

quently disinfected, and unless the permission of the Chief Constable has been obtained.

11. The Principal Officer of Customs and Excise in this Island, or any Officer of Police, may seize and detain any carcase, dung, fittings, pens, hurdles, or utensils landed in contravention of this Order, and he shall forthwith report the facts to the Government Office with a view to the destruction or disposal of such carcase, dung, fittings, pens, hurdles, or utensils.

INTERPRETATION.

12. In this Order—

“Government Lairs” means such place or places as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time appoint for the detention of animals under this Order.

“Animals” for the purpose of this Order means bulls, cows, oxen, heifers, calves, sheep, lambs, goats, and swine.

“Disease” for the purpose of this Order means cattle plague (that is to say, rinderpest, or the disease commonly called cattle plague), Contagious Pleuro-pneumonia of cattle, Foot-and-Mouth Disease, Sheep-pox, Sheep Scab, Swine Fever (that is to say, the disease known as Typhoid Fever of Swine, Soldier, Purples, Red Disease, Hog Cholera, or Swine Plague), or Anthrax.

“Carcase” means the carcase of an animal, and part of a carcase, and the meat, flesh, bones, hide, skin, hoofs, horns, offal, or other part of an animal separately or otherwise, or any portion thereof.

REPEAL.

13. The Orders in Council of the 29th day of January, 1907, the 16th day of April, 1907, the 4th day of June, 1907, the 4th day of January, 1909, the 18th day of October, 1910, the 1st day of July, 1912, the 12th day of February, 1913, the 20th day of July, 1914, and the 6th day of August, 1914, are hereby repealed.

COMMENCEMENT.

14. This Order shall come into operation on the 1st day of May, 1915.

SHORT TITLE.

15. This Order may be cited as “The Animals (Importation) Order of 1915.”

Given under my hand this 10th day of April, 1915.

RAGLAN,

Lieutenant-Governor.

LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL.

LONDON BUILDING ACT, 1894—SECTION 164.

The following bye-laws for the regulation of lamps, signs or other structures overhanging the public way not being within the City of London, which were made by the Council on 30th June, 1914, and confirmed on 7th July, 1914, have been allowed by the Local Government Board, and the Board has directed that they shall come into operation on 1st May, 1915.

JAMES BIRD,

Clerk of the Council.

County Hall, Spring Gardens,
14th April, 1915.

NOTE.—In these bye-laws “local authority” means the metropolitan borough council in whose district the lamps, signs or other structures, the subject of these bye-laws, are fixed, fitted, erected or retained.

(This note and the headlines which follow, marked *, do not form part of the bye-laws.)

* Lamps and Structures Overhanging the Public Way.

1. A person shall not after the date at which these bye-laws come into operation fix or fit any lamp or any structure supporting or carrying the same, nor shall he retain any lamp or structure supporting or carrying the same fixed or fitted after such date so as to overhang the public way in such manner that any part of such lamp or structure respectively shall (i.) be at a less height than 8 feet clear above the surface of the footway immediately under such lamp or structure, or (ii.) be nearer to the carriageway than 2 feet 6 inches from the outer edge of the kerb, or (iii.) project more than 5 feet from the wall or shop front of the premises or the post or upright support to which it is attached.

Provided that this bye-law shall not apply (a) to the re-erection or replacement of any lamp or structure supporting or carrying the same which has been fixed or fitted before the date of confirmation of these bye-laws, if the interval between the removal and the re-erection or replacement does not exceed six months, (b) to any lamp or structure supporting or carrying the same which is substituted for a lamp or structure which has been fixed or fitted before the date of confirmation of these bye-laws, if the interval between the removal of the one and its replacement by the other does not exceed six months and the substituted lamp or structure does not exceed that for which it is substituted in weight or dimension and does not in situation contravene this bye-law to a greater extent than the lamp or structure for which it is substituted. Provided further that any person removing any such lamp or structure with a view to its re-erection or replacement or its substitution by another such lamp or structure shall, prior to its removal, give the same notice in respect of its removal as is required by the bye-law numbered (5) in the case of the erection of a new lamp or structure.

2. A person shall not, after the date at which these bye-laws come into operation, fix or fit any lamp which, including framework and ornaments, exceeds 3 feet in any part when measured in any direction horizontally, or which, including framework and ornaments, exceeds 5 feet in height, or which weighs more than 84 lbs., nor shall he retain any such lamp so fixed or fitted after such date so as to overhang the public way. Any lamp which may lawfully be fixed or fitted under this bye-law shall be provided with a secondary means of security of sufficient strength to sustain safely the whole weight of the lamp against falling away from its support.

* Signs and other Structures Overhanging the Public Way.

3. A person shall not, after the date at which these bye-laws come into operation, fix or fit any sign or any structure supporting or carrying the same or any other structure nor shall he retain any sign or structure supporting or carrying the same or other structure fixed or fitted after such date so as to overhang the