

### SUPPLEMENT

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# The London Gazette

Of TUESDAY the 1st of SEPTEMBER, 1914.

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#### TUESDAY, 1 SEPTEMBER, 1914.

## By THE KING. A PROCLAMATION

VARYING the Proclamations in respect of the Postponement of Payments, dated respectively the second day of August, the sixth day of August, and the twelfth day of August, nineteen hundred and fourteen.

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS under the Postponement of Payments Act, 1914, We have power, by Proclamation, to authorize the postponement of the payment of any bill of exchange, or of any negotiable instrument, or any other payment in pursuance of any contract, to such extent, and for such time, and subject to such conditions or other provisions as may be specified in the Proclamation:

AND WHEREAS, in pursuance of that power, We have issued Proclamations in relation to the postponement of payments due before We were in a state of war or due in respect of contracts made before that time, dated the sixth day of August, and the twelfth day of August, nineteen hundred and fourteen; and on the second day of August, nineteen hundred and

fourteen, We also issued a Proclamation which is confirmed by the said Postponement of Payments Act, 1914, and is deemed to have been issued under that Act:

AND WHEREAS, under the said Act, We have power to vary, extend or revoke, any Proclamation under that Act by a subsequent Proclamation:

AND WHEREAS it is desirable in the best interests of Our Realm at the present juncture that all persons who can discharge their liabilities should do so without delay, but it is at the same time for certain purposes expedient that Our said Proclamations should be varied as hereinafter appears:

Now, THEREFORE, We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and We do hereby proclaim, direct, and ordain as follows:—

1. Our said Proclamation, dated the second day of August, nineteen hundred and fourteen, shall have effect as if the period of two calendar months were substituted therein for the period of one calendar month; and the sum mentioned in any form of re-acceptance thereunder shall

be deemed to be varied accordingly without the necessity of further re-acceptance.

- 2. Our said Proclamation, dated the sixth day of August, nineteen hundred and fourteen, as extended by Our said Proclamation, dated the twelfth day of August, nineteen hundred and fourteen, shall have effect as if the fourth day of October were substituted therein for the fourth day of September therein wherever that date occurs, and as if two calendar months were substituted therein for one calendar month.
- 3. Nothing in this Proclamation shall affect the payment of interest under the Proclamations extended thereby, or prevent payments being made before the expiration of the period for which they are postponed.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this first day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, and in the Fifth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 1st day of September, 1914.

#### PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

W HEREAS by an Order in Council dated the 12th day of August, 1914, His Majesty was pleased to make Regulations (called the Defence of the Realm Regulations, 1914), under the Defence of the Realm Act, 1914, for securing the public safety and the defence of the Realm:

And whereas by the Defence of the Realm (No. 2) Act, 1914, the power of making Regulations under the first mentioned Act was extended:

And whereas it is desirable to amend the said Regulations in manner herein provided:

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following amendments be made in the Defence of the Realm Regulations, 1914:—

- 1. After Regulation 3 the following Regulations shall be inserted:—
- "3A. The competent naval or military authority may by order authorize the use of land within such limits as may be specified in the order for the training of any part of His Majesty's naval or military forces; and may by such order confer such rights of user of the land, and provide for such temporary suspension of rights of way over roads and footpaths, as are conferred and exerciseable with respect to authorized land roads and footpaths under the Military Manœuvres Acts, 1897 and 1911, and the competent naval or military authority shall have all the powers exerciseable by the Military Manœuvres Commission under those Acts.
- "3B. The restriction on the power to make byelaws under the Military Lands Acts, 1892 to 1903, imposed by the following provisions of the Military Lands Act, 1892, that is to say, the proviso to subsection (1) of section four-teen, section sixteen, and subsection (1) of section seventeen of that Act, and by the follow-

ing provisions of the Military Lands Act, 1900, that is to say, the provisoes to subsection (2) of section two and subsection (3) of section two of that Act, are hereby suspended, and the powers of the Admiralty and the Secretary of State to make byelaws under the said Acts shall extend to the making of byelaws with respect to land of which possession has been taken under these Regulations.

"3c. The competent naval or military authority may if he considers it necessary so to do for the purposes of any work of defence or other defended military work, or of any work for which it is deemed necessary in the interests of public safety or the defence of the Realm to afford military protection, stop up or divert any road or pathway over or adjoining the land on which such work is situate:

"Provided that where any such road or pathway is so stopped up or diverted the competent naval or military authority shall publish notice thereof in such manner as he may consider best adapted for informing the public, and where any road or pathway is stopped up by means of any physical obstruction he shall cause lights sufficient for the warning of passengers to be set up every night whilst the road or pathway is so stopped up."

2. The following Regulation shall be inserted after Regulation 12:—

"12a. Any police officer or any person authorized for the purpose by the competent naval or military authority may stop any vehicle travelling along any public highway, and, if he has reason to suspect that the vehicle is being used for any purpose or in any way prejudicial to the public safety or the defence of the Realm, may search the vehicle and seize anything found therein which he has reason to suspect is being used or intended to be used for any such purpose as aforesaid."

3. At the end of Regulation 16 the following words shall be inserted:—

"And no person shall in any area which may be prescribed by order of a Secretary of State keep or have in his possession any carrier or homing pigeons, unless he has obtained from the chief officer of police of the district a permit for the purpose (which permit may at any time be revoked), and the chief officer of police may, if he considers it necessary or expedient to do so, cause any pigeons kept in contravention of this regulation to be liberated."

4. The following Regulation shall be substituted for Regulation 21:—

"No person shall by word of mouth or in writing spread reports likely to cause disaffection or alarm among any of His Majesty's forces or among the civilian population."

5. The following Regulation shall be inserted after Regulation 24:—

"24A. Where the behaviour of any person is such as to give reasonable grounds for suspecting that he has acted, or is acting, or is about to act in a manner prejudicial to the public safety or the safety of the Realm, the competent naval or military authority may, by order, direct him to cease to reside in any area (specified in the order) within or in the neighbourhood of a defended harbour or proclaimed area, and any person to whom the order relates shall, within such time as may be specified in the order, leave the area specified in the order, having first reported his proposed residence to the competent naval or military authority, and

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shall not again reside in that area without a permit for the purpose from that authority."

- 6. In Regulation 27, after the words "for the purpose of assisting the enemy" there shall be inserted the following words "or in respect of any contravention of Regulation 21 if the offender proves that he acted without any intention to cause disaffection or alarm."
- 7. At the end of Regulation 29 the following words shall be inserted:
- "The Admiralty or Army Council may authorize the competent naval or military authority to delegate, either unconditionally or subject to such conditions as he thinks fit, all or any of their powers under these Regulations to any officer qualified to be appointed a competent naval or military authority."
- 8. The Defence of the Realm Regulations, 1914, shall apply in respect of any area (in these Regulations referred to as "a proclaimed area") which may for the time being be proclaimed by the Admiralty or Army Council to be an area which it is necessary to safeguard in the interests of the training or concentration of any of His Majesty's forces in like manner as they apply in respect of a harbour or defended harbour as the case may be, and accordingly in Regulations 6, 7, 17, 20, 22, 23 and 24 the words "or proclaimed area" shall be inserted after the word "harbour" wherever it occurs.
- 9. These Regulations may be cited as the Defence of the Realm (No. 2) Regulations, 1914.

Almeric FitzRoy.

At the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 1st day of September, 1914.

By the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

WHEREAS it is provided by section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation or Order in Council made under Section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, as amended by the Act now in recital, may, whilst a state of war exists, be varied or added to by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade:

And whereas there was this day read at the Board a recommendation from the Board of Trade to the effect:—

That an Order should be issued withdrawing the prohibition on the exportation from the United Kingdom of Jams and Marmalades and of Condensed Milk, sweetened or not, established by His Majesty's Proclamation dated the 20th August, 1914:

Now, therefore, Their Lordships having taken the said recommendation into consideration, are pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the same be approved:

Whereof the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Excise, and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

Almeric FitzRoy.

