tham have made application to the Local Government Board for a regulation to be made in pursuance of the said sub-section putting the above mentioned provisions of that sub-section in force within the limits comprising the following parts of roads in Chalfont Saint Giles, in the county of Buckingham, that is to say:—

So much of the road from Amersham to Uxbridge as extends from the north boundary wall of the garden of "the Stone" to the point at which the road is intersected by the south side of the footpath leading from Chalfont Village towards Ashwell's Farm;

Chalfont Village towards Ashwell's Farm; So much of Chalfont Station Road as extends for a distance of 135 yards from its junction with the road above described; and

So much of the Chalfont and Beaconsfield Road as extends from its junction with the road first above described at "The Pheasant" to a point opposite the entrance to Sutmers Court, Three Households:

And whereas notice of the said application and of the time and manner in which objection should be made to any such regulation appeared in the London Gazette of the 10th day of August, 1914, in the "Slough, Eton, and Windsor Observer" of the 15th and 22nd days of August, 1914, and in the "Bucking-hamshire Advertiser" of the 15th and 22nd days of August, 1914:

And whereas certain objections to the making of any regulation in pursuance of the said provisions have been received by the Local Government Board, and it is expedient that further Inquiry should be made in the matter

of the said application:

Notice is hereby given, that R. C. Maxwell, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law, one of the Inspectors of the Local Government Board, will attend at the Palliser School Room, Chalfont Saint Giles, on Friday, the twenty-sixth day of March, 1915, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to hold a Local Inquiry into the subject-matter of the said application:

And notice is hereby further given, that any person interested may attend at such Inquiry and be heard with reference to the said appli-

cation.

As witness my hand this ninth day of March, 1915, at the Office of the Local Government Board, Whitehall, London.

Walter T. Jerred,
Assistant Secretary.

ORDER OF THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES.

(DATED 10TH MARCH 1915.)

NORFOLK (SWINE-FEVER) ORDER OF 1915.

The Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in them under the Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 to 1914, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered as follows:

Application of Swine-Fever (Regulation of Movement) Order of 1908 with Modifications.

1.—(1.) The provisions of the Swine-Fever (Regulation of Movement) Order of 1908 (hereinafter referred to as "the principal Order"), as modified by the Swine-Fever Order of 1911, shall apply to the Scheduled Area described in the First Schedule hereto, but subject to the modifications hereinafter contained: Provided that the provisions of the principal Order relating to an Infected Area shall not apply to any part of the Scheduled Area, unless such part is for the time being declared by Order of the Board to be, or form part of, a Swine-Fever Infected Area.

(2.) The Swine-Fever (Regulation of

(2.) The Swine-Fever (Regulation of Movement) Order of 1914 (Declaration substituted for Licence in case of Movement of Swine Intended for Immediate Slaughter) shall, so long as the same remains in force,

apply to the provisions of this Order.

## Regulation of Movement of Swine from Markets.

2.—(1.) The movement of swine from any market, fairground or saleyard in the Scheduled Area described in the First Schedule hereto shall be subject to the following provisions of this Order.

(2.) In the case of swine moved into the market, fairground or saleyard from premises cutside the Scheduled Area with a licence (Form A), the provisions of Article 4 of the principal Order shall apply to the subsequent

movement of the swine:

(3.) But if the market or saleyard is specially authorised by the Local Authority under the principal Order or the Swine-Fever (Movement from Ireland) Order of 1904, the movement of swine from the market or saleyard shall be subject to the provisions of Article 5 of the principal Order, as modified by the Swine-Fever Order of 1911 and the Swine-Fever (Regulation of Movement) Order of 1914.

(4.) In the case of any other movement of swine from a market, fairground or saleyard the movement shall be subject to the following

conditions:—

(i.) The swine shall be accompanied by a licence (Form C) granted by an Inspector of the Local Authority of the District in which the market, fairground or saleyard is situate.

(ii.) If the place of destination is outside the Scheduled Area it must be a bacon fac-

tory or slaughterhouse.

(iii.) The swine shall not, for a period of twenty-eight days after arrival at the place of destination specified in the licence, be moved from such place of destination except to a bacon factory or slaughterhouse, and only if accompanied by a licence (Form C) authorising such movement granted by an Inspector of the Local Authority of the District in which the swine are detained.

(iv.) Swine moved with a licence under this Article to a bacon factory or slaughterhouse shall be there detained until they are

slaughtered.

(v.) Swine while detained under this Article shall be kept separate from all other swine.

Regulation of Markets, &c., in Scheduled Area.

3. No sale of swine shall be held in any market, fairground or saleyard in the