ing date the 8th instant, to confer the dignity of an Earl of the said United Kingdom upon the Right Honourable Sydney Charles, Viscount Buxton, G.C.M.G., and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, style and title of Earl Buxton.

## EXPLOSIVES ACT, 1875.

The Right Honourable Edward Shortt, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, in virtue of the powers conferred on him by Section 53 of the Explosives Act, 1875, has appointed Sergeant Patrick Geoghegan (No. 65219) and Sergeant Charles Brady (No. 57799), of the Royal Irish Constabulary, to be Inspectors for Ireland under the said Act.

Whitehall, 10th November, 1920.

> Downing Street, 9th November, 1920.

The KING has been pleased to approve of the retention of the title of "Honourable" by Alfred Youl, Esq., and Arthur William Loone, Esq., who have served continuously for a period of ten years as Members of the Legislative Council of the State of Tasmania.

> Board of Trade, Great George Street, Westminster, London, S.W. 1, 10th November, 1920.

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with Section 1, sub-section 7, of the Non-Ferrous Metal Industry Act, 1918 (7 and 8 Geo. 5, Ch. 67), and No. 11 of the Statutory Rules and Orders, No. 265 of 1918 (Non-Ferrous Metal Industry), that licences under the Non-Ferrous Metal Industry Act have been granted by the Board of Trade to the undermentioned companies, firms or individuals:-

Alexander, H., and Company Limited, 44/46, Leadenhall Street, E.C. 3. Angle-Asiatic Company Limited, The, 41, Eastcheap, E.C. 3.

Diény and Lucas, 329, High Holborn, W.C. 1. Reynolds and Company, J., 10, Beech Street, Liverpool,

St. Ives Mines Limited, 244, High Holborn, W.C. 1.

> Board of Trade, Great George Street, London, S.W. 1, 9th November, 1920.

In the Matter of Divers Patents and Applications for Patents vested in the Custodian; and in the Matter of the Trading with the

Enemy Acts, 1914 to 1918; and in the Matter of the Treaties of Peace (Austria and Bulgaria) Act, 1920; and in the Matter of the Treaty of Peace (Austria) Order (a), 1920; and in the Matter of the Treaty of Peace (Bulgaria) Order (b), 1920.

Whereas the expression "British Patent" when hereinafter used means Letters Patent which have been granted in and for the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the Isle of Man:

And whereas prior to the Order of the Board of Trade of the 30th October, 1918, hereinafter recited divers British Patents which have been granted to or for the benefit of persons being either Austrian Nationals or Bulgarian Nationals (as respectively defined by the Treaty of Peace (Austria) Order, 1920, and the Treaty of Peace (Bulgaria) Order, 1920), the shares and interests of persons being either Austrian Nationals or Bulgarian Nationals in divers other British Patents, and also the benefit, so far as the same belonged to persons being either of such Nationals as aforesaid of or in divers applications which had been made by or on behalf or for the benefit of persons being either of such Nationals as aforesaid, either alone or jointly with other parties for grants of such patents, were by or by virtue of Orders which were made by the High Court of Justice or the Board of Trade, under the Trading with the Enemy Acts, 1914-1918, or some or one of such Acts duly vested in the Public Trustee, the Custodian for England and Wales under the Trading with the Enemy Amend-ment Act, 1914 (hereinafter called "the Cus-

todian"):
And whereas by an Order dated the 30th October, 1918, and so made by the Board of Trade as aforesaid, after reciting that the expression "Hostile person" when thereinafter used meant and included (a) a person, firm, body, or company being an enemy or enemy subject within the meaning of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Acts, 1916 and 1918 (A), (b) a company with respect to which an Order had been made under Section 1 of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1916, or Section 3 of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1918, and (c) a Company being an enemy controlled corporation within the meaning of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1918, it was, amongst other things, ordered that (1) all and every the interest, share and right of every hostile person in of or to any British patent, and (2) the benefit of every application which had been made by or on behalf or for the benefit of any hostile person for any British patent should, except in so far as the same should already have been vested, by any Order made under the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Acts, or any of them, vest in the Custodian:

And whereas as regards certain of the said applications patents have, in pursuance of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1916, been duly granted to the Custodian:

And whereas the expression "vested patent" as hereinafter used means such interest, share, rights or title in of or to a British patent as may by reason or on account of the late war (which expression as herein used means as regards Austria and Austrian or former

<sup>(</sup>a) S.R. & O. 1920. No. 1613. (b) S.R. & O. 1920. No. 1614.

<sup>(</sup>A) 5-6 G. 5, c. 105, and 8-9 G. 5, c. 31.