

ORDER OF THE BOARD OF
AGRICULTURE.

(DATED 20TH JUNE 1902.)

(SWINE-FEVER INFECTED AREA.)

The Board of Agriculture, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 and 1896, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

Revocation of Order.

1. The Order described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby from and after the commencement of this Order revoked: Provided that such revocation shall not invalidate or make unlawful anything done under the Swine-Fever (Infected

Areas) Order of 1896 and the Order described in the Schedule to this Order before the commencement of this Order, or interfere with the institution or prosecution of any proceeding in respect of any offence committed against, or any penalty incurred under, those Orders before the commencement of this Order.

Commencement.

2. This Order shall come into operation on the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and two.

In witness whereof the Board of Agriculture have hereunto set their Official Seal this twentieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and two.

A. W. Anstruther,
Assistant-Secretary.



SCHEDULE.

Order Revoked.

No.	Date.	Subject.
6363	1901. 26 October	Declaring a Swine-Fever Infected Area comprising the petty sessional division of Rochford, and the parishes of Downham, Ramsden Bellhouse, Ramsden Crays, Great Burstead, Little Burstead, Laindon, Lee Chapel, Basildon, Vange, Nevendon, Wickford, North Benfleet, Pitsea, and Bowers Gifford, in the administrative county of Essex; and also comprising the borough of Southend-on-Sea.

Copies of the above Order can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Board of Agriculture, 4, Whitehall Place, London, S.W.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

(Nos. 368 to 379 of the year 1902.)

[The bearings are magnetic, and those concerning the visibility of lights are given from seaward.]

No. 368.—CHINA—SOUTH-EAST COAST.

Mirs Bay—Shoals in.

Information, dated 23rd April, 1902, has been received from Lieutenant and Commander E. C. Hardy, His Majesty's surveying vessel "Water-witch," of the existence of the undermentioned shoals in Long Harbour, Mirs Bay:—

1. A shoal composed of stones and sand, with a depth of 12 feet over it at low water springs, extending for a distance of $1\frac{3}{4}$ cables from the western side of Grass Island; the western extremity of this shoal is steep to and situated with the western extremity of Grass Island bearing N. 2° W., distant 3 cables, and Sam mau shak N. 79° W.

2. A rock, circular in shape and 75 yards in diameter, with a depth of $4\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms over it at low water springs, situated with the western

extremity of Grass Island bearing N. 33° E., distant $6\frac{1}{8}$ cables, and Sam mau shak N. 31° W.

This rock is steep to.

3. A rock, with a depth of four feet over it at low water springs, situated with the western extremity of Grass Island bearing N. 13° W., distant 7 cables, and Sam mau shak N. 56° W.

This rock is steep to on its northern side, the 5-fathom contour line extends 45 yards to the westward of it.

4. A rock, circular in shape and 35 yards in diameter, with a depth of $4\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms over it at low water springs, situated with western extremity of Grass Island bearing N. 3° W., distant $8\frac{1}{2}$ cables, and Sam mau shak N. 41° W.

This rock is steep to.

Approximate position, western extremity of Grass Island, lat. 22° 29' N. long. 114° 21' E.

[Variation 1° Easterly in 1902.]

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Macao to Pedro Blanco, No. 3026; Mirs Bay, No. 1964. Also, China Sea Directory, Vol. III, 1894, page 126; and Supplement, 1898, page 14.