

SCHEDULE—PART I.—*continued.*

Male Workers commencing employment in the Corset Trade for the first time at and over the age of 19 years may serve a period of six months at 7½d. per hour, and thereafter a period of six months at 8½d. per hour.

On the expiration of one year's service in the trade, these Workers shall receive such rates as their age may entitle them to under the foregoing provisions.

In the case of all Male Workers employed on Piece-Work, each Piece-Rate paid must be such as would yield, in the circumstances of the case, not less than the appropriate Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate, specified in Part II. of this Schedule, to an *Ordinary Worker*. In determining whether any Piece-Rate satisfies this condition regard shall be had only to the earnings of Ordinary Workers, that is to say Workers of Ordinary skill and experience in the class of work in question and not to the earnings of Workers of less than ordinary skill and experience, e.g., Learners and Infirm Workers.

PART III.

Overtime Rates.—Male and Female Workers of all Ages.

SECTION I.—In accordance with Section 3 (1) (c) of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, the Trade Board have declared the normal number of hours of work in the trade to be as follows:—

In any week	48
On any day other than Saturday, Sunday and customary public and statutory holidays	9

Provided that all hours worked by a Worker on Sundays and customary public and statutory holidays and hours worked on Saturday (subject to the provisions set out below) shall be regarded as Overtime, to which the Overtime Rates shall apply.

SECTION II.—The Minimum Rates for Overtime in respect of hours worked by a Worker, whether engaged on Time-Work or on Piece-Work, in excess of a declared normal number of hours, shall be as follows:—

(1) *On any day* other than Saturdays, Sundays and customary public and statutory holidays:—

(a) For the first two hours' Overtime, One-and-a-Quarter times the Minimum Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Quarter.

(b) For Overtime, after the first two hours of Overtime, One-and-a-Half times the Minimum Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Half.

Provided that where it is the established practice of an employer only to require attendance on five days a week, the Overtime Rates specified in paragraphs (1) (a) and (1) (b) of this Section shall not be payable on any day (other than Saturday, Sunday and customary public and statutory holidays) until the number of hours worked exceeds 9½ and 11½ respectively.

(2) *On Saturday* in respect of:—

(a) That class of Worker who customarily attends five days a week:—

(i) For the first two hours of Overtime, that is to say, for the first two hours worked on Saturday, One-and-a-Quarter times the Minimum rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Quarter.

(ii) For Overtime, after the first two hours of Overtime, One-and-a-Half times the Minimum Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Half.

(b) That class of Worker who customarily attends on six days a week, for all Overtime worked after the first five hours, One-and-a-Half times the Minimum Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Half.

Note.—During the first five hours worked on Saturday, the Minimum Rate applicable for this class of worker is the appropriate Minimum Rate set out in Part I of this Notice.

(3) *On Sundays and customary public and statutory holidays*—for all time worked, twice the Minimum Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Double Time.

(4) For all hours worked in any week in excess of 48—One-and-a-Quarter times the Minimum Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Quarter, except in so far as higher Overtime Rates are payable under the provisions of paragraphs (1) (b), (2) and (3) of this Section.

Provided that where it is the established practice of an employer only to require attendance on alternate Saturdays, the Overtime Rate shall not be payable in the week on which attendance on Saturday is required until 50 hours have been worked.

NOTE.—The Overtime Rates set out in Sub-Sections (1), (2) and (3) of this Section are payable in respect of all hours of Overtime worked on any day, notwithstanding that the number of hours worked in the week does not exceed 48.

SECTION III.—Notwithstanding anything contained in Sections I and II of this Part of this Schedule, in the application of the above Overtime Rates to Workers who customarily attend on six days a week, any other day, not being Sunday, may be by agreement in writing between an employer and a worker substituted in place of Saturday as the weekly short day, and in such case the provisions of Sections I and II above shall apply in like manner as if in such provisions "Saturday" were substituted for such short day, and such short day were substituted for "Saturday."

NOTE.—The hours which Female Workers, Young Persons and Children are allowed to work are subject to the provisions of the Factory and Workshop Acts, and of the Employment of Women, Young Persons and Children Act, 1920.

PART IV.

For the purpose of this Notice the following definitions shall apply:—

SECTION I.—A Female Learner is a Worker who—

(a) Is employed during the whole or a substantial part of her time in learning any branch or process of the trade by an employer who provides the Learner with reasonable facilities for such learning; and

(b) Has received a certificate or has been registered in accordance with rules from time to time laid down by the Trade Board, and held subject to compliance with the condi-