

on the right flank of another battalion, this officer galloped forward under exceedingly heavy shell fire to direct a company that had lost direction. Further, he worked with untiring energy throughout the day and night, performing many acts of gallantry for the advantage of his battalion and setting a very fine example to the men.

Capt. Robert Moir Allardyce, 1/6th Bn., Arg. & Suth'd Highrs., T.F.

During the operations north-east of Maing he showed great gallantry and resource, particularly on 28th October, 1918, when his company was ordered up from reserve. By making a personal reconnaissance he was able to place his company so as to form a connected line along the battalion front. Later in the day his company successfully repelled two counter-attacks.

T./2nd Lt. Herbert Allinson, North'd Fus., att'd. X/32nd T.M. Bn.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty at Ors on 4th November, 1918. Owing to the absence of the commander he took command of the battery at short notice, and supported the infantry at the crossing of the Sambre-Oise Canal. Under the enemy barrage, which killed two officers and six men of a gun team near by, he reconnoitred the ground and selected positions for the guns and dumps, keeping his men at their guns and firing all his ammunition at the allotted targets.

Capt. (A./Maj.) George Frederick Allison, R.A.M.C., att'd. 149th Fd. Amb.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. On the 29th September, 1918, immediately after the crossing of the Canal de l'Escaut, when a regimental medical officer was mortally wounded, he went forward under intense fire and dressed and evacuated the wounded who were lying out. By his fine example of courage and devotion to duty he was directly responsible for saving many lives at this critical phase of the operations.

2nd Lt. Thomas Archibald Bates Allison, 6th Bn., Dur. L.I., T.F., att'd. 13th Bn.

For marked gallantry during operations south-east of Fontaine au Bois. On the morning of 29th October, 1918, he led his platoon in an attack on an enemy post, and when practically surrounded refused to surrender, and fought his way back to his original position, where he organised his command. He has on previous occasions done fine work.

Lt. Ulick de Burgh, Earl of Altamont, 2nd Dns.

For conspicuous gallantry and initiative when on reconnaissance at Viéville and Fresnoy on 4th November, 1918; near Le Sart on 5th November; and south of Cartignies on 6th and 7th November. During these four days he handled his patrols with great skill and boldness, obtaining and sending in accurate information.

T./Lt. Edward Sansbury Anderson, 24th Bn., Manch. R. (ITALY)

On 26th/27th October, 1918, he was in command of two platoons of his company

which were attached to the infantry crossing the Piave on that date to make the first attack from the bridgehead already gained. His task was to advance with the first attacking waves and to discover and develop tracks across the island. Despite the heavy shelling and darkness he, by his gallantry and disregard of personal safety, kept his party in hand and successfully carried out his difficult task, thereby materially assisting in the success of the operations. The determination and gallantry shown by this officer was a fine example not only to his own men but to all round him.

T./Capt. (A./Maj.) Lewis Anderson, D.S.O., M.B., R.A.M.C. (D.A.D.M.S., 32nd Div.).

On the 7th November, 1918, in the neighbourhood of Avesnes during the advance following the breaking of the Sambre-Oise Canal line, he heard that a number of men were lying out wounded in the vicinity of the enemy. Having heard that the medical officer was also a casualty, and seeing that the area was being heavily shelled, he twice went to their assistance with the utmost disregard for his personal safety and cleared the wounded.

T./Lt. Mark Loudon Anderson, 25th Bn., M.G. Corps.

For gallantry and initiative on the afternoon of 23rd October, 1918, near the Bois l'Eveque. Learning that the infantry were held up by an enemy machine-gun nest, he took charge of eight machine guns and boldly moved them up under heavy fire to a position from which he could bring concentrated fire to bear on the enemy position, thereby contributing greatly to overcoming the enemy opposition.

T./2nd Lt. Alexander Cardenas Andrews, R.W. Surr. R., att'd. 7th Bn.

For conspicuous gallantry and determination during operations in the Mormal Forest on 4th November, 1918. When, through casualties, he was the only remaining officer in his company, although wounded he personally led the attack, which dislodged a machine-gun post and enabled the advance to continue. Throughout he did excellent work.

Lt. Richard Lewis Andrews, North'n Yeo. (ITALY)

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. When two troops in the attack of the Corps Mounted Troops on Sacile on 30th October, 1918, had been heavily counter-attacked and ordered to retire, he remained in action with one section until a strong force of the enemy were within 10 yards of him. He thus enabled the remainder of the two troops to get mounted and retire, and all the time showed great coolness and disregard of danger. He eventually got his men away dismounted and rejoined his squadron.

2nd Lt. Arthur Edward Arnold, 416th (Edinburgh) Field Coy., R.E. (T.F.).

For conspicuous gallantry on 13th October, 1918. In order to allow a surprise attack to be made on Aubigny-au-Bac it was necessary to bridge quickly the 30 feet wide Canal de la Sensee. He carried out the task