

directed as aforesaid to act, the jurisdiction of an ordinary judge of such district.

Every village judge shall have, in any judicial division in which he is directed as aforesaid to act, the jurisdiction of the village judge of such judicial division.

Power of High Commissioner to appoint additional Ordinary Judges.

5. Whenever it appears to the High Commissioner expedient to do so, the High Commissioner may appoint any village judge to act as an additional ordinary judge of such district court temporarily or for a specified period or as occasion requires, and every additional ordinary judge appointed as aforesaid shall have in the district to which he is appointed the jurisdiction of an ordinary judge of a district court.

Provided that where the additional district judge is a Moslem, he shall not take part in the hearing or adjudication of any proceeding before an assize court, district court, or magisterial court, together with the Moslem ordinary judge of the court, and if he is a Christian he shall not take part in the hearing or adjudication of any such proceeding together with the Christian ordinary judge of the district court.

Directions of the High Commissioner.

6. The directions of the High Commissioner under this Order may be signified by a Government Notice published in the Official Gazette; and it shall not be necessary in any proceedings to prove any such direction.

Regulation of Duties of Additional District Judges.

7.—(1.) Where additional district courts or magisterial courts are sitting in any district, the Chief Justice may, from time to time, give such directions as to the division of the duties of the respective judges of such courts as may be necessary, and, subject to such directions, the registrar of the district court shall set down cases for hearing before the ordinary or the additional courts as the convenience of business may require. Provided that any person who is aggrieved by the action of the registrar in setting down a case for hearing, may apply to the Chief Justice who shall give such order as the justice of the case may require.

(2.) The title of all proceedings, civil and criminal, set down for hearing before an additional court shall be the same as if the same were to be heard before an ordinary court.

Distribution of Duties between Additional and Ordinary Village Judge.

8. Where an additional village judge is sitting in any judicial division, cases shall ordinarily be heard by the village judge by whom the summons was issued, but nothing herein contained shall be taken to prevent a village judge from disposing of a case in which the summons was issued by another village judge.

Power of President of District Court to regulate duties of Village Judges.

9. When any question arises as to the distribution of the duties of different village judges having jurisdiction in the same judicial division, the same shall be settled, on the application of a village judge or of any interested party, by the president of the district court of the district in which the principal village judge court of the judicial division in question is situated.

Appointment of Judge of Supreme Court for special purpose.

10. Whenever it is undesirable that any Judge of the Supreme Court should take part in the

hearing of any appeal or other proceeding by reason of his having been a member of the court the decision of which is appealed against or for any other cause the High Commissioner may appoint, by commission under the Public Seal of the Island, another fit and proper person to be a Judge of the Supreme Court for the purpose of hearing such appeal or other proceeding, and every such person so appointed shall while so acting have all the powers of a Judge of the Supreme Court.

Substitution of new clause for clause sixteen of "The Cyprus Courts of Justice Order, 1882."

11. Clause sixteen of the said Order is hereby revoked but without prejudice to anything lawfully done thereunder, and the said Order shall henceforth be construed and take effect as if, instead of the said clause sixteen, the following clause had been inserted therein.

Bailiffs and Messengers.

"It shall be lawful for the High Commissioner from time to time, as occasion may require, to appoint persons to perform the duties of messengers or bailiffs to the Supreme Court and to the District Courts, and every person so appointed shall be liable to dismissal or removal for sufficient cause by the High Commissioner."

Substitution of new clauses for clauses eighty-one and eighty-two of the said Order.

12. Clauses eighty-one and eighty-two of the said Order are hereby revoked, but without prejudice to anything lawfully done thereunder, and the said Order shall henceforth be construed and take effect as if, instead of the said clauses eighty-one and eighty-two, the following clauses had been inserted therein.

Appeals from Magisterial Court to Supreme Court.

"81. When any person is adjudged by a conviction or order of a Magisterial Court to be imprisoned without the option of a fine either as a punishment for an offence, or, save as herein-after mentioned, for failing to do or abstain from doing any act or thing required to be done or left undone, and such person does not admit the truth of the charge, such person may appeal to the Supreme Court, provided that he shall immediately after sentence has been pronounced declare to the Court by which he has been convicted his desire to appeal."

"Provided always that this clause shall not apply where the imprisonment is adjudged for failure to comply with an order for the payment of money, for the finding of sureties, for the entering into any recognizance or for the giving of any security."

"Whenever any person convicted as aforesaid declares his intention to appeal in accordance with the provisions of this clause, a note of such declaration shall thereupon be entered on the notes of the proceedings by a member of the Court."

"Procedure on Appeal."

"82. The provisions of 'The Criminal Appeal Law, 1889,' or any law amending or substituted for the same with regard to the procedure to be followed on appeals from the decisions of District Courts and with regard to the powers of the Supreme Court on the hearing of such appeals shall be applicable to appeals from Magisterial Courts subject to the following modifications:—

"(a.) The file of the proceedings required by section two of the said law to be forwarded to the Registrar of the Supreme Court shall, in