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Cadiz, June 27.

ON Tuesday last sailed from hence two English Men of War, the *Carlisle* and *Plymouth*, for Genoa and Leghorne, having 3 Genouefe Ships in their Company. Proclamation has been made here, that the Fleet for New Spain shall depart hence the 6th of the next month; and the Galeons in August. Some days since arrived from Sr. Malo's 3 French Ships laden with Linens at Lisbon, and two at Faro, who unladed at the said places, and are now cruising as Privateers off Cape St. Vincent.

Madrid, July 13. This Court has received an account, That the Forces from *Fixal*, being 4000 men, arrived at Barcelona the 29th of the last month under the Convoiy or Rear-Admiral *Neville*; That several Barks with 800 men from Naples were come thither some days before; and that the Marquis de *Gastanaga*, Viceroy of Catalonia, has, with this Reinforcement, taken the Field, to meet the French, who with about 4000 Horse and 8000 Foot, are said to be on their march to relieve *Castel Folis*. They write from *Alcans* of the 4th, that a *V. fel* was come in there who met the Fleet commanded by Admiral *Ruffel* the 22th of June about 3 Leagues from *Toulon*, between *Cosica* and *Minorca*, being driven thither by bad Weather, and that they were then returning towards the Coast of *Provence*. The Letters from *Malaga* of the 5th tell us, that the Moors continue before *Ceuta*, fresh supplies of Men being daily sent them: His said the Algerines being unwilling to see this place fall into the hands of *Muley Ismael*, have resolved to march with their Army to the relief of it; and on this occasion a *Fir* was sent hence the last week with the Character of Envoy Extraordinary from his Catholick Majesty to that Government. We hear, that *Melilla*, which is likewise attacked by the Moors, is reduced to great extremity.

Turin, July 13. Our Troops at *Cazal* have begun to demolish the Outworks. The Allies have drawn together a Body of their Forces at *Buriasque*, and another at *Demont*. There is a report, that some French Troops are come down into the Valleys.

An Abstract of the Capitulation Agreed on between his Royal Highness the Duke of *Savoy*, in the Name of the Princes whose Armies he Commands, and in his own, and the Marquis de *Crenan* Lieutenant General of the French Kings Forces, and Governor of *Cazal*.

THAT the Fortifications of the Town, Cittadel, and Castle of *Cazal*, shall be entirely demolished, leaving only the Wall of the Town as now it is, to enclose it. II. The said Fortifications may not be rebuilt, nor any new ones made during the present War. III. The Outworks shall be demolished at the Charge of the Allies. IV. The main Fortifications shall be demolished by the French, who may take the Powder necessary to make the Mines for that purpose out of the Magazines of the Citadel, the quantities of the said Powder being first adjusted with 3 Commissioners appointed by his Royal Highness; and the French shall be obliged to set fire to the said Mines until the Outworks be demolished by the Allies. V. In case the first Mines be not all the effect that is proposed, others shall be made, and so successively till all the said Fortifications are entirely razed. VI. The Garrison shall remain in the place till the said Outworks and Fortifications are entirely demolished, and then immediately shall march out. VII. The Duke of *Mantua* shall continue to enjoy the same Rights which he now has in the Town of *Cazal*, and in the Duchies of *Monterrat* and *Mantua*, which this Capitulation shall in no wise prejudice; and the said Duke may send his Officers thither to take care of his Interests till such time as the Garrison marches out. VIII. The Deserters may march out with the Garrison without molestation. IX. The Marquis of *Fallan* now Prisoner at *Cazal*, and all other Prisoners to be released on both sides. X. The Inhabitants of *Cazal* of all Conditions, shall enjoy their ancient Liberties, and be restored to the possession of their Estates; and no Man shall be brought troubled for having served the French King. XI. All the Cannon, without exception, whether belonging to the French King or Duke of *Mantua*, Mortars, Powder,

Bombs, and all other Ammunition and Instruments of War, that are in the Town, Cittadel and Castle, shall be left to his Royal Highness and his Allies, who of an Inventory shall be taken. XII. An Inventory shall be likewise taken of the Provisions which are to be left for the Allies. XIII. There may be taken out of the said Provisions what Corn is necessary to provide Bread for the Officers, Soldiers, and the sick and wounded Men of the Garrison during the time they shall remain in the place, and their march to *Pignerol*. XIV. After signing the Capitulation the liberty of Carriers shall be restored as formerly, and the Traffick of Goods and Provisions shall be free and open. XV. To prevent all Disorders his Royal Highness may post a Guard near the Gate of the Town, and the Soldiers of the Garrison shall not go out, nor those of the Allies go to the Gates of the Town. XVI. The Outworks shall be delivered up to his Royal Highness, who may place such Guards there as he thinks fit. XVII. The French while the Works are demolishing may send for the Forage they want from *Trin*; and may use the Palissades for firing. XVIII. The Undertakers for providing Beds, Fuel, &c. for the Garrison and the Directors of the Hospital, may carry away what belongs to them. XIX. The French that are settled in the Town may sell their Houses, and retire with their Effects. XX. The Proprietors of the Land sowed may reap the Fruit thereof. XXI. The French may carry away Notes for any Money due to them from the Inhabitants, which shall be duly paid. XXII. The Officers and Soldiers of the Garrison shall not be stopp'd on pretence of Debts, but what difference they may have with any of the Inhabitants shall be adjusted by the Governor. XXIII. The Sick and Wounded may continue in the Town, with proper Persons to look after them, and when recovered shall be conducted to *Pignerol*. XXIV. When the Garrison marches out, they may take with them all their Goods and Effects, their Equipages, Horses, and Mules, or sell them at *Cazal*; and a Convoiy shall be given them with Carriages, and they shall be conveyed by the nearest way and easie Journeys to *Pignerol*. XXV. The Garrison shall march out with all the Marks of Honour usual on the like Occasions, as Drums Beating, Colours Flying, &c. and may carry with them 8 Pieces of Cannon, to wit, two 24 Pounders, one 16 Pounder, three 8 Pounders, and two 4 Pounders, with two Mortars, both Cannon and Mortars with the French Kings Arms on them, and with Shot, Powder and Bombs for 50 discharges of the same.

Cologne, July 22. The two Armies on the Upper-Rhine continue in their former Camps; The French Forage on the other side of the River.

Edinburgh, July 18. The Parliament met the 15th, and took into consideration the Act for laying an Additional Duty upon Ale, and after some Debate passed the same. Then the Earl of *Brodalbine* was again brought to the Bar, and his Indictment read; His Lordship gave in a Petition which was read, craving more time might be allowed him to prepare for his Defence, which after some debate was granted him till Thursday next; and then he was remanded to Prison, and the Parliament adjourned till the next day.

The 16th the Parliament passed an Act for raising 1000 Men yearly to the next Session of Parliament, to recruit the Scotch Regiments now abroad; after which the Act concerning the Church; an Act concerning the Additional Excise; an Act for Three months Cess farther than what is granted by the former Act, with several other Acts, were touched with the Scepter in the usual manner; and after some private Affairs, the Parliament was adjourned.

The 17th the Parliament passed an Act for laying an Additional Imposition on certain Foreign Goods; an Act for Erecting a Publick Bank in this Kingdom; An Act for Burying in Scotch Linnen, which together with divers other Acts were touched with the Scepter; It was moved, That the Process of Treason at the Kings Advocates Instance against the Earl of *Brodalbine* be continued till the next Session of Parliament; and agreed to. After which His Majesty's Commissioner made a Speech to the Parliament, giving them Thanks for their ready and hearty Compliance with His Majesties Demands in this Session of Parliament, and desiring they would endeavour in their several Counties to preserve the Publick Peace, and then Adjourned the Parliament till the 7th of November next.

Dartmouth, July 19. On the 17th Instant came in here the *Hopewell* Transport Ship with 317 English Prisoners from *Sr. Malo*; who give an account, That our Bombs which were fired into *Sr. Malo* the 5th of this month, have burnt