## The London Gazette.

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From Monday March 8. to Thursday March 11. 1696.

Warfaw, February 18. N. S.

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HE last Letters from Lembergh inform us, that the Commissioners assembled there, had again summoned the Deputies from the Confederated Forces, to ippear before them, in order to an Amicable Composure of Matters, with a Declaration, that in case they still refused to submit to their Authority, they would proceed against them as Rebels and Traytors, pursuant to the Reso-Jutions taken in the several Dyets of Great-Poland; which they have caused to be Printed, and published by Sound of Trumpet: This had so good an effect, that the greatest part of the Deputies agreed to comply with the Order of the Commissioners, and to enter into Conference with them, for Adjusting, in the first place, the Ar-rears due to the Army; But the rest of the De-puties persist in their Resolution, not to Treat with the Crown General; And as there begins to appear a Misunderstanding between these Deputies, so the Discord, as well as want of Money, increases every day among the Confederated Forces, and their number lessens, as well by the desertion of the Common Soldiers, as by divers Officers Treating privately for themselves. The Prince of Lubomirski, and the Bishop of Plosko, have both complained to the Commissioners of the Reports that are spread abroad of their favouring under-hand the Confederacy, and desired the Authors thereof might be punished, but the Com-missioners answered, That they were not Empowered to Enquire into fuch Matters. Crown General continues in great Credit, acting every thing in Concert with the principal Senators; And divers of those that have appeared most zealous against the Family of the deceased King, begin to enter into other Sentiments.
The French Ambassador labours still very earnessly to promote the Election of the Prince of Conti, but feems of late to make no great progress; it being observed, that his Supplies of Money come very flowly, and in much leffer Sums than are necessary to perform the great Promises he has already made to those of his Party. Prince James continues all this while in Silesia, and the Queen is unwilling to leave this place till he returns. Some Proposals have been made to the Primate, to set up the Prince of Lubomirski as a Third Candidate for the Crown, but on this Occasion he has declared his Opinion to exclude all Piasti, that is, such as are Natives of this Kingdom. Many are of Opinion, that when the time of the Election comes pretty near, some other Foreign Princes will be proposed, whose Names are not yet pub-ickly talked of. There has been lately a Dyst held in the Province of Samogitia, where twas resolved, That the Nobility shall appear on Horseback at the Dyet appointed to be held at Warfaw in the beginning of May for choosing a King, and

be their Colonel General, though not without great Opposition and much Disorder; The Ca-Rellan of Samogitia pretended to this Station, by Right of his Office; and the Contention went fo far, that while the Dyet was fitting in the great Church, a Gentleman, who had appeared very warmly for the Castellan, was killed by some of the contrary side, who cut him down with their Sabres; The Persons that committed the Murder were seized, and ordered to be forthwith Tried by the Supreme Court of Justice.

Dublin, March 4. By Letters from Galloway we have an account, That a Ship called the Sherborne of 32 Guns, (taken some time ago by the Weymouth, and afterwards fitted out for the Wift-Indies) arrived there the 24th of the last month, having received much damage by the bad Weather she met with in her Voyage. They write from Kinsale, That His Majesty's Ship the Arglesey was atrived in that Port with the Betty, laden with Naval Stores from Plimouth; There is likewise come into that Port the Industry of Bristol. outward-bound.

Pembrooke, March 5. The 3d Instant came into our Harbour the Mary of London, George Marsin Master, from Cadiz.

Falmouth, March 7. A French Vessel called the St. James of Brest, laden with Wine and Linnen. A French Vessel called the was brought in here the 4th Instant by 7 English Seamen, who being Prisoners at Brest, got off in a Boat, seized the said Vessel, and brought her away; having fent the Frenchmen that were on board back in their Boat; They came from Breft last Wednesday, and say, there are very few Ships fitting there. The 5th sailed hence the Spanish. Allyance for the Groyne, but the Wind changing, was obliged to return yesterday in the Evening; There came up with her the same day a French Man of War of between 30 and 40 Guns, with whom the Spanish-Allyance engaged, and gave the French such warmEntertainment, that they thought fit to leave her.

Weymouth, March 6. The Prosperous Privateer of Guernsey, Capt. Rouse Commander, came in here this day; who on the 27th past took a Ship of 22 Guns, and 42 Men, in Ballast, coming from Morlaix; and 3 other Guernsey Privateers have taken lately 3 French Prizes, of 22, 14, and 10 Guns each, laden with Wine and Brandy.

Bristol, March 6. This day arrived here the Mary of this Port, in 32 days from Luber, where the left the Dover Man of War, who had brought into that River a Vessel laden with Wine and Brandy from France.

Yarmouth, March 8. Yesterday came into this Road His Majesty's Ship the Roebucke, Capt. Stevens Commander, who brought in with him a French Privateer of a Guns and 32 Men, which he took between this place and Harwich; This Privateer came from Dunkirhe on Thursday last. The 6 Dutch Men of War who arrived in this the Eldest Son of Prince Sapiha was Elected to | Road some days ago, do still continue here.

Cowes