



THIRD SUPPLEMENT
TO
The London Gazette

Of FRIDAY, the 31st of JULY, 1914.

Published by Authority.

The Gazette is registered at the General Post Office for transmission by Inland Post as a newspaper. The postage rate to places within the United Kingdom is one halfpenny for each copy. For places abroad the rate is a halfpenny for every 2 ounces, except in the case of Canada, to which the rate, by Canadian Magazine Post, is a penny for every pound or fraction of a pound.

MONDAY, 3 AUGUST, 1914.

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace,*

The 3rd day of August, 1914.

PRESENT,

The KING'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS MAJESTY was this day pleased to make the following Declaration.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

MY LORDS,

I declare that owing to the state of Public Affairs and the demands upon Our Naval Forces for the protection of the Empire an occasion has arisen for ordering and directing as in the circumstances by Statute provided.

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION

FOR CALLING OUT MEN OF THE ROYAL NAVAL RESERVE AND ROYAL FLEET RESERVE,
AND OFFICERS AND MEN OF THE ROYAL NAVAL VOLUNTEER RESERVE.

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS by the fourth section of the Royal Naval Reserve (Volunteer) Act, 1859, it is enacted that it shall be lawful for Us on such occasions as We shall deem fit (the occasion being first communicated to Parliament if Parliament be sitting or declared in Council and notified by Proclamation if Parliament be not sitting or in being) to order

and direct that the Volunteers under that Act, or so many or such part of them as We may deem necessary, shall be called into actual service:

And whereas by the Royal Naval Reserve Volunteer Act, 1896, as amended by the Royal Naval Reserve Act, 1902, it is enacted that the power under the said Act of 1859 to raise and pay Volunteers may be exercised outside the British Islands in respect of British subjects:

And whereas by the Naval Reserve Act, 1900, the Admiralty are authorized to raise and keep up a new division, commonly known as the Royal Fleet Reserve, of the force raised under the said first recited Act in addition to the men raised under that Act, and such new division is liable to be called out as part of the Royal Naval Reserve under the said fourth section of the said Act of 1859:

And whereas by the Naval Forces Act, 1903, it is provided that the Admiralty may raise and maintain a force to be called the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve, and that certain provisions of the said Act of 1859 (including the fourth section of that Act) as amended by any subsequent enactment shall apply to the force so raised:

And whereas by the first section of the Naval Reserve (Mobilisation) Act, 1900, amending the said Act of 1859, it is enacted that it shall be lawful for Us where We order and direct that Volunteers under that Act shall be called into actual service to authorize the Admiralty to give, and when given to revoke or vary, such directions as may seem necessary or proper for calling out all or any of the said Volunteers as the occasion may require:

And whereas Parliament is not sitting:

And whereas We have declared in Council and hereby notify that owing to the state of Public Affairs and the demands upon Our Naval Forces for the protection of the Empire an occasion has arisen for ordering and directing as in the said Act provided:

We do by this Our Proclamation order and direct that Volunteers under the said Acts shall be called into actual service:

And We do hereby authorize the said Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty to give, and when given to revoke or vary, such directions as may seem necessary or proper for calling out all or any of the said Volunteers as the occasion may require.

Given at Our Court at *Buckingham Palace*, this Third day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, and in the Fifth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION

FOR CALLING OUT OFFICERS OF THE ROYAL NAVAL RESERVE.

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS by Order in Council, dated the fourth day of March, 1911, made pursuant to the powers contained in the Officers of Royal Naval Reserve Act, 1863, certain Regulations were put in force respecting Officers of the Royal Naval Reserve:

And whereas by Article 77 of such Regulations it is provided that Officers of the Royal Naval Reserve should be called out for actual service by Royal Proclamation, and that they should be liable to serve during the continuance of any national emergency or until they should be regularly discharged by the direction of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty:

And whereas a case of national emergency has arisen:

We do hereby order and direct that the said Officers of the Royal Naval Reserve be called out for actual service.

Given at Our Court at *Buckingham Palace*, this Third day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, and in the Fifth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION

FOR EXTENDING THE SERVICES OF TIME-EXPIRED MEN IN THE ROYAL NAVY.

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS by the ninth section of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the 16th and 17th years of the Reign of Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to make better provision concerning the entry and service of Seamen and otherwise to amend the laws concerning Her Majesty's Navy," it is enacted that

in case We shall by Proclamation call upon the seamen or any class or classes serving in Our Navy, or such of them as may be required so to do, to extend the term of their services, any seaman to whom such Proclamation shall extend, and whose term of service shall have expired at the date of such Proclamation, or may expire while such Proclamation shall continue in force, shall be required to serve for a period of five years from the expiration of such term, if his services be so long required, and shall be liable to serve accordingly, and shall for such extension of service be entitled to such bounty as may be given by such Proclamation :

And whereas We, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, deem it expedient to extend the service of all classes of men now serving in Our Navy whose term of service may have expired or may expire while this Proclamation shall continue in force :

We, by and with the advice aforesaid, do hereby order and direct that all classes of men now serving in Our Navy whose term of service may have expired or may expire while this Proclamation shall continue in force shall be required to serve for a period of five years from the expiration of their respective terms of service, if their services be so long required.

Each man whose service is extended is to receive a gratuity of three pounds ten shillings for clothing and bedding.

Given at Our Court at *Buckingham Palace*, this Third day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, and in the Fifth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION

FOR AUTHORIZING THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY TO REQUISITION ANY BRITISH SHIP OR BRITISH VESSEL WITHIN THE BRITISH ISLES OR THE WATERS ADJACENT THERETO.

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS a national emergency exists rendering it necessary to take steps for preserving and defending national interests :

And whereas the measures approved to be taken require the immediate employment of a large number of vessels for use as Transports and as Auxiliaries for the convenience of the Fleet and for other similar services, but owing to the urgency of the need it is impossible to delay the employment of such vessels until the terms of engagement have been mutually agreed upon :

Now, THEREFORE, We authorize and empower the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty by Warrant under the hand of their Secretary or under the hand of any Flag Officer of Our Royal Navy holding any appointment under the Admiralty to requisition and take up for Our service any British ship or British vessel as defined in the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, within the British Isles, or the waters adjacent thereto, for such period of time as may be necessary on condition that the Owners of all ships and vessels so requisitioned shall receive payment for their use, and for services rendered during their employment in the Government service, and compensation for loss or damage thereby occasioned, according to terms to be arranged as soon as possible after the said ship has been taken up, either by mutual agreement between the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty and the Owners or failing such agreement by the award of a Board of Arbitration to be constituted and appointed by Us for this purpose.

Given at Our Court at *Buckingham Palace*, this Third day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, and in the Fifth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

