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Whitehall, May 16.

THE Queen being informed of a scandalous and malicious Report that was spread abroad, as if some of the Officers of Their Majesties Fleet were disaffected, or not hearty in their Service, and that Her Majesty had thereupon ordered the discharge of many of them from their Employments; Her Majesty was pleased to command the Earl of Nottingham to write to Admiral Ruffell, to let him know, That Her Majesty was satisfied that this Report was raised by the Enemies of the Government; and that she reposed to entire a Confidence in their Fidelity and Zeal for Their Majesties Service, and the Defence of their Country, that she had resolved not to displace any one of them. Which being communicated to the Admiral, they made and sent up the following Address, which was this day presented to the Queen by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

WE Your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects and Servants, Flag-Officers and Captains in Your Majesties Fleet, out of the deep and grateful sense we have of Your Majesties Good and Just Opinion of our Loyalty and Fidelity, imparted to us by the Right Honourable Admiral Ruffell, in a Letter to him from my Lord Nottingham: Do, in the behalf of our selves, and all the other Officers and Seamen, humbly presume to Address our selves to Your Majesty at this juncture, to undeceive the World in those false and malicious Reports that have been lately spread in prejudice of Your Majesties Service by People of an unreasonable disaffection to Your Majesties Government, and an obstinate aversion to the Quiet and Good of our Country, That there are some amongst us that are not truly zealous for, and entirely devoted to Your Majesties Service. We do therefore most humbly beg Your Majesties leave to add to our repeated Oaths this assurance of our Fidelity, That we will with all imaginable Alacrity and Resolution venture our Lives in the Defence of Your Majesties undoubted Rights, and the Liberty and Religion of our Country, against all Foreign and Popish Invaders, what soever. And that God Almighty may preserve Your Majesties most Sacred Person, direct Your Councils, and prosper Your Arms by Sea and Land, against Your Majesties Enemies, let all the people say Amen, with Your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects. Dated on board the *Britannia* at St. Helens, this 15th day of May, 1692.

This Address was signed by Sir John Ashby, Admiral of the Blue; Sir Ralph Delaval, Vice-Admiral of the Red; Mr. Rooke, Vice-Admiral of the Blue; Sir Cloudfly Shovel, Recr-Admiral of the Red; Mr. Carter, Recr-Admiral of the Blue; and the other Commanders of Their Majesties Fleet: And Her Majesty accepted it very graciously, being pleased to say, That she always had this Opinion of the Commanders; but was very glad this was come, to satisfie others.

By the King and Queen,

A P R O C L A M A T I O N
Declaring the Parliament shall be Prorogued until the Fourteenth day of June next.

Marie R.

WHEREAS Our Parliament is now Prorogued to the Four and twentieth Day of this instant May; And where- as by Our Proclamation of the Fifth of this Month,

for the Reason therein mentioned, We thought fit to declare Our Pleasure, That Our Parliament should not only Meet on the said Four and twentieth Day of May, but should Continue then to Sit for the Dispatch of divers Weighty Affairs. We taking it into Our Royal Consideration, That Our Navy being now at Sea, and joined with that of Our Allies, and in a readiness (by the Blessing of God) to Resist and Repel the Designs and Attempts of Our Enemies: And being unwilling to Call Our Subjects from their Habitations at this Season of the Year, unless in Case of Necessity, have therefore thought fit (with the Advice of Our Privy Council) to Publish and Declare, and We do hereby Publish and Declare Our Royal Pleasure, That Our Parliament shall upon the said Four and twentieth day of May, be further Prorogued to the Fourteenth day of June next, Whereof the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses of the House of Commons, and all others whom it may concern, may hereby take Notice, and Order their Affairs accordingly. We letting them know, That We will not at the said Four and twentieth Day of May expect the Attendance of any, but such as being in or about the Cities of London and Westminster, may attend the making of the said Prorogation, in such manner as heretofore in like Cases has been accustomed. And We do hereby further Declare, That convenient Notice shall be given by Proclamation, of the time when Our Parliament shall Meet and Sit for the Dispatch of Business, to the end that the Members of both Houses may Order their Affairs accordingly.

Given at Our Court at Whitehall, the Sixteenth day of May, 1692. In the Fourth year of Our Reign.

Milan, May 7. The German Troops, who have had their Winter Quarters in the Duchies of Mantua, Parma, Modena, and Montserrat, are now on their march towards Piedmont, where it's believed the Campagne will be opened about the 20th of this month.

Vienna, May 11. The Courier that was sent in December last with Letters to the Dutch Ambassador at the Ottoman Port, returned hither this day, and confirms the News of the Grand Vifier's disgrace. He had in less than six months put to death and ruined above 500 persons of the best Reputation in the Empire, upon meer suspicions that they were not his Friends, and had designed to cut off the Caimacan of Adrianople, for whom the Sultan had a particular favour. Some persons in the Seraglio took this occasion to lay before him the Vifier's Cruelty, and his close Engagements with the French Ambassador, which made him extremely hated by the people, as also his unfitness in other respects for the great Station he was placed in; and their representation had such effect, that the Sultan sent immediately for the Vifier, and ordered the black Eunuchs to strangle him in his presence: but, at the intercession of the Sealea Aga, he was banished to Rhodes, and his Estate seized. His Son and all his Creatures, whom he had put into publick Employments, fell under the same fate; so that there was hardly a man left in any part of the Government, who was suspected to favour the French Interests. The place of Vifier was first offered to the Caimacan of Adrianople, but he refused it; and then it was given to Hali Bassa, who was expected in few days at Adrianople, and is looked upon as a man of great Capacity and Zeal for the Good of the Ottoman Empire. The Imperial Regiments that were quartered in Upper Hungary are all arrived before Great Waradin, and General Heister, with the Major-Generals Berner and Aversberg, are gone thither from Debreczin; so that it's believed the place is by this time formally besieged. Prince Louis of Baden will