posts of the battalion sector. He worked untiringly throughout the operations, and was of very great assistance to the battalion. (M.C. gazetted 3rd June, 1918.)

T./Lt. (A./Capt.) Edgar Hugh Matheson, M.C., 2nd Bn. W. York. R.

Near the Haute Deule Canal on October 12th, 1918, he led his company with conspicuous gallantry and ability. He reached the canal bank on the morning of October 12th in face of very heavy machine-gun fire. Later, he extricated the main body of his company under heavy machine gun fire and sniping, and reorganised it on a sound tactical basis. During all these trying operations he set a fine example to those under him.

(M.C. gazetted 22nd September, 1916.)

T./Capt. Samuel Brown McKinley, M.C., 12th Bn. R. Scots.

During operations at Ledeghem on October 1st, 1918, owing to a formation on the flank being held up, the battalion line had to be readjusted. Capt. McKinley showed the greatest gallantry and ability in helping to reorganise the new line, and at one time led a party forward himself to cover a dangerous gap which had occurred between the battalion and the neighbouring unit. He displayed great pluck and devotion to duty, walking about under intense machine-gun fire and cheering the men, with a complete disregard for his own personal safety.

(M.C. gazetted 26th July, 1918.)

T./Capt. John Arthur McKinnell, M.C., 2nd Bn. attd. 7th Bn. Sea. Highrs.

For conspicuous gallantry and good leadership throughout the operations north-east of Ypres from September 28th till October 3rd, 1918. On September 28th, during the attack on the Frezenberg Ridge, he led forward a platoon of his company to fill up a gap in the line, and by his initiative saved an awkward situation. On October 1st he controlled his company with great coolness and skill under heavy machine-gun fire, and rallied the men on the objective and supervised the consolidation.

(M.C. gazetted 1st January, 1917.)

T./2nd Lt. Walter Lancelot Merritt, M.C., R. Fus., Bde. Intell. Off. H.Q. 86th Infy. Bde.

East of Ledeghem on October 14th, 1918, as brigade intelligence officer, he carried the direction flag in the centre of the attack, and arrived on the first objective with only about 40 men, the remainder having got lost in the thick fog and smoke. He and his observers captured 28 enemy during the advance, and they held the objective under heavy trench mortar and machine-gun fire until the remainder of the brigade arrived. He was severely wounded in the leg later in the day. He behaved most gallantly and did fine work.

(M.C. gazetted 11th January, 1919.)

Capt. (A./Maj.) William Archibald Miller, D.S.O., M.C., R.A.M.C. (Spec. Res.), attd. No. 6 Fd. Amb.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty from September 27th to September 29th, 1918, when in charge of stretcher bearers during the advance from the Canal du Nord to the Canal de St. Quentin. He worked for three days without rest, and repeatedly led his stretcher bearers to the front line, exposing himself to direct fire from enemy machine-gun posts. Especially on September 28th, he led his bearers across the canal in close touch with the infantry, and brought back wounded through intense machine-gun and shell barrage. By his fine behaviour he saved the lives of many men.

(M.C. gazetted 14th November, 1916.)

Lt. George Raymond Dallas Moor, V.C., M.C., Hamps. R., A.D.C. to G.O.C., A./G.S.O., III. 30th Div.

On October 20th, 1918. about Pijpestraat the vanguard commander was wounded and unable to carry on. Owing to heavy shelling and machine-gun fire, the vanguard came to a standstill. Lieut. Moor, Acting General Staff Officer, who was reconnoitring the front, noticed this; he immediately took charge, and by his fearless example and skilful leading continued the advance until the objective was reached. He has a positive contempt for danger, and distinguishes himself on every occasion.

(M.C. gazetted 2nd December, 1918.)

Lt. Andrew Dean Morrison, M.C., 1/7th Bn. A. S. Highrs., T.F.

For great courage during an attack on Lieu St. Amand on October 13th, 1918. He made repeated attempts to get into the village under intense machine-gun fire. When finally ordered to withdraw, he made a gallant attempt to bring back with him a wounded man. Before withdrawing, he seized a rifle belonging to a casualty, went forward alone to an exposed position, and shot three enemy machine gunners whose fire was hindering the movement of his men. He was the last to leave the field.

(M.C. gazetted 19th November, 1917.)

T./2nd Lt. John Morrison, M.C., 226th Fd. Coy. R.E.

At the Canal de St. Quentin, in front of Noyelles, on September 29th, 1918, he made an important reconnaissance for sites for bridges over the canal, though enemy machine-gun nests were still on the opposite bank. Heorganised and directed a party with five Lewis. guns and located an enemy machine gun which covered a crossing; he then personally dispersed the crew by direct hit with a rifle grenade, killing one and dispersing the rest. He also improvised a floating bridge out of planks, and thus enabled a company of infantry to pass over. He showed marked gallantry and initiative.

(M.C. gazetted 1st February, 1919.)

T,/Capt. Arthur William Muir, M.C., North'd Fus., attd. 2nd Bn.

For conspicuous gallantry and good leading In the attack on Le Catelet on October 4th, 1918, he helped greatly towards the success of the attack by leading his company through a deep stream and thereby surrounding a very strong enemy point on the edge of the village. When the O.C. Battalion was wounded at the end of that action, he commanded the battalion during two days' fighting with great ability.

(M.C. gazetted 25th August, 1916.)