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Cadiz, June 11. N. S.

THE Ships of the Flota, which returned lately from the *West-Indies*, are now unloading; altho' the Indulgo is not yet adjusted; 'Tis said, the Persons concerned intend to send Deputies to *Madrid* about it, and in the mean time they either leave Effects enough on Board, or give Security, for paying the Duty that shall be required of them, which will raise a great Sum of Money. The *Resolution* Frigate, Capt. *William Etherington*, arrived here the 4th Instant from *England*; On the 7th sailed 6 English Merchant Ships bound home, and one for *Newfoundland*; and on the 9th departed hence the *Degrave*, Capt. *Young* Commander, for the *Levant*. We have advice from *Ceuta*, That the Garrison made a Sally on the 27th past, and Ruined several Works the Moors had cast up, and killed many of them.

Madrid, June 20. The King of *Spain* had again a Fit of his Ague on the 5th of this month, another the 7th, and a third the 9th, but has since that time had no more returns of it; and this week his Catholick Majesty was several times abroad to take the Air. The Count de *Harach*, the Emperor's Ambassador, continues *Incognito*; and Count *Lobcowitz*, who has resided here several Years with the same Character, prepares for his return home. An Express is arrived here with Letters from *Catalonia*, dated the 16th of this month, which give an account, That *Barcelona* was Besieged by Sea and Land; That the French Army consisted of about 26000 Men, Horse and Foot; and their Fleet of 10 Men of War, 25 Gallies, and 3 Bomb Vessels, besides Tenders; That in the Town was a Garrison of 12000 Regular Troops, and 5 or 6000 Inhabitants who have cheerfully taken Arms; That the Vice-Roy was posted with 5000 Men at *Maratol*, about 3 Leagues from *Barcelona*; The Marquis de *Grigny* not far from thence with 3000 Horse; And that the Lieutenant-General Don *Miguel de Orazo* has got together, of Miquelets, Mountebanks, and other Peasants, well Armed, to the number of 18 or 20000, Part of which are employed in guarding the Passes, and cutting off the Communication between the French Army and *Gironne*, in which they have been already so successful, as to have taken 80 Mules going with Provisions to the French Camp; That 'twas resolved and concerted between the Viceroy and Governor of the Town, That the Garrison should make a General Sally upon the Enemy, and that the Spanish Forces from without should attack them at the same time, upon a signal to be given for this purpose; and several Persons of Quality are gone from hence to serve as Volunteers in this occasion.

Coruna, June 27. A Dutch Privateer, called the *King William*, is come into this Port, having taken in his last cruise, two French Ships, one bound to *Newfoundland*, which the Master ransomed for 4000 Livres, and the other bound home with Sugars and Indigo from the *West-Indies*. *Warsaw*, June 24. Since the coming of the Marquis of the *Dyer*, the Pope's Nuncio, the Emperor's Ambassador, and the other Foreign Ministers, have had their publick Audiences in the usual manner; and 'tis believed the *Dyer* will in few days proceed to the Election of a King; Among the other Candidates the Elector of *Saxony* is now much spoken of; 'Tis said, He has Embraced the Roman Catholick Religion, and offers to give the Republick 8 Millions of Livres, and to maintain 15000 Men at his own Charge, in order to recover *Carnatica* from the Turks; The Prince of *Conti*'s Party declines very much. And the French are not a little concerned to see the Pope's Nuncio and the Pimute favour the Election of the Elector of *Saxony*; in which the Imperial Ambassador joins with them. There happened this week a great Quarrel between several Gentlemen of the French Faction, and others who could not bear their crying up the Prince of *Conti*, which went so far, that they drew their Sabres, and some were killed and wounded.

Vicenza, June 26. The Letters from the Camp before *Bibartz* of the 18th Instant inform us, that they had cast up several new Works and Batteries against the Town, and played their Cannon and Bombs with very good effect, which occasioning a great Conflagration among the Inhabitants, as the Count d'*Auersberg*, who commands

the Imperial Forces, was informed by a Deserter; he sent a Letter to the Governor, summoning him to surrender the Place; but the Turk would not receive it, saying, He would make the best Defence he could. One of our Parties had taken several Women and others, who got out of the Town before it was closely besieged, and were retreating towards *Bosnia*: The Ban of *Croatia* had let the Count d'*Auersberg* know that he would certainly join him on the 19th with the Troops of that Country. Prince *Eugene* of *Savoy* will part from hence in a day or two for *Hungary*, to command the Emperor's Army, which Rendezvous between *Baya* and *Viris-Marton*.

Coningsberg, June 29. The *Moscovite* Ambassadors continue still at the *Pilau*; The Czar, who is with them *Incognito*, staying to see the Success of the Election in *Poland*. Expresses pass very frequently between this Place and *Warsaw*.

Dresden, July 2. The Forces of the Elector of *Saxony*, which assembled near *Goritz*, being about 10 or 12000 Men, march towards *Silesia*; and his Electoral Highness is gone himself to *Brissau*, to be near the Frontiers of *Poland*: He has sent hither the Count de *Furstenburg*, President of his Council, with Instructions about divers Affairs relating to the Government of this Country; and 'tis said, That General *Rofer* has been lately at *Rome* by his Electoral Highness's Order.

Frankfort, July 3. The Confederate Army was according to our last Letters still encamp'd at *Bruckfeld*; but we expect every day to hear of their marching towards the *Rhine*. The Marshal de *Choiseul* makes Preparations to pass that River at *Fort Louis*.

Cologne, July 5. Prince *Gaston* of *Tuscany* was married on Tuesday last with the Princess of *Saxe-Lauenburg* at *Dusseldorp*. Some of the Elector of *Bavaria*'s Troops are coming this way in their march towards *Flanders*.

Hamburgh, July 5. The last Letters from *Poland* say, the Elector of *Saxony* was set up among the other Pretenders to the Crown, and that there appeared a great Party for him, as well in the Senate as among the Gentry. The Court of *Sueden*, according to the last Letters from *Stockholm*, continue their Resolution of sending over some Forces to *Pomerania*, and of putting a good Squadron of Ships to Sea. The King of *Denmark* has ordered a Squadron to be likewise fitted out. In the mean time 'tis disconcerted, That the Treaty will be soon resumed, for adjusting the *Holftein* Affairs.

Paris, July 5. The Letters from the French Camp before *Barcelona*, of the 21th of the last month, give this Account; The 17th at night there fell so much Rain, that our Men could not go on with their Works; The next day we perceived the Enemy had planted 40 Pieces of Cannon on the Rampart towards the Right of our Trenches, from whence they did us much damage; and to avoid the Enemies fire, we were obliged to carry on our Trenches more to the Left, towards the Bastion on the side of the new Gate. The 18th at Night the Besieged made two Salleys, on the Right with 1000 Foot and 400 Horse, and on the Left with 400, supported by another Body of 500 Men; The Chevalier de *Fare* Marechal de Camp, who commanded in the Trenches, sent strong Detachments to oppose them; The Dispute was pretty sharp; and the Enemy retired, having lost several Men; on our side 6 or 7 Officers were killed and wounded, and about 50 Men. The 19th the Enemy having posted themselves behind some Works they had cast up, fired very warmly not only against the Head of our Trenches, but likewise in Flank, which made us very uneasy in our Trenches, and on our Batteries; There were on the Enemies Right two Houses, one they burnt, and in the other they posted 200 Men supported by 50 Horse; from whence they so gauled us, that we could not carry on our Trenches; For this reason 'twas resolved to attack the said House, and the two Battalions of *Alsace*, with two Companies of Grenadiers, and a Detachment of the Marine Guards being appointed for this Service, they made their attack in the beginning of the Night; The Spaniards defended themselves extremely well, till most of them were killed or wounded, and the rest were made Prisoners; during this Action the Enemy who were posted behind the Works before-mentioned, re-