

DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS, 1894 AND 1896.

RETURN of OUTBREAKS of SWINE-FEVER for the Week ended 29th August, 1903.

Counties (including all Boroughs therein*).	Outbreaks confirmed.	Swine Slaughtered as Diseased or as having been exposed to Infection.	Counties (including all Boroughs therein*).	Outbreaks confirmed.	Swine Slaughtered as Diseased or as having been exposed to Infection.
ENGLAND.	No.	No.	ENGLAND.	No.	No.
Cumberland	2	6	Suffolk	1	32
Derby	1	8	York, West Riding	3	20
Devon	1	...	WALES.		
Essex	1	19	Carnarvon	1	2
Gloucester	1	...			
Huntingdon	1	...			
Kent	2	3			
			TOTAL	14	90

* For convenience Berwick-upon-Tweed is considered to be in Northumberland, Dudley in Worcestershire, Stockport in Cheshire, and the city of London in the county of London.

SWINE-FEVER INFECTED AREAS.

The following Areas are now *Areas Infected with Swine-Fever* under the above-mentioned Acts:—

Carnarvonshire.—An Area comprising the petty sessional divisions of Carnarvon, Bangor, and Conway (except the parish of Llysfaen), the boroughs of Bangor, and Conway (including any detached parts thereof), and the parishes of Llanrhychwyn, Trefriw, Maenan, and the Abbey, in the administrative county of Carnarvon; and also comprising the borough of Carnarvon (26 August, 1903).

Cumberland.—An Area comprising the petty sessional divisions of Allerdale Below Derwent, Keswick, Derwent (including its detached part), Maryport, and Workington, and the parishes of Harrington, Distington, Parton, Moresby, Hensingham, Weddicar, Arlecdon, Salter and Eskett, and Lamplugh, in the administrative county of Cumberland; and also comprising the boroughs of Whitehaven and Workington (27 May, 1903).

Gloucestershire.—An Area comprising the petty sessional divisions of Cirencester (except the parishes of Winstone, Syde, Brimpsfield, Elkstone, Colesborne, and Rendcomb), Stroud

(except the parishes of Miserden, Cranham, Painswick, Pitchcombe, and Whiteshill), Nailsworth, and Tetbury (except the parish of Didmarton), and the parish of King's Stanley, in the administrative county of Gloucester (15 May, 1903).

Isle of Wight.—An Area comprising the administrative county of the Isle of Wight, including the boroughs of Newport and Ryde (4 June, 1903).

Midlothian and Peebles.—An Area comprising the parishes of Inveresk, Newton, Liberton, Dalkeith, Cranston, Newbattle, Cockpen, Lasswade, Glencorse, Penicuik, Carrington, Borthwick, Orichton, Temple, and Heriot, in Midlothian; and the parishes of Linton, Newlands, Eddleston, Innerleithen, Kirkurd, Lyne, Skirling, and such portions of the parishes of Stobo, Broughton Glenholm and Kilbucho, and Peebles as lie to the north of the Caledonian and North British Railways, in the administrative county of Peebles; and also comprising the burgh of Musselburgh (13 August, 1903).

Monmouthshire.—See end of List.

Peebles.—See under *Midlothian and Peebles*.

The provisions of the Swine-Fever (Infected Areas) Order of 1902, with modifications, have by Special Order been applied to:—

Monmouthshire.—The county of Monmouth. The county borough of Newport (16 May, 1903).