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came up, Norwood jumped down from the platform and tried to pull Rasell clear by his legs; failing to do so, he went in front of the engine, grasped. Rasell by the shoulder, and tried to roll him over. Norwood just succeeded in getting Rasell clear, but was struck on the head by the front of the engine, which came to a standstill a few yards further on.

If the driver had not reversed his engine, both Rasell and Norwood must have been killed. The injuries to Norwood's head were serious, and he is stated by the doctor who attended him to have had a miraculous escape from death. His intention to effect the rescue at all hazards is shown by his changing his hold on Rasell, and by his maintaining his hold after being struck by the engine.

WILD BIRD (ENGLAND).

The Wild Birds Protection (Administrative County of Bedford) Order, 1914.

Dated 13th February, 1914.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred on me by the Wild Birds Protection Acts, 1880 to 1908, and upon application by the Council of the Administrative County of Bedford, I hereby make the following Order:—

Title.

I. This Order may be cited as the Wild Birds Protection (Administrative County of Bedford) Order, 1914.

BIRDS.

Additions to the Schedule of the Act of 1880.

II. The Wild Birds Protection Act, 1880, shall apply within the Administrative County of Bedford to the following species of Wild Birds in the same manner as if those species were included in the Schedule to the Act:—

were included in the Schedule to the Act:—
Common Buzzard, Honey Buzzard, Hobby,
Kestrel, Linnet, Merlin, Nuthatch, Shrike
or Butcher Bird, Wheatear, Wryneck
(Cuckoo's Mate or Snake Bird).

Close Time extended.

III. The time during which the killing or taking of Wild Birds is prohibited by the Act of 1880 shall be extended, throughout the Administrative County of Bedford, so far as regards all Birds mentioned in the Schedule to that Act, as amended by the Act of 1881, or added thereto by Clause II of this Order, so as to be between the last day of February and the 1st day of September in each year; and as regards other Wild Birds so as to be between the last day of February and the 13th day of August in each year.

Certain Birds protected during the whole of the Year.

IV. During that particular period of the year to which the protection afforded by the

Wild Birds Protection Act, 1880, as extended by Clause III of this Order, does not apply, the killing or taking of the following species of Wild Birds is prohibited throughout the Administrative County of Bedford:—

Goldfinch, Great Crested Grebe, Kingfisher, Sand Martin, Owl (except Little Owl), Robin.

Eggs.

Certain Eggs protected throughout the County.

V. The taking or destroying of the Eggs of the following species of Wild Birds is prohibited throughout the Administrative County of Bedford:—

Common Buzzard, Honey Buzzard, Goldfinch, Hobby, Kestrel, Kingfisher, Sand Martin, Merlin, Nightingale, Nightjar (Goatsucker or Fern Owl), Nuthatch, Owl (except Little Owl), Robin, Swift, Woodpecker, Wryneck (Cuckoo's Mate or Snake Bird).

Repeal of former Order.

VI. The Order of the 4th December, 1900, is hereby repealed.

Given under my hand at Whitehall, this 13th day of February, 1914.

R. McKenna,

One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Downing Street, 11th February, 1914.

The KING has been pleased to give directions for the following appointments in Nigeria to date from the 1st of January, 1914:—

Frederick Seton James, Esq., C.M.G., to be Administrator of the Colony of Nigeria.

Major Harry Claude Moorhouse, D.S.O., to be Secretary, Southern Provinces.

Donald Charles Cameron, Esq., to be Central Secretary.

Godfrey Reginald Matthews, Esq., to be Secretary, Northern Provinces.

Downing Street, 11th February, 1914.

The KING has been pleased to give directions for the appointment of James Reginald Upton Little, Esq., Robert McNeill, Esq., Christopher Alexander Sapara Williams, Esq., Barrister-at-Law, and Kitoyi Ajasa, Esq., Barrister-at-Law, to be Unofficial Members of the Legislative Council of the Colony of Nigeria from the 1st of January, 1914.