

8. Tenders must be made through a London Banker, Discount House or Broker.

9. The persons whose Tenders are accepted will be informed of the same not later than the following day, and payment in full of the amounts of the accepted Tenders must be made to the Bank of England by means of Cash or a Banker's Draft on the Bank of England not later than 2 o'clock (Saturday, 12 o'clock) on the day on which the relative Bills or Bonds are to be dated.

10. In virtue of the provisions of Section 1 (4) of the War Loan Act, 1919, Members of the House of Commons are not precluded from tendering for these Bills and Bonds.

11. Tenders must be made on the printed forms, which may be obtained from the Chief Cashier's Office, Bank of England.

12. The Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury reserve the right of rejecting any Tenders.

Treasury Chambers.

31st August, 1923.

*Board of Trade,
Great George Street,
London, S.W. 1.*

RELEASE OF TURKISH PROPERTY.

After the Armistice various General Licences were issued by the Board of Trade in respect of different parts of the Turkish Empire permitting the resumption of trade without, however, affecting the position in regard either to moneys (such as dividends accruing during the war) which had to be paid to the Custodian of Enemy Property and property vested in that Officer under the Trading with the Enemy Acts or to property, including bank balances and pre-war debts, which could not be paid or delivered to enemies and which under those Acts had to be notified to the Custodian.

The Board of Trade now announce that, in view of the ratification of the Turkish Peace Treaty by the Grand National Assembly at Angora, they have given directions for the release of the sums of money which became due to persons who were treated as enemies owing to the war with Turkey and which were paid to the Custodian, as well as of the Turkish property vested in him, including the proceeds of the sale of, or money arising from, vested property. Persons claiming such moneys or vested property should apply to the appropriate Custodian, as follows:—

In the case of England and Wales:

The Public Trustee (Trading with the Enemy), Public Trustee Office, Kingsway, London, W.C. 2.

In the case of Scotland:

The Custodian for Scotland, H.M. New Register House, Edinburgh.

In the case of Ireland:

The Custodian for Ireland, High Court of Justice, Upper Castle Yard, Dublin.

The Board of Trade have also issued the following General Licence under the Trading

with the Enemy Proclamations, the effect of which is to permit the payment or delivery to persons resident or carrying on business in Turkey of any sum of money or property which is, or but for the war would have been, due or deliverable to such persons in respect of a transaction entered into before the outbreak of war.

Board of Trade,
28th August, 1923.

TRADING WITH TURKEY.

GENERAL LICENCE.

Whereas by Proclamation dated the 5th day of November, 1914, it was declared that the Proclamations and Orders-in-Council then in force issued with reference to the state of war with the Emperor of Germany and the Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary, should be extended to the war with Turkey subject to the exception in such Proclamation mentioned:

And whereas the Proclamations so extended to the war with Turkey included the Trading with the Enemy Proclamation No. 2, dated the 9th day of September, 1914, and the Proclamation relating to Trading with the Enemy dated the 8th day of October, 1914:

And whereas by Proclamations dated the 7th day of January, 1915, and the 14th day of September, 1915, the provisions of the aforesaid Proclamations were extended as therein more specifically set forth:

And whereas it was declared by the said Trading with the Enemy Proclamation No. 2 as follows:—

“ Nothing in this Proclamation shall be taken to prohibit anything which shall be expressly permitted by our licence, or by the licence given on our behalf by a Secretary of State, or the Board of Trade, whether such licences be especially granted to individuals, or be announced as applying to classes of persons.”

And whereas it is desirable to grant the licence hereinafter appearing:

Now, therefore, the Board of Trade, on behalf of His Majesty and in pursuance of the powers reserved in the said Proclamations and all other powers thereunto them enabling, do hereby give and grant licence to all persons or bodies of persons resident, carrying on business, or being in Great Britain and Northern Ireland notwithstanding anything in the said Proclamations, to trade and have commercial and financial transactions (including the payment or delivery of any sum of money or property, which is or but for the war would have been due or deliverable in respect of a transaction entered into before the outbreak of war), with persons or bodies of persons resident or carrying on business in the territory defined as enemy country in the Proclamation dated the 5th day of November, 1914, providing for the state of war with Turkey.

Dated this 28th day of August, 1923.

H. A. Payne,

Secretary to the
Board of Trade.