said Convention, in respect of what territories they are respectively parties and to what extent they have availed themselves of the provisions of the Additional Protocol to the said Convention:

And whereas since the date of the Carriage by Air (Parties to Convention) Order, 1933 (S.R. & O. 1933, No. 543), certain additional States have ratified, or acceded to, the said Convention, and it is, therefore, expedient that the said Order of 1933 should be superseded by a more comprehensive Order:

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. It is hereby certified that the High Contracting Parties to the said Convention and the territories in respect of which they are respectively parties are as specified in Part I of the Schedule to this Order, and that the only High Contracting Party who has availed himself of the provisions of the Additional Protocol to the said Convention is the High Contracting Party specified in Part II of the said Schedule, who has availed himself of those provisions to the extent specified in the said Part.

2. The Carriage by Air (Parties to Convention) Order, 1933, is hereby revoked.

3. This Order may be cited as the Carriage by Air (Parties to Convention) Order, 1934.

E. C. E. Leadbitter.

SCHEDULE.

PART I.

1. The High Contracting Parties to the Convention and the dates on which the Convention came or will come into force in regard to their respective territories are as follows:—

The President of the United States of America on the 29th October, 1934.

The President of the United States of Brazil on the 13th February, 1933.

The President of the French Republic on the 13th February, 1933.

The President of the German Reich on the 29th December, 1933.

His Majesty, the King of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the seas, Emperor of India, on the 15th May, 1933.

His Majesty, the King of Italy on the 15th May, 1933.

The President of the Latvian Republic on the 13th February, 1933.

His Serene Highness the Prince of Liechtenstein on the 7th August, 1934.

The President of the United States of Mexico on the 15th May, 1933.

Her Majesty, the Queen of the Netherlands on the 29th September, 1933.

The President of the Polish Republic on the 13th February, 1933.

His Majesty, the King of Roumania on the 13th February, 1933.

The Central Executive Committee of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on the 18th November, 1934.

The President of the Spanish Republic on the 13th February, 1933.

The President of the Swiss Confederation on the 7th August, 1934.

His Majesty, the King of Yugoslavia on the 13th February, 1933.

2. The territories in respect of which His Majesty, the King of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the seas, Emperor of India, is a party to the Convention are the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

Each of the other High Contracting Parties above mentioned is a party to the Convention in respect of all territories (including colonies, protectorates and territories under mandate) subject to his sovereignty or authority and any territory under his suzerainty.

PART II.

The President of the United States of America has availed himself of the provisions of the Additional Protocol to the said Convention by declaring at the time of accession that the first part of Article 2 of the Convention will not be applied to international transport controlled by the United States of America or to international transport in the territories which are under the jurisdiction of the Government of the United States of America.

At the Council Chamber, *Whitehall*, the 14th day of *November*, 1934.

By the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

PRESENT,

Lord President.

Secretary Sir John Gilmour.

Secretary Sir Godfrey Collins.

WHEREAS by Section 2 of the Pharmacy Act, 1868, it is enacted that the several Articles named or described in the Schedule (A) to that Act shall be deemed Poisons within the meaning of that Act, and that the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain may, from time to time, by Resolution, declare that any Article in such Resolution named ought to be deemed a Poison within the meaning of that Act, and that thereupon the said Society shall submit the same for the approval of the Privy Council; and that if such approval shall be given, then such Resolution and approval shall be advertised in the London Gazette; and, on the expiration of one month from such advertisement, the Article named in such Resolution shall be deemed to be a Poison within the meaning of that Act:

And whereas by Section 1 of the Poisons and Pharmacy Act, 1908, it is enacted that Schedule (A) to the Pharmacy Act, 1868, be repealed, and the Schedule to the Poisons and Pharmacy Act, 1908, substituted therefor, and that the said last-named Schedule may be amended by adding thereto or removing therefrom any Article in the manner provided by Section 2 of the Pharmacy Act, 1868:

And whereas the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain did on the 7th day of November, 1934, by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in them by the Pharmacy Act, 1868, as amended by the Poisons and Pharmacy Act, 1908, resolve and declare as follows:—

“That by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain, the said Council doth hereby resolve and declare that