

Article 1, except Egypt or Yambo, within 10 days. Otherwise they shall remain in quarantine to complete 10 days from departure.

15. Passengers arriving on vessels without a clean bill of health shall complete 10 days' quarantine from departure.

16. Passengers arriving from infected places, except Egypt or Yambo, after 10 days from date of departure are allowed to land in free pratique after strict medical inspection and thorough disinfection of their persons, effects and luggage, if the inspecting Medical Officer is satisfied that they are in good health.

17. Passengers not otherwise provided for are subjected to the restrictions applicable to the vessels on which they arrive.

18. When 20 days have elapsed from the last case of plague, cholera, or other disease against which restrictions have been in force with regard to a country or place declared to be an infected place, except Egypt or Yambo, a notice will be issued by the Collector of Customs to the effect that the place or port is no longer to be dealt with as infected.

N.B.—Vessels that carry a doctor and pass through the Suez Canal without taking on board either cargo or passengers, will not be considered infected by contact with Canal Pilots taken on board from a disinfecting station.

The word "passengers," as used in this Notice, includes the crew.

By command,

E. M. MEREWETHER,
Lieutenant Governor and Chief
Secretary to Government.

Palace, Valletta, September 13, 1902.

N.B.—The following words which appeared after the word "station" in the last paragraph but one of the Government Notice hereby repealed, have been omitted:—viz.: "or by coaling and provisioning at Port Said under restrictions approved by the Chief Government Medical Officer."

Government Notice. No. 215.

His Honour the Officer Administering the Government, having heard the opinion of the Council of Health, has been pleased to repeal Government Notice No. 312 of the 16th December, 1901, and to direct that the following Regulations be observed as regards Goods:—

1. The importation is prohibited of

(a.) Coffee, in beans, or ground, coloured with substances injurious to health;

(b.) Rags;

(c.) Susceptible goods which do not admit of being disinfected arriving on board infected vessels, vessels without a clean bill of health, or vessels from infected places.

(d.) Hides from any port subject to quarantine, or from any place in which cattle disease exists;

(e.) Vines, vine shoots, and fruit packed in vine leaves.

(f.) Hoofs and hair, raw silk, wool and human hair, skins raw, fresh, or untanned, when such articles arrive from infected ports.

(g.) Cotton seed arriving from countries in which anthrax is epidemic, or unless accompanied by a Certificate from the British Consul at the place of shipment showing that it has not been, during the last twelve months, in an "infected place."

2. The importation is prohibited, unless the goods be accompanied by a satisfactory Certificate from the British Consular Authority that Phylloxera is not known to exist in the place of origin of:—

Plants or roots from any port in the Mediterranean.

3. The importation is allowed, after disinfection, of

(a.) Wearing apparel, soiled linen and clothing, articles of bedding, feathers, bones; and jute goods, whatever be the port whence such articles may have arrived;

(b.) Used sacks, carpets, and embroideries which have been used, when such articles arrived from infected ports.

(c.) Goods which admit of being disinfected, or are not susceptible to infection, arriving on infected vessels, vessels without a clean bill of health, or vessels from infected places.

4. Cereals imported from infected ports are to be kept for 21 days at the Lazzaretto or any other place to be appointed by the Collector of Customs, to be aired under the direction of the Quarantine Authorities.

5. Infected vessels are vessels which have, or have had, on board, during the voyage or the preceding 20 days, cases of cholera, yellow fever, plague, or any disease with symptoms which, in the opinion of the Chief Government Medical Officer, resemble the symptoms of the said diseases.

6. For the purposes of this notice, the words "infected places" mean those countries or ports which are by Government Notice published in the Government Gazette from time to time, declared to be infected.

By command,

E. M. MEREWETHER,
Lieutenant-Governor and Chief
Secretary to Government.

Palace, Valletta, September 13, 1902.

N.B.—Government Notice No. 312 of the 16th December, 1901, has been amended as shown in italics in Section (g) of paragraph 1 of this Notice.

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour
Department), London, September 22, 1902.*

H. 13771.

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of the following Telegram, dated September 19, from His Majesty's Representative at Athens:—
"Quarantine on arrivals from Odessa reduced to five days."

Admiralty, 19th September, 1902.

Sub-Lieutenant Hector Boyes has been promoted to the rank of Lieutenant in His Majesty's Fleet. Dated 15th September, 1902.

Royal Naval Reserve.

Acting Sub-Lieutenant Thomas Charles Edwin Dayas has been confirmed in the rank of Sub-Lieutenant. Dated 23rd September, 1899.

Admiralty, 20th September, 1902.

Sub-Lieutenant John Walter Rainier has been promoted to the rank of Lieutenant in His Majesty's Fleet. Dated 15th September, 1902.

*War Office, Pall Mall,
23rd September, 1902.*

1st Life Guards, Lieutenant Harold G. Henderson to be Adjutant, vice Captain Philip B. Cookson, who has resigned that appointment. Dated 6th September, 1902.

3rd Hussars, The removal from the Army of Lieutenant Moresby Chinnery, notified in the Gazette of 20th March, 1900, is cancelled. Lieutenant Moresby Chinnery resigns his Commission. Dated 21st March, 1900.