

Stafford, and grandson of Francis Newdigate, late of Arbury, in the aforesaid county of Warwick, and of Blackheath, in the county of Kent, both deceased, His Royal licence and authority that he and his issue may, in compliance with a clause contained in the last will and testament of his kinsman, the Right Honourable Charles Newdigate-Newdegate, of Arbury, in the said county of Warwick, take and use the surname of Newdegate in addition to and after the surname of Newdigate:

And to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be recorded in His Majesty's College of Arms, otherwise to be void and of none effect.

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, September 29, 1902.*

H. 14042.

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for the Colonies, a copy of the following Quarantine Notice issued by the Officer Administering the Government of Malta:—

**Government Notice. No. 218.**

His Honour the Officer Administering the Government, having heard the opinion of the Council of Health, has been pleased to repeal Government Notice No. 214 of the 13th September, 1902, and to direct that the following regulations be observed as regards vessels and passengers, viz:—

**Infected Places.**

1. The following countries are, for purposes of quarantine, to be treated as infected:

- (a.) Arabia (excepting Perim and Aden);
- (b.) China;
- (c.) Egypt;
- (d.) India;
- (e.) Odessa.

2. And the following ports:

- (a.) Ports in the Persian Gulf.
- (b.) Ports in the Sea of Marmora and the Bosphorus.

**Infected Vessels.**

3. Infected vessels are vessels which have, or have had, on board, during the voyage or the preceding 20 days, cases of cholera, yellow fever, plague, or any disease with symptoms which, in the opinion of the Chief Government Medical Officer, resemble the symptoms of the said diseases.

Vessels which are not allowed to enter the Harbour, but are allowed to communicate with Quarantine Establishments.

4. Infected vessels.

5. Vessels with pilgrims from the East, when not carrying a recognized Medical Officer.

6. Vessels from infected places, when not carrying a recognized Medical Officer.

**Vessels allowed to load in Quarantine.**

7. Vessels arriving at Malta without a clean bill of health.

8. Infected vessels when carrying a recognized Medical Officer and not having on board an actual case of the diseases mentioned in paragraph 3 on board.

9. Vessels from infected places not having on board an actual case of the diseases mentioned in paragraph 3, when arriving within 10 days from departure.

10. Vessels with pilgrims from the East when carrying a recognized Medical Officer.

**Vessels from Infected Places admitted to pratique.**

11. Vessels without a clean bill of health, or from infected places, will be admitted to pratique after 10 days from date of departure, except vessels from Egyptian Ports or from Yambo, which will not be admitted to pratique before the lapse of 21 days from date of arrival.

**Medical Inspection.**

12. All vessels and passengers on arrival are subject to medical inspection.

**Passengers.**

13. Passengers, before landing, must declare on oath before a Marine Police Officer that they have not been in, or have not communicated with, Egypt or with Yambo within the last 21 days. Otherwise they shall remain in quarantine to complete 21 days from departure on board the vessel by which they shall have arrived.

14. Passengers, before landing, must also declare on oath before a Marine Police Officer that they have not been in, or have not communicated with, the infected places mentioned in Article 1, except Egypt or Yambo, within 10 days. Otherwise they shall remain in quarantine to complete 10 days from departure.

15. Passengers arriving on vessels without a clean bill of health shall complete 10 days' quarantine from departure.

16. Passengers arriving from infected places, except Egypt or Yambo, after 10 days from date of departure are allowed to land in free pratique after strict medical inspection and thorough disinfection of their persons, effects and luggage, if the inspecting Medical Officer is satisfied that they are in good health.

17. Passengers not otherwise provided for are subjected to the restrictions applicable to the vessels on which they arrive.

18. When 20 days have elapsed from the last case of plague, cholera, or other disease against which restrictions have been in force with regard to a country or place declared to be an infected place, except Egypt or Yambo, a notice will be issued by the Collector of Customs to the effect that the place or port is no longer to be dealt with as infected.

N.B.—Vessels that carry a doctor and pass through the Suez Canal without taking on board either cargo or passengers, will not be considered infected by contact with Canal Pilots taken on board from a disinfecting station.

The word "passengers," as used in this Notice, includes the crew.

By command,

E. M. MEREWETHER,  
Lientenant Governor and Chief  
Secretary to Government.

Palace, Valletta, September 20, 1902.

N.B.—The ports in the Sea of Marmora and the Bosphorus have been included among "Infected Places." (Clause 2.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, September 29, 1902.*

H. 14052.

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of the following Telegram, dated September 27, from His Majesty's Representative at The Hague:—"Alexandria officially declared infected with Asiatic cholera. The sanitary restrictions for Asiatic cholera will be applied to any vessel having left Alexandria ten days or less before September 26."