

to appoint a member of the Joint Exchequer Board, and of the Government of Southern Ireland to appoint a member of the Civil Service Committee shall be exercisable by the Lord Lieutenant, and sections thirty-two and fifty-six of the Act shall have effect accordingly, with the substitution of the Lord Lieutenant for the Treasury of Southern Ireland and the Government of Southern Ireland respectively, but on this Order ceasing to be in force any member appointed by the Lord Lieutenant thereunder shall cease to hold office.

(2) This Order shall continue in force, so far as it relates to the Joint Exchequer Board, until the Treasury of Southern Ireland has been established, and, so far as it relates to the Civil Service Committee, until the Government of Southern Ireland has been established, unless and except in so far as it is previously revoked by a subsequent Order in Council made under section sixty-nine of the Act.

*Almeric FitzRoy.*

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 22nd day of *December*, 1921.

PRESENT.

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS it is provided by the Government of Ireland Act, 1920 (hereinafter referred to as the Act), that the Act shall, except as expressly provided, come into operation on the appointed day, and that the appointed day for the purposes of the Act shall be the first Tuesday in the eighth month after the month of December, 1920 (being the month in which the Act was passed), or such other day, not more than seven months earlier or later, as may be fixed by Order of His Majesty in Council either generally or with reference to any particular provision of the Act, and that different days may be appointed for different purposes and different provisions of the Act:

And whereas by an Order in Council, dated the twenty-fifth day of July, 1921, it was ordered that the appointed day for the purposes of any of the provisions of the Act which should not have come into operation prior to the second day of August, 1921 (being the first Tuesday in the eighth month after the month in which the Act was passed), should be such later day or days as might thereafter be fixed by Order in Council:

And whereas for the purposes of the provisions of the Act (including the Eighth Schedule) relating to the transfer of services and officers, the first day of January, 1922, was, by an Order in Council dated the ninth day of November, 1921, fixed to be the appointed day as respects Northern Ireland in relation to (amongst others) Irish services in connection with Health Insurance and Irish officers employed or engaged in the administration of those services:

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

For the purposes of the provisions of the Act (including the Eighth Schedule) relating to the transfer of services and officers, the first day of March, 1922, is hereby fixed to be the appointed day as respects Northern Ireland in relation to Irish services in connection with Health Insurance and Irish

officers employed or engaged in the administration of such last-mentioned services, instead of the day fixed by the said Order in Council of the ninth day of November, 1921.

*Almeric FitzRoy.*

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 22nd day of *December*, 1921.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the first section of the Colonial Probates Act, 1892, it was enacted as follows:—

"Her Majesty the Queen may, on being satisfied that the Legislature of any British Possession has made adequate provision for the recognition in that Possession of all Probates and Letters of Administration granted by the Courts of the United Kingdom, direct by Order in Council that this Act shall, subject to any exceptions and modifications specified in the Order, apply to that Possession, and thereupon while the Order is in force, this Act shall apply accordingly":

And whereas His Majesty the King is satisfied that the Legislature of the British Possession hereinafter mentioned has made adequate provision for the recognition in that Possession of Probates and Letters of Administration granted by the Courts of the United Kingdom:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers by the above recited Act in His Majesty vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of His Most Honourable Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

The Colonial Probates Act, 1892, shall apply to the British Possession hereunder mentioned:—

CEYLON.

And the Right Honourable Winston L. Spencer Churchill, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

*Almeric FitzRoy.*

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 22nd day of *December*, 1921.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by Section 23, sub-section (1), of the Finance Act, 1917, it is provided that His Majesty may, by Order in Council, declare—

(a) that under the law in force in any of His Majesty's Possessions excess profits duty is chargeable in respect of any profits in respect of which excess profits duty is also payable in the United Kingdom, and

(b) that arrangements have been made with the Government of any such Possessions whereby, in respect of any profits, only the duty which is higher in amount is to be payable, and the amount of such duty is to be apportioned between the respective Exchequers in proportion to the amount of duty which would otherwise have been payable in the United Kingdom and in that Possession respectively:

And whereas by Section 2 (1) of the Excess