

The London Gazette.

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From Thursday May 26. to Monday May 30. 1692.

From the Camp before Great Waradin, May 12.

ON the 21 instant we opened our Trenches. The 3d we finished two new Redoubts before the Bastion of *Capudani*, in which were posted 500 Musqueteers and 100 Dragoons: the Guard of the Trenches was reliev'd by 300 German Foot, 500 Heydukes, and 200 Dragoons. The 4th we made a Bridge from the Palank of *Olofschi* to the Old Town, and a Line was drawn along the River *Keres*, and a Redoubt made at the head of it: The Enemy made a Sally with 200 Men, but were beaten back with loss. The 5th we continued our Works, and the Belieged did not fire so much as they had done the preceding days, which made us conjecture they wanted Powder or Shot. The 6th the Trenches were carried on with Lines of Communication: A Defetter came out of the place, and assured us, That all the Officers of the Garison were for capitulating, except the Aga of the Janitarics, who alone opposed it. The 7th the Enemy made another Sally upon our Workmen, and were vigorously repulsed. The 8th they sallied out again, but with no better success than before. The same day a Miller came over to us, and declared to the General an Invention for draining the Ditches. The 9th we advanced our Trenches within 20 paces of the Ditch of the Fortrefs. The 10th we began our work, in order to draw out the water, and finished one of our Batteries. The 11th we advanced but little, by reason of the wet weather. This day the Belieged made another Sally, and cut off some of our Men that were posted nearest to the place: but these being reinforced, the Turks were beaten back with the loss like- wise of several men on their side.

Vienna, May 12. The last Advices from the Camp before Great Waradin say, That their Lines of Circumvallation were finished, and made very orderly; That a Defetter was come out of the Town, who had undertaken to draw the water out of the Ditch, and that the Country people were at work about it; That the Turks had made several Sallies, but with little advantage to themselves; That the Garison had pressed the Aga of the Janitarics to come in time to some consideration of their condition, but that he still refused to hear of Capitulating, assuring them of speedy Relief. Our heavy Cannon for Battery is by this time arrived in the Camp, and we do not doubt but the place will quickly fall into our hands. We hear from *Transylvania*, That the Turks from *Widdin* and *Belgrade* having made a fierce Attack both by Land and Water, upon the Imperialists that guard the Pass on the *Danube* near *Orsova*, the latter had been forced to quit an out-post, called *Maraculle*, but that they still maintained the Cave in the Rock of *Pescabara*, &c had received a Reinforcement, which was sent to them by Coll. *Antono*, with much difficulty. We are told, That General *Caprara* is designed to command the Emperors Troops in *Italy* this Summer under the Duke of *Savoy*. The Imperial Forces that are to serve in *Hungary*, are all marching to the general Rendezvous, whither Prince *Louis* of *Baden*, their General, will be going about the end of this month.

Frankfort, May 28. The Troops of *Munster*, designed for *Hungary*, passed two days ago by this City. The French are drawing together about *Neustadt*, where they pretend to form a Camp of 20000 Men; but we are assured that they cannot make 12000; most, as well as the best, of their Troops that were on the *Rhine*, being detached towards *Flanders*. The Confederate Forces on this side are preparing to take the field:

Cologne, May 30. The Elector of *Cologne* having changed his resolution of going to *Brussels*, upon the receipt of an Express from his Brother the Elector of *Bavaria*, parted from hence this day for *Munich*. This week two Bavarian Regiments, one of Horse, and the other of Dragoons, passed the *Rhine* here and at *Mulheim*; but in their going over, our Bridge of Boats broke, and some of the Troopers were unfortunately drowned. These Regiments have since continued their march towards *Flanders*.

Leige, May 31. On the 25th instant in the morning a Body of French Horse, commanded by the Count de *Manzal*, invested *Namur*. The French King passed the *Sambre* the 26th, and took his Quarters in the Abbey of *Malone*. They have laid four Bridges over the *Sambre* and the *Meuse*, and are at work on their Lines of Circumvallation and Contravallation; but we do not hear that they have yet opened their Trenches. The Duke of *Luxemburg* lies with the greatest part of the Army on the *Brabant*-side, near *Gemblours*; and the Marquets de *Boufflers* is posted at *Dinant*. There is in the Town a strong Garison, commanded by brave and experienced Officers, so that it is not doubted but they will make a very good Defence. They have made a Sally, and burnt the Suburb of *Jambres*, for that it might be of advantage to the Enemy. The *Brandenburg* Forces that were quartered in these parts, together with those of *Leige*, are on their march, to the number of above 20000 Men, under the Command of the Baron de *Fleming*, and Count *Serclaes de Tilly*, to joyn the Confederate Army in *Brabant*.

Paris, May 30. They write from *Morlaix* of the 24th, That the Count de *Tourville* had put aboard two Couriers at *Lazart*, a small Port near that place, to carry the News of his being come with the French Fleet into the Channel, to the French Court, and to *la Hague*, where the late King *James* lies encamped with the French and Irish Troops. From *Flanders* we hear, That the French King came before *Namur* the 26th instant, and that he has his Quarters at an Abbey a League from the Town, between the *Sambre* and the *Meuse*. The Letters from *Thoulou* of the 20th tell us, That on the 14th the Chevalier de *Navailles* parted from thence with 30 Gallies, two Frigats, and a Galiot for Bombs; and that they took their course towards *Onelle*, belonging to the Duke of *Savoy*, on the Coast of *Genoua*, with a design to bombard that place; and on the 16th three Frigats, with a Galiot for Bombs, sailed from *Thoulou* for *Tripoli*.

Brussels, June 1. On the 27th past the King of *England* decamped from *Anderlecht*, and marched to *Diegom*; His Majesty taking his Quarters in the Castle of *Beaulieu*, belonging to the Prince de *Tassis*. The 28th at break of day the Army marched again towards *Louvain*, and encamped near *Bethlem*-Abbey. The same day the Elector of *Bavaria*, accompanied by the General Officers, and divers other Persons of Quality, went hence to the Army, which will be joyned in a day or two by a considerable Body of Spanish Horse and Dragoons, and 2000 Bavarian Cuirassiers and Dragoons, who are come from *Germany*.

From His Majesties Camp near *Bethlem*-Abbey, June 2. The French are set down before *Namur*, and, as we are told, opened their Trenches yesterday. The place is well provided with Men, and all things necessary for its Defence. This day the Danish Foot came into the Camp, with two Regiments of *Saxe-Gotha*. General *Fleming* has passed the *Meuse* near *Masstricht*, with 20000 *Branden-*