granted in Denmark, Russia, and the Argentine | Republic.

Now, therefore, His Majesty, in exercise of the powers vested in Him by the said first recited Act, by and with the advice of His Privy Council,

ber next, and subject to any such provision by Parliament as hereinbefore treated, all sugar from Denmark, Russia, and the Argentine Republic (not including molasses and sugarsweetened products) shall (except in transit) be prohibited to be imported or brought into the United Kingdom; and that in relation to this Order the regulations in the Schedule hereto annexed are to be deemed as made and pre-A. W. FitzRoy. scribed.

SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Order refers.

REGULATION I.

All sugar (other than molasses and sugarsweetened products) imported or brought into the United Kingdom from any place outside the same, shall be accompanied by such evidence of origin as hereinafter required; and all such sugar imported or brought into the United Kingdom not accompanied by such evidence shall be deemed to be so imported or brought in contrary to a restriction contained in section forty-two of the Customs Consolidation Act 1876, and subject as hereinafter provided, shall be dealt with accordingly, as if the same were goods enumerated and described in the table to the said section.

· REGULATION II.

The evidence of origin required shall be in accordance with that laid down by the Permanent Commission in certain Articles agreed to by them for due observance of the Convention, so far as the same are applicable to the United Kingdom; that is to say :-

All sugar (other than molasses and sugar-sweetened products) shall be accompanied by a certificate of origin indicating (A) the kind and quantity of the sugar, (B) the kind, number, and marks of the packages, (C) the country of production, of origin, or of manufacture, and the country of destination of the goods, and (D) the mode of carriage by land or water.

REGULATION III.

The certificate must be signed, and issued, by the fiscal authority having jurisdiction in the country of production, of despatch, or of transformation, such fiscal authority being duly empowered for that purpose by the Government of the State.

REGULATION IV.

When the country of origin of any sugar the subject of a certificate is a State not party to the Convention, the certificate must, in addition to the particulars required above, state that the goods are derived from a factory which does not work sugar coming from either Russia, Denmark, or the Argentine Republic; and any such certicate must, as a guarantee of due signature and issue, be viséd by the proper British Consul or Vice-Consul.

REGULATION V.

No certificate is to be deemed valid after the expiry of twelve calendar months from the date of its issue, or such less time (if any) as may be mentioned in the certificate by the fiscal authority issuing the same.

REGULATION VI.

Inasmuch as it is possible that sugar may occasionally reach the United Kingdom before the arrival of the certificates of origin relating to 4" for ecclesiastical purposes; and the said Arch-

the same, and it would be inconvenient and expensive to importers if such sugar were not delivered from Customs charge until the arrival of the certificates, it shall be competent for the Commissioners of Customs to authorize the delivery of such sugar, on the security of a deposit of such amount or of a boud in such penalty as they may think fit, for the due pro-duction of the necessary certificate within a prescribed period, provided that they see no reason for suspecting that the sugar emanates from a prohibited country.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 11th day of August, 1903.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the Sugar Convention Act, 1903, it is in pursuance of a provision to that effect in the Convention enacted that His Majesty may, by Order in Council, declare that every sugar factory and sugar refinery and factory for the extraction of sugar from molasses in the United Kingdom shall be subject to the supervision either of the Commissioners of Customs or of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue.

Now, therefore, His Majesty, in exercise of the said power, and by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered

That, from and after the first day of September next, inclusive, every sugar factory and sugar refinery and factory for the extraction of sugar from molasses in the United Kingdom shall be under the supervision either of the Commissioners of Customs or of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue.

A. W. FitzRoy.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 10th day of August, 1903.

PRESENT.

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THEREAS by section twenty-six of "The Pluralities Act 1838" after reciting that "Whereas in some instances tithings, hamlets, "chapelries, and other places or dis ricts may be separated from the parishes or mother "churches to which they belong, with great advantage, and places altogether extra-paro-" chial may in some instances with advantage be " annexed to parishes or districts to which they " are contiguous, or be constituted separate "parishes for ecclesiastical purposes," it is, amongst other things, enacted "That when with " respect to his own diocese it shall appear to the " Archbishop of the Province, or when the Bishop " of any diocese shall represent to the said Arch-" bishop that any such tithing, hamlet, chapelry, " place or district within the diocese of such "Archbishop, or the diocese of such Bishop, as "the case may be, may be advantageously "separated from any parish or mother church " and either be constituted a separate benefice " by itself or be united to any other parish to " which it may be more conveniently annexed, or " to any other adjoining tithing, hamlet, chapelry, " place, or district, parochial or extra-parochial, so as to form a separate parish or benefice, or " that any extra-parochial place may with advan-" tage be annexed to any parish to which it is " contiguous, or be constituted a separate parish