

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 14th day of *October*, 1913.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.
Viscount Knollys.
Viscount Allendale.
Lord Chamberlain.
Sir Arthur Hardinge.

WHEREAS by the Medical Act, 1886, it is provided (amongst other things) that His Majesty may from time to time, by Order in Council, declare that the Second Part of the said Act shall be deemed, on and after a day to be named in such Order, to apply to any British Possession which in the opinion of His Majesty affords to the registered medical practitioners of the United Kingdom such privileges of practising in the said British Possession as to His Majesty may seem just; and that from and after the day named in such Order in Council such British Possession shall be deemed to be a British Possession to which the said Act applies, within the meaning of the said Second Part thereof, but that until such Order in Council has been made in respect of any British Possession the said Second Part of the said Act shall not be deemed to apply to any such Possession.

And whereas by the Medical Act (1886) Amendment Act, 1905, it is provided that for the purposes of the Medical Act, 1886, where any part of a British Possession is under a central and also under a local legislature, His Majesty may, if He thinks fit, by Order in Council, declare that the part which is under the local legislature shall be deemed a separate British Possession.

And whereas the Province of New Brunswick, in the Dominion of Canada, is under a central and also under a local legislature.

And whereas the said Province of New Brunswick affords, in His Majesty's opinion, to the registered medical practitioners of the United Kingdom such privileges of practising in the said Province as to His Majesty seem just.

Now, therefore, His Majesty doth hereby, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, order and declare that the Province of New Brunswick, in the Dominion of Canada, shall be deemed a separate British Possession, and that the Second Part of the Medical Act, 1886, shall be deemed as from the date of this Order to apply to the said Province of New Brunswick.

Almeric FitzRoy.

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 14th day of *October*, 1913.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.
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WHEREAS by the Cyprus Telegraphs Order, 1904, provision was made for the regulation of the installation and working in Cyprus of telegraphic apparatus and for the

exercise of control in certain events by the High Commissioner over the transmission of messages in Cyprus by any such telegraphic apparatus as aforesaid:

And whereas it is expedient that the provisions of the said Order in Council should be revoked in so far as they relate to Wireless Telegraphy as hereinafter defined:

Now, therefore, His Majesty by virtue of the powers in this behalf by "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," or otherwise in His Majesty vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of his Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order may be cited as "The Cyprus Telegraphs Amendment Order, 1913," and shall be read as one with the Cyprus Telegraphs Order, 1904.

2. In this Order "Wireless Telegraphy" means any system of transmitting messages or other communications by means of electric, galvanic or magnetic signals without the aid of any wire connecting the points from and at which the messages or other communications are sent and received, and includes any apparatus for transmitting or receiving such messages or other communications.

3. The Cyprus Telegraphs Order, 1904, shall be and the same is hereby revoked in so far as it relates to Wireless Telegraphy.

Almeric FitzRoy.

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 14th day of *October*, 1913.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.
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Viscount Allendale.
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Sir Arthur Hardinge.

WHEREAS it is provided by the Slave Trade Act, 1876, that any person, being a subject of His Majesty, or of any Prince or State in India in alliance with His Majesty, who commits upon the High Seas or in any part of Asia or Africa which may be specified in that behalf by an Order of His Majesty in Council, any of the offences defined in sections 367, 370 and 371 of the Indian Penal Code or abets within the meaning of Chapter V of the said code the commission of any such offence, shall be dealt with in respect of such offence or abetment as if the same had been committed in any place within British India in which he may be or may be found:

And whereas by an Order in Council of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria, dated the 30th day of April, 1877, it was provided that the said Act should apply to the several parts of Asia and Africa therein specified:

And whereas it is desirable to apply the said Act to certain territories in the neighbourhood of Aden to which the said Act has not been applied hitherto:

Now, therefore, in pursuance, and by virtue of the said Act, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. This Order may be cited as The Slave Trade Offences (India) Order in Council, 1913.