danger, and was very conspicuous in the handling of his men and the reorganising of "A" Company when their officers were put out of action. During the counter-attack his company captured 20 prisoners and 4 machine guns.

2nd Lt. Walter Edward Manley, Devon. R.,

Spec. Res., attd. 9th Bn.

In the attack on Ponchaux on the 8th October, 1918, he commanded his company with great skill and gallantry. After all the other officers had early become casualties he led his company to the final objective, rushing an enemy field gun on the way, and thus enabling the advance of the left company to continue unmolested. His example had a great deal to do with the success of the operation.

T./2nd Lt. Henry Cecil Mann, Ches. R., attd. 15th Bn

He showed marked gallantry in the operations east of Courtrai on the 20th October, 1918. He attacked a farm with two men from a flank in face of heavy machine-gun fire, and enabled the troops on the right to get forward and capture the farm. Later in the day he crossed the Kleibeek and pushed forward with two sections from farm to farm and made ground at a time when it was much required.

Francis Turquand Mansfield, R.E.

(Spec. Res.), attd. 171st Tun. Coy.

On the evening of the 28th September, 1918, on the Wulverghem to Messines road, he closely followed the infantry patrols and removed 16 tank mines in face of the enemy under heavy rifle and machine-gun fire. next morning he removed 44 additional tank mines on the same road. In the subsequent operations he showed great courage in pushing forward with the infantry patrols, inspecting bridges and roads and removing unfired demolition charges.

T./Capt. Malcolm Manson, M.B., R.A.M.C.,

attd. 10th Bn., R.W. Surr. R.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty near Menin on 14th October, 1918. He went forward in the fog under heavy shell and rifle fire and established an aid post, and continued dressing wounded under heavy shell fire at 1,000 yards' range quite regardless of his own personal safety. He showed marked coolness and courage throughout the whole operations.

T./2nd Lt. Ewart Marlow, North'n R., attd. 6th Bn.

For marked gallantry and able leadership during operations 18th to 22nd September, 1918, near Ronssoy. On the evening of 21st September he handled two platoons with such skill that the operation was a great success. His quickness in dealing with the situation after the capture of 48 prisoners, and the rapid consolidation contributed very largely towards enabling this post to stand out against the enemy's immediate counterattack.

T./Lt. Harry Conrad Marriott, 9th Bn., S. Staff. R., attd. 1/6th Bn., T.F.

In the attack on Bellenglise on 29th September, 1918, he showed most conspicuous

gallantry and good leadership in getting his platoon across the canal and attacking the enemy right through to the final objective. His cheerfulness under great difficulties inspired a similar spirit in his men.

Lt. Cecil Charles Marston, 5th Bn., R.W.

Fus., T.F., attd. 9th Bn.
In an attack on an organised line of machine-gun posts west of Sommaing on 24th October, 1918, he led his platoon with great daring, and succeeded in either killing or capturing the garrisons of several of these posts. After making good his objectives he patrolled up to the River Ecaillon under considerable machine-gun and rifle fire and thus secured very valuable information. Throughout the attack of the 19th/20th October he handled his platoon with marked ability.

T./2nd Lt. James Martin, 1st Bn., K.O.S.B. On the 30th September, 1918, near On the 30th September, 1918, near Gheluwe, in command of his platoon, when his line was being enfiladed by enemy machine-gun fire, he, with three men, crept out and captured the gun, killing the whole team. By his most gallant action he undoubtedly saved the lives of many of his men. Later, he held on to a position which had become almost untenable under a heavy trench-mortar barrage.

Lt. Thomas Martin, 5th Bn., atta. 1/8th

Bn., Sco. Rif., T.F.

During the attack on Gheluwe on the morning of 14th October, 1918, he set a splendid example of courage and coolness. He attacked two pill-boxes under heavy machine-gun fire and captured the occupants and two machine guns. On the night of 15th/16th, with his platoon he made Marathon Bridge passable for troops, under heavy shell and machine-gun fire. He gave valuable assistance to his company commander under most trying conditions.

T./Capt. John Mason, R.E.

He has on many occasions shown great gallantry and devotion to duty in the early reconnaissance of bridges. In particular, on 24th October, 1918, he reconnoitred the crossing of the Ecaillon in line with the attacking infantry, capturing an enemy post of two officers and three O.R.s. Again, on 4th November, while the town of Le Quesnoy was still held by the enemy, he reconnoitred the entrances and the bridges over the moat and railway under very heavy fire.

T./2nd Lt. Leonard William Mason, 10th Bn., Essex. R

For marked gallantry and devotion to During the attack on Tombois Farm, near Vendhuile, on 21st September, 1918, he led his men forward under heavy machine-gun fire, and reorganised others who had lost their officers. Later, during an attack on Egg Post (near Vendhuile), on the 24th September, he established and consolidated a post within 100 yards of the enemy strongpost.

T./2nd Lt. Walter Edwin Mason, 1st Bn., Shrops. L.I.

On the 24th September, 1918, on the attack on North Alley and New Trench, near Fayet, his company commander having been