

2nd Lt. George Phipps, 5th Bn., L'pool R., T.F., attd. 25th Bn.

On the 21st October, 1918, during the crossing of the River L'Escaut, for conspicuous gallantry. Under heavy fire he got his platoon across and led them forward, and then personally reconnoitred for a route to Obigies. When the remainder of his company was withdrawn to the western bank he formed a bridgehead on the eastern side, and under heavy bombardment throughout the night his platoon held their position until relieved.

T./2nd Lt. (A./Capt.) Gordon Cyril Phipps, 23rd Bn., R. Fus.

On 8th October, 1918, east of Rumilly, he was in command of a company whose task was to capture a portion of the first objective of the brigade. In face of heavy fire he successfully led it forward to its objective. After the objective had been reached the enemy delivered a counter-attack with Tanks. His gallantry and personal example encouraged his men to successfully repulse the attack.

Lt. Ernest James Piggot, R.F.A. (S.R.), attd. 43rd By., 24th Bde.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on 18th October, 1918, near Molain. Whilst the battery was firing a barrage under heavy shelling an enemy shell wounded an officer and gunner and set fire to the camouflage on the ammunition. He at once ran up, and, with a bombardier, put out the flames, thus saving casualties and enabling the service of the gun to continue, and then brought a stretcher party to carry off the wounded. He has previously done good work.

2nd Lt. Alan Humphrey Pilcher, R.F.A. (S.R.), attd. A/113th Bde.

During the active operations between 19th and 25th October, 1918, in command of a battery, he displayed great initiative and gallantry in carrying out useful reconnaissances under heavy fire, thus always enabling his battery to move forward in close support of the attacking infantry. Later, as brigade fire observation officer, he succeeded in obtaining and sending back information of great value.

2nd Lt. John Lawrence Pilling, R.F.A. (S.R.), attd. A/113th Bde.

On the 25th October, 1918, near Vichte, after an advance by the infantry, he made his way round our most advanced outposts under heavy machine-gun fire, and brought back accurate information of great value to our artillery. Again, on 31st October, 1918, whilst his battery were firing their barrage under accurate hostile fire, he encouraged his men and maintained the regular rate of fire.

2nd Lt. John Cassels Pinkerton, R.F.A., T.F., attd. X/24th T.M. By.

Near Lens, when the infantry on the 3rd/4th October, 1918, advanced, he got a 6-inch Newton mortar in action amongst the forward posts long before they had con-

solidated. He moved his mortar from place to place, often under heavy machine-gun fire, and by his gallantry and initiative greatly assisted the infantry.

Lt. John Daniel Piper, 4th Bn., East Kent R., T.F., attd. 1st Bn.

Near Fresnoy on 19th of September, 1918, after the officer commanding his company had been wounded, he took over command and behaved with the greatest coolness and reorganised and led his company under heavy fire. When other means of communication failed he made his way through a heavy barrage to obtain touch with other troops and report the situation. These reports were of the greatest use.

Lt. Leslie Hammond Beresford Poer, R.F.A. (Spec. Res.), attd. 59th By., 18th Bde.

At Querenaing, 1st November, 1918, as battery leader he displayed great courage and skill in leading the battery forward under heavy shell fire and gas-shell fire in the dark over difficult country, including the crossing of the Rhonelle by a temporary bridge under machine-gun fire. His performance enabled the battery to give most effective support to the infantry from an advanced position.

2nd Lt. Reginald Langford Pointer, R.F.A. (S.R.), attd. B/47th Bde.

On the night 13th/14th October, 1918, he was in charge of a convoy of ammunition wagons delivering ammunition to his battery near Houthem. As the head of the column reached the cross roads it came under heavy shell fire. He waited there until the whole column had passed, steadying each team as it passed. It was entirely due to his coolness and pluck that the ammunition reached the guns in time.

T./2nd Lt. (A./Capt.) William Leonard Poop, M.M., R.W. Surr. R., attd. 7th Bn.

For conspicuous gallantry in the action at Robersart on 24th October, 1918. In the attack on the village one of his platoons became isolated from the remainder of his company. Under heavy machine-gun fire he led forward reinforcements and secured the positions gained, thereby assisting greatly in capturing the village, which was strongly held and well organised for defence. Next day he again did excellent work.

Lt. Abraham Thomas Watkin Powell, R.F.A., T.F., attd. D/69th Bde., R.F.A.

On 8th September, 1918, at Moeuvres, he was acting as forward observation officer during an enemy counter-attack. Communication was by visual. The enemy barrage came down between the forward observation officer and the battery. He made his way through the barrage and sent back valuable information to the battery. On 23rd September, 1918, at Louverval, he again kept communication and gave brigade valuable information.

Lt. Harold Martin Powell, R.F.A. (S.R.), attd. C/119th Bde.

During operations near Tieghem, on the afternoon of 31st October, 1918, he was controlling the left half of the battery, which