

Privy Council Office,
15th April, 1919.

Notice is hereby given that a Petition of Sir Richard Redmayne, K.C.B., and others, praying for the grant of a Royal Charter incorporating "The Imperial Mineral Resources Bureau," has been presented to His Majesty in Council, and that His Majesty has been pleased to refer the said Petition to a Committee of the Lords of the Council.

At the Council Chamber, *Whitehall*, the 15th day of *April*, 1919.

By the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

WHEREAS it is provided by Section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation or Order in Council made under Section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, as amended by the Act now in recital, may, whilst a state of war exists, be varied or added to by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade:

And whereas it is provided by Section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Restriction) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation made under Section 1 of the Exportation of Arms Act, 1900, may, whether the Proclamation was made before or after the passing of the Act now in recital, be varied or added to, whilst a state of war exists, by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade:

And whereas by a Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May, 1917, and made under Section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, and Section 1 of the Exportation of Arms Act, 1900, and Section 1 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, the exportation from the United Kingdom of certain articles to certain or all destinations was prohibited:

And whereas by subsequent Orders of Council, and by the Proclamations dated respectively the 18th day of December, 1918, and the 12th day of March, 1919, the said Proclamation was amended and added to in certain particulars:

And whereas there was this day read at the Board a recommendation from the Board of Trade to the following effect:—

That the Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May, 1917, as amended and added to by subsequent Orders of Council, and by the Proclamations dated respectively the 18th day of December, 1918, and the 12th day of March, 1919, should be further amended by making the following amendments in and additions to the Schedule to the same:—

(1) That the following headings should be deleted:—

- (A) Albumen, other than blood albumen;
- (B) Camphor;
- (A) Cotton, Egyptian;
- (B) Cotton, raw, other than Egyptian;
- (A) Explosives, other than industrial;

Provisions and victuals which may be used as food for man, the following:—

- (A) Egg powder;
- (A) Levulose;
- (A) Milk, condensed or preserved;
- (A) Milk powder;

- (A) Tomato pulp;
- (A) Sheepskins, haired or woollen;
- Shipbuilding materials, the following:—
 - (B) Engines for use on board ship (including Diesel and other internal combustion engines for marine propulsion) and component parts of such engines;
 - (B) Iron and steel castings and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships;
 - (B) Machinery for steam ships and component parts thereof;
 - (B) Ships' auxiliary machinery;
 - (B) Ships' telegraphs and component parts thereof;
 - (B) Steering gear and component parts thereof;
 - (B) Winches;
 - (B) Windlasses;
 - (B) Vinegar containing not more than 6 per cent. acetic acid;
 - (A) Vinegar essence and similar preparations containing more than 6 per cent. acetic acid;
 - (A) Woollen rags (other than pulled rags) applicable to use otherwise than as manure or as roofing felt rags.
- (2) That the following headings should be added:—
 - (A) Cartridges, charges of all kinds, and their component parts, and tools, appurtenances and accessories for the filling and repair of rifle and shotgun cartridges;
 - (B) Cotton, American;
 - (A) Explosives;
- Provisions and victuals which may be used as food for man, the following:—
 - (B) Milk, condensed or preserved;
 - (B) Milk powder;
 - (B) Tomato pulp.

Now, therefore, their Lordships, having taken the said recommendation into consideration, are pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the same be approved.

Whereof the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Excise, and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

Almeric FitzRoy

At the Council Chamber, *Whitehall*, the 15th day of *April*, 1919.

By the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

WHEREAS it is provided by Section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation or Order in Council made under Section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, as amended by the Act now in recital, may, whilst a state of war exists, be varied or added to, by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade:

And whereas it is provided by Section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Restriction) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation made under Section 1 of the Exportation of Arms Act, 1900, may, whether the Proclamation was made before or after the passing of the Act now in recital, be varied or added to, whilst a state of war exists, by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade:

And whereas by a Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May, 1917, and made under Section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue