

school, the court may make at the same time such order for a contribution to his support and maintenance on his parent, or other person legally liable to maintain him, as may be made by justices or a magistrate under sections twenty-five and twenty-six of the Reformatory Schools Act, 1866, or under section forty of the Industrial Schools Act, 1866, or under any local Act relating to reformatory or industrial schools, and thereupon, subject to the provisions of this Act, those enactments shall apply as if the order had been made on a complaint thereunder.

"(2.) An order made on complaint under any of those enactments may be enforced as an order of affiliation."

And whereas by section seven of the same Act it is enacted that:—

"(1.) Where an order is made under this Act on a parent or other person liable to maintain a child or young person, the order shall be served in the prescribed manner on the person on whom it is made, and shall be binding on him unless he makes an application against it within the prescribed time to the court on the ground either that he is not legally liable to maintain the child or young person, or that he is unable to contribute the sum specified in the order.

"(2.) The court may confirm the order with or without modifications, or may rescind it.

"(3.) Any such order may be enforced as an order of affiliation."

It is hereby declared and ordered that—

(1.) Where a court of summary jurisdiction orders a child to be sent to a certified day industrial school, the order which is to be made on the parent of such child, if liable to maintain him, in pursuance of section sixteen of the Elementary Education Act, 1876, or section three of the Day Industrial Schools (Scotland) Act 1893, may be made at the same time as the order committing the child to the school.

(2.) Where an order is made under this clause on a parent, the order shall be served on him by a Constable or School Attendance Officer, by delivering a copy of such order to the person on whom it is made, or by leaving the same at such person's last known place of abode with some other person for him; and it shall be binding on him unless he makes an application against it to the Court within one month after service of a copy of the Order, on the ground either that he is not legally liable to maintain the child, or that he is unable to contribute the sum specified in the order.

(3.) The Court may confirm such order with or without modification, or may rescind it.

(4.) Any order made under this clause, or any order made on complaint under the Elementary Education Act 1876 or the Day Industrial Schools (Scotland) Act 1893, may be enforced in England as an order of affiliation and in Scotland as a decree for aliment.

Powers of County and Borough Councils and School Boards.

3. Whereas it is enacted by section sixteen of the Elementary Education Act, 1876, that a prison authority within the meaning of the Industrial Schools Act, 1866, or a School Board, shall have the same powers in relation to a certified day industrial school as they have in relation to a certified industrial school:

And whereas by subsection five of section three of the Day Industrial Schools (Scotland) Act, 1893, it is enacted as follows:—

"The county council of any county or the magistrates of any burgh may contribute to any certified day industrial school on the same terms

as they may contribute to any industrial school under section sixty-seven of the Prisons (Scotland) Act, 1877."

And whereas by subsection three of section three of the same Act it is enacted as follows:—

"(a.) A school board shall have the same power of establishing and maintaining certified day industrial schools as they have of establishing and maintaining certified industrial schools under section forty-one of the Education (Scotland) Act, 1872."

And whereas by section nine of the Youthful Offenders Act, 1901, it is enacted as follows:—

"Where a local authority acting in pursuance of the Acts relating to reformatory or industrial schools, or the Elementary Education Acts, 1870 to 1900, agree to contribute a weekly payment towards the maintenance of any child in any reformatory or industrial school, the requirements of the first proviso to section twelve of the Industrial Schools Act, 1866, and section twenty-eight of the Reformatory Schools Act, 1866, and of section 14 of the Elementary Education Act, 1873 (relating to previous notice of intention to contribute) shall not apply to such contribution."

It is hereby declared and ordered that where a county or borough council, or the Magistrates of any burgh in Scotland, or a school board, agree to contribute a weekly payment towards the maintenance of any child in any day industrial school, the requirements as to previous notice of intention to contribute in the first proviso to clauses nine and ten of the Order in Council relating to Day Industrial Schools of the twentieth March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, and to clauses nine and ten of the Order in Council relating to Day Industrial Schools in Scotland of the eleventh May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, shall not apply to such contribution.

Miscellaneous.

4. No summons, notice, or order made for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this Order shall be invalidated for want of form only.

5. In this Order—

The term "child" means a child between the ages of five years and fourteen years:

The term "parent" includes guardian and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of a child.

6. Nothing in this Order shall be construed to be contrary to any of the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1876, the Day Industrial Schools (Scotland) Act, 1893, or the Youthful Offenders Act, 1901, and nothing in this Order shall in any way affect the provisions of the Order made by the Secretary of State on the ninth of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, under the provisions of the Glasgow Juvenile Delinquency Prevention and Repression Act, 1878, or deprive the Glasgow Juvenile Delinquency Board of any powers given them by the Youthful Offenders Act, 1901.

A. W. FitzRoy.

*Master of the Horse's Office,
Royal Mews, Buckingham Palace,
March 11, 1903.*

The KING has been graciously pleased to appoint Donald Alastair Leslie Davidson, Esq., to be Page of Honour to His Majesty, vice George Master, Viscount Torrington, resigned.