

Whitehall, August 19. 1697.

This Morning came in the Mail from Holland of
Friday last.

Published by Authority.

Warsaw, August 9. N. S.

THE new King will continue his Residence at Lobsou, near Cracow, till his Coronation, for which Preparations are making. The Crown of Sweden has declared for him; and the Envoy of the Czar of Moscow went hence yesterday to Compliment him, and to offer him his Master's Assistance. The Provincial Dyets have begun to meet, and some of them are already broke up without coming to any Resolution.

Vienna, Aug. 10. The last Letters from the Imperial Army in Hungary are dated the 3d of this month; they were then encamped in the same place mentioned in former Letters, about 3 Leagues from Peter-Waradin. Part of the Turkish Army are arrived at Belgrade; and the Sultan and Grand Visier were expected there the 5th or 6th of this Month with the rest of the Forces; in the mean time they were making Bridges over the Danube and Save; and the Ottoman Fleet was come to Belgrade, consisting of 10 Gallies, 30 small Frigats, and 60 Saicks. The Rebels in Hungary being quite dispersed, and one Tockay, the Chief of them, taken and Executed (having been delivered up by some of his own Party) the Prince de Vaudemont is marching back with the Forces under his Command to join the Emperor's Main Army.

Frankfort, Aug. 13. Prince Lewis of Baden passed the River Neckar yesterday at Ladenburg, with greatest part of the Confederate Army, and encamped at Lampertheim; and from thence intends to march to Mentz, and pass the Rhine there, as he did the last year; having left the Margrave of Bareith with the rest of the Forces, being mostly the Troops of Franconia and Suabia, to cover the Country on that side; whereas for that purpose have posted themselves at Wislocke. The German Parties have within these few days taken about 150 Prisoners. The French Army was by our last advice still encamped near Strasbourg on this side the Rhine. On the 15th Instant Prince Lewis of Baden caused 3 Salvoes to be made of all the Artillery in the Confederate Camp for the Elector of Saxony's Election to the Crown of Poland.

Hamburgh, Aug. 20. We have an account from Dresden, that a very Magnificent Equipage, viz. a great number of Gold Horses and Mules, a very rich Coach, &c. have been sent to the King of Poland, which are to be at Cracow against his Coronation; He has appointed Prince Egon of Wurtemberg to be Chief Governor of the Country of Saxony, during his absence; and at the same time has put out a Declaration, to give the People there new Assurances of his Resolution to preserve and maintain them in all their Civil and Religious Rights and Privileges.

Paris, Aug. 19. The Circumstances they tell here, concerning the Surrender of Barcelona, are; That from the 2d to the 5th Instant the French continued to work at their Mines; they cut off the Communication between the Garrison and the Spanish Forces without the Town; and received a Reinforcement of 1000 Men from Rouillon, and as many from Languedoc. The 5th the Marquis de Barbesieux, Lieutenant-General, who

commanded the Guard of the Trenches, desired to speak with some of the Spanish General Officers, and Don Pimentel coming out, he told him all things were ready for a General Assault, and they agreed on a Truce for 24 hours; during which the Governor of Barcelona sent Don Pimentel to the Viceroy, to acquaint him with the Condition of the Place; Hostages were given on both sides; The Counts de Montenero and Poitiers went into the Town, and two Spanish Colonels came into the French Camp; Don Pimentel being returned from the Viceroy, after some time, the Capitulation was agreed on, and signed; and on the 10th one of the Gates was delivered up to the French; and on the 15th the Garisons of Barcelona and the Fort of Montjouy were to march out, with all the Marks of Honour, taking with them 30 Picces of Cannon, and 6 Mortars, and each Soldier to have Powder for 30 Days charges; They were to be Conducted to Tarragona; and a suspension of Arms in Catalonia is agreed on till the 5th of the next month. The French King has made the Count de Coigny, Lieutenant-General, Governor of Barcelona. They continue to say here that Monsieur Pointy is shortly expected home from the West-Indies. Two Couriers arrived this week from Poland, but the News they bring is kept secret; and every Body believes the Prince of Conti's Affairs in that Kingdom are in no good Condition; However they still talk of his going thither.

Brussels, Aug. 21. The Armies continue in the same Camps; There has fallen a great deal of Rain within these few days, which has made the ways so bad, that 'twill be difficult for their heavy Baggage to march.

Hague, Aug. 23. N. S. The King continues at Loo; where Monsieur Ruland, Adjutant General to the Elector of Saxony, arrived two days ago, to notify to His Majesty his Master's being Elected King of Poland. Monsieur Berensau, Lieutenant-General of the Elector of Cologne's Forces, is likewise come thither to Compliment His Majesty from the said Elector. There was yesterday morning an extraordinary Meeting at Ryswicke of all the Ambassadors of the Allies, who conferred with those of France by the usual method of the Mediator, which lasted till two a Clock in the Afternoon; and this morning there was a particular Conference between the Imperial, Spanish and Dutch Ambassadors on one side, and the French on the other, the with the assistance of the Mediator. Monsieur Boreel, first Ambassador of the States, died here on Wednesday last of the Gout and Stone. The Czar of Moscow is expected at Amsterdam this Evening, where great Preparations are made for his Reception. The Centurion arrived at Helvoetsluys on Wednesday last, with the Ships under her Convoy from England.

WHEREAS there was a wicked Design contrived and carried on by several Persons, in order to Counterfeit the Exchequer Bills, the same was timely discovered and prevented; and the Persons concerned therein are Apprehended, and ordered to be Prosecuted.

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