

commander had been wounded, he assumed command and reorganised the whole of the line and personally led the attack until the final objective had been gained. His initiative and gallantry were largely responsible for the capture of the three objectives assigned to the battalion.

T./Sub-Lt. Thomas Henry Moon, Hood Bn. R.N.D., R.N.V.R.

During the operations in Cambrai district September 27th/October 1st, 1918, he displayed marked courage and able leadership. As transport officer of battalion in the front line he never once failed to deliver the rations, ammunition, and tools, etc., under most trying conditions. For the last two days this necessitated crossing each time the only bridge over the canal, heavily shelled continually. On several occasions when his transport was scattered, with heavy casualties to horses and personnel, he rallied them and carried on, in no case failing to deliver his loads.

T./Capt. William John Kidd Moon, 9th Bn. R. Innis. Fus.

For most conspicuous gallantry in the Dadizeele sector on September 29th/30th, 1918. During an enemy counter-attack, when the troops in the line were sorely pressed, he rushed his company up and reinforced the line, the forming up and advance being performed in a masterly manner. His action resulted in the enemy withdrawing to his original line, and our line was held intact. On September 28th he led his company with the greatest skill, reaching Vifjwegen, over two miles beyond his objective. This important position he held, enabling the troops on his flanks to come up into line. By his dash and fine leadership he gained in the first day not only our own objective, but also the objective of our troops for the succeeding day.

T./Lt. (A./Maj.) Edward Dawson Moore, 219th Fd. Coy. R.E.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on September 29th, 1918, during the attack on the Hindenburg Line at Bellenglise. He was given the task of constructing a bridge across the canal. He carried out the necessary reconnaissance under heavy shell fire, and it was largely due to his energy and determination that his company succeeded in constructing the bridge, which enabled the artillery to follow up the advance of the infantry.

T./Lt. Cyril Douglas Morgan, R. W. Fus., att'd. 14th Bn.

In the attack near Mortho Wood, north of Villers Outreaux, on October 8th, 1918, his company was held up by wire in front of Beauvoir system of trenches. Here it was subjected to enfilade fire from a hostile machine gun in the wood on the left. He organised and led an attack on this machine gun, and although held up by another belt of wire, succeeded in overcoming this obstacle with few casualties. His coolness and most gallant leadership undoubtedly saved many casualties. Later in the day he was wounded severely for the third time during the campaign.

Lt. George William Taylor Morgan, R.F.A., T.F., att'd. D/74th Bde. R.F.A.

On September 29th, 1918, at Noyelles-sur-L'Escaut, he volunteered to go forward to find our line, about which there was some doubt. Under heavy fire he reached our most advanced posts, and then walked along our line to the junction with the division on the left. The infantry were held up at the time, and his determination and gallantry under heavy machine-gun and rifle fire enabled him to send back a clear report of the situation and the location of several enemy targets which were holding up the advance.

Lt. John William Herbert Beveridge Morgan, 5th Bn., att'd. 1/9th Bn., High. L.I., T.F.

For great gallantry and ability on October 12th, 1918, in the operations near Le Cateau. When the first attack on the railway failed, he displayed great energy in reorganising the men, and successfully attacked the machine-gun nest on the railway from the left, enabling the battalion to gain its first objective. Later he displayed great gallantry in reconnoitring a line of advance to the final objective. During the whole action he showed marked courage.

T./2nd Lt. Sidney Morgan, 1st Bn. K.O.S.B.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty near Outtersteene on August 18th/19th, 1918. He led his platoon most ably, and he himself charged and captured a machine-gun post which was holding up the advance. Though knocked down by a shell, he continued throughout the day, and his cheerfulness, courage and tact inspired his platoon.

T./2nd Lt. John Morris, Shrops. L.I., att'd. 10th Bn.

Near Fournes, on October 10th, 1918, during a raid by two platoons, owing to casualties he was left in sole charge of the raiding party. That the raid was successful one prisoner being taken, nine dead counted, and many more casualties inflicted, was entirely due to his splendid example and handling of the men. He carried out this difficult task in a most able manner, with very few casualties.

Lt. Samuel Morris, 2nd Bn. R. Dub. Fus.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on October 4th, 1918, near Vendhuile. He, when his company commander had been wounded, took over command and led his company against a strongly fortified position. With a small party he attacked two enemy machine-gun posts and succeeded in killing the crews and capturing the guns, thereby enabling his company to continue the advance. It was owing to his fine courage and leadership that the enemy's positions were finally captured.

2nd Lt. Frederick William Morton, 2/10th Bn. Lond. R., att'd. 175th T.M. By.

On September 22nd, 1918, he was in charge of two Stokes guns in Kildare Avenue, near Epehy. He engaged and killed twenty-five of the enemy who had pushed forward to avoid our bombardment of their post. During the attack on Dados Loop the same night, he completely silenced three hostile machine guns. After consolidation he got forward large