

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday January 28. to Monday February 1. 1697.

By the King and Queen,

## A PROCLAMATION

Against Vitious, Debauch'd, and Profane Persons.

WILLIAM R.

**A**S We cannot but be deeply sensible of the great Goodness and Mercy of Almighty GOD (by whom Kings Reign) in giving so happy Success to Our Endeavours for the Rescuing these Kingdoms from Popish Tyranny and Superstition, and in Preserving Our Royal Persons, Supporting Our Government, and Uniting the Arms of most of the Princes and States in Christendom against Our common Enemy; So We are not less touched with a Resentment, that (notwithstanding these Great Deliverances) Impiety and Vice do still abound in this Our Kingdom: And that the Execution of many good Laws, which have been made for Suppressing and Punishing thereof, have been grossly Neglected, to the great Dishonour of GOD and Our Holy Religion: Wherefore, and for that, We cannot expect Increase or Continuance of the Blessings We and Our Subjects Enjoy, without providing Remedies to prevent the like Evils for the future, We judge Our Selves bound, by the Duty We owe to GOD, and the Care We have of the People committed to Our Charge, to proceed in taking some Effectual Course therein: And being thereunto moved by the Pious Address of Our Arch-Bishops and Bishops, We have thought fit, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and do declare Our Princely Intention and Resolution, to Discountenance all manner of Vice and Immorality in all Persons from the Highest to the Lowest Degree in this Our Realm. And We do hereby for that purpose straightly Require, Charge and Command all and singular Our Judges, Mayors, Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, and all other Our Officers, Ecclesiastical and Civil, in their respective Stations to Execute the Laws against Blasphemy, Profane Swearing and Cursing, Drunkenness, Lewdness, Profanation of the Lords-Day, or any other Dissolute, Immoral or Disorderly Practices, as they will answer it to Almighty GOD, and upon Pain of Our Highest Displeasure. And for the more Effectual Proceedings herein, We do hereby Direct and Command Our Judges of Assizes, and Justices of Peace to give

strict Charges at the respective Assizes and Sessions, for the due Prosecution and Punishment of all Persons that shall presume to Offend in any the kinds aforesaid; and also of all Persons that, contrary to their Duty, shall be Remiss or Negligent in putting the said Laws in Execution.

Given at Our Court at Whitehall, the One and twentieth Day of January, 1697. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

*Turin, Jan. 15.* His Royal Highness and the Duke of Schomberg intend to set out to morrow to visit the Garison of *Coni*, and to give the necessary orders for the security of that place; whither several pieces of Cannon with Supplies of Provisions and Ammunition have been lately sent from hence. 'Tis still reported that the French are drawing some Troops together in *Provence*, and in the County of *Nice*.

*Milan, Jan. 16.* Several Councils of War and State have been held here this week, to consult about the preparations for the next Campaign; and the sending 20000 Livres to the Suissers towards payment of their Arrears. An Envoy is arrived here from the Duke of *Parma* about the matter of the Winter-quarters.

*Warsaw, Jan. 15.* We have an account by Letters from *Jawarow* of the 9th instant, That the *Sieur Briack* Commandant of *Niemiecz*, being informed that 3000 Tartars, 600 Turks, and a considerable number of Cossacks; were on their march to Conduct a Convoy of 800 Wagons laden with Provisions, and 60 Wagons with Cloths; to *Caminiec*; he sent notice thereof to the Governor of *Sirock* (which place the Poles made themselves Masters of the last year) and that together they formed a Body of 1200 men, who advanced towards the Enemy under the command of the *Sieur Samuelowicz*, a brave and experienced Officer; They had not marched above 3 Leagues when they discovered the Enemy, and falling first upon the Tartars, put them into confusion, and cut off the greatest part of them. The Turks, after this, endeavoured to defend themselves by making a kind of Fortification with their Wagons; but the Poles attack them with that vigor, that after a sharp dispute, they broke in upon the Enemy and dispersed them; most of the Janifarics were killed, and above 100 with their Aga taken prisoners; and all the Wagons, which were drawn by 4 Oxen each, were likewise taken and conducted to *Sirocke*.

*Vicenna, Jan. 24.* His Electoral Highness of *Bavaria* arrived here the 20th instant in the evening, and after a short stay at this Court, intends to return to *Municken*; and thence to go for *Flanders*. By an Officer who came lately from the Blockade of *Great Waradin*, we understand, that *Ibrahim Bassa*, who had been some time at *Giula*, with a design to put himself into *Great Waradin*, was at last got into the place, with 8 Persons more, having passed undiscovered through our Centinels in the night; That he brought them some Money, and Promises of a speedy Relief; and that the Turks had thereupon discharged all their Cannon for Joy: But that the said *Bassa*, finding the Garison in a worse Condition than he expected, endeavoured, some few days after, to return towards *Temeswaer* with an account of it, but being met by some of our Guards, he fled back to *Great Waradin*. Several Deserters, that came thence on the 3d, 4th, and 5th of this month, do all confirm our former Advices of the

great wars the Turks are in of Provisions. They write from *D. Brezen*, of the 11th, that General *Austersperg* was marched from thence with a Body of 4000 men towards *Jeno* and *Giula*, and that 'twas believed he would attack those places, having taken with him Scaling-Ladders, and other Instruments proper for such a design. The Emperor has given Prince *Lewis* of *Baden* the Government of *Raab*, which is worth 15000 Crowns yearly. Our Preparations for the War go on very vigorously. The last Letters from *Poland* tell us, that a Detachment of their Troops had defeated a great Convoy of Turks, Tartars, and Cossacks, that was going to *Caminiec*, the greatest part of whom were killed, and about 100 Prisoners taken, with 860 Wagons laden with Provisions and Cloths. 'Tis said here, that the King of *Sueden* will send 6000 men into the Emperor's Service this next Summer.

*Cologne*, Febr. 1. The Elector of *Cologne* intends to go in few days to *Bon*. All imaginable Precautions are made use of to hinder the furnishing the French with any Provisions or Ammunition out of these Countries; and the Offenders therein are made liable to very severe Penalties. The Marquis *d'Arcourt*, who is at present at *Luxemburg*, is, we hear, named to command the French Forces on the *Moselle*.

*Hamburg*, Febr. 1. They write from *Berlin* of the 26th past, that the Elector of *Brandenburg* returned to *Potsdam* the day before from his Interview with the Elector of *Saxony* at *Tergow*. We hear from *Hanover* that Prince *Maximilian* continues at *Hamelen*, and that the 3 persons who were lately secured, do still remain close prisoners.

*Paris*, Febr. 1. The Marquis *de Boufflers* arrived at *Versailles* on the 30th of the last month from *Flanders*, and gave an account of the condition of the French Troops on that side. The same day he was declared Colonel of the Regiment of French Guards, which Command has been vacant ever since the Death of the Duke *de la Feuillade*; and on Monday next he returns towards *Flanders*. The Discourse still continues of the French King's Journey, but we do not hear, that there is yet any time fixed for it. 'Tis said, that several Battalions, and 3 Regiments of Horse, that served in *Piedmont* the last Summer, are ordered to march towards *Flanders*. We are told, that the late new Creations of Offices have occasioned great Disturbances in divers parts of the Kingdom. 'Tis confirmed by the last Letters from *Rome*, that the Pope has at last been prevailed with to grant his Bulls to four of our Bishops, who did not assist at the Assembly of the Clergy in 1682, viz. to *M. Fortin de la Hoquette*, Archbishop of *Sens*; *M. Huet*, Bishop of *Marseilles*; *M. Flechier*, Bishop of *Nismes*; and the Bishop of *Soissons*. The Letters from *Pignorel* of the 19th past say, that the Governor of *Milan* had sent 3000 men towards *Final* to reinforce that Garrison.

*Brussels*, Febr. 3. All Things are very quiet in these Parts. There has fall of late abundance of Snow, which has made the Ways very bad. The Marquis *de Boufflers* is gone for *Paris*. And we are told, that the Marquis *de Luxembourg* is shortly expected at *Tournay*. In the mean time the French continue their Preparations in all their Frontier places.

*Hague*, Febr. 5. The States of *Holland* are adjourned to the 26th of this month. Prince *Waldeck* has been ill, but is pretty well recovered again; he has lately sent Orders to all the Troops to be in a readiness to march upon the first Command. The Heer *Van Dyckvelt* is returned hither, and has made report to the States General of his Negotiations at *Brussels* and *Lige*. The Count *d'Oxenstjerne* Envoy Extraordinary from the King of *Sueden*, will embark in 3 or 4 days for *England*.

*Dublin*, Jan. 20. Colonel *Fonike*, Governor of this City, went lately from hence with Orders to disband the Irish Regiments that came over to us upon the Surrender of *Limerick*, except 1400 men, who are to go into the Emperor's Service; and this on an account is come from him, that he had drawn 500 out of the Regiments at *Mullingar*, and disbanded the rest, who, though they were very desirous to serve Their Majesties; yet submitted very quietly, and went home well satisfied with the Gratitude of two Cobs that is given to each of them: Colonel *Fonike* intended to proceed to disband in like manner the rest of the Irish Regiments quartered at other places. The Militia of this Kingdom is going to be reviewed, in order to settle the same. We hear from all hands, that the Irish, who went lately for *France*, were very badly provided for at their Landing; That the Major-Generals are reduced to Colonels, the Colonels to Captains, the Ma-

jors and Captains to Lieutenants, and the Lieutenants to private Soldiers; and that they are besides to be paid by the French.

*Falmouth*, Jan. 25. Yesterday in the evening the *Bilboa* Fleet, being about 20 Sail of Merchantmen, under the Convoy of 4 of their Majesties Ships, put into this Port by reason of the Winds being contrary; but it coming fair this morning, they are all gone to Sea again. Last night came in the Spanish Expedition in 10 days from the *Groyne*.

*Deale*, Jan. 27. Yesterday sailed out of the *Downes* the *Siradley* and *James* Gally, with divers Merchantmen outward bound.

*Chester*, Jan. 27. Part of the Earl of *Oxford's* Regiment of Horse, who landed at *Holyhead*, are come to this place.

Their Majesties having lately been Graciously Pleas'd to grant Their Letters Patents to William Sutton Genl. for the sole Exercise and Benefit of a new Invention of making all sorts of Linnen and Woollen Cloths, and other Manufactures thereof, and all Stuffs, Silks, Hats, and Lather, so as to make them hold out Water; and for preventing Woollen Manufactures and Hats from Moths and Mildew. These are to give Notice, That the said Work is now actually set on foot, and will be carried on at very reasonable Rates, touching which, any Persons may receive Satisfaction at the Offices at Mr. Taylor's in Bishopsgate-street over-against the Great James, and at Mr. Bradnor's in Drury-lane over-against Great Queen-street.

#### Advertisements.

† The True Effigies of the Lord-General Ginkel, taken from the Life, and Engraven by R. White. Sold at his House in Bloomsbury-market, and by most Picture-sellers in London and Westminster.

☞ An Extraordinary Collection of Pictures, and other Curiosities, will be exposed to Sale, at Barlons Coffee-house over against the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, on Wednesday the 3d instant, at 4 in the Afternoon. Catalogues may be had at the place of Sale, and at most Coffee-houses.

† At Tom's Coffee-house adjoining to Ludgate, on Wednesday the 3d instant, will be sold by Auction in the Duke of Lauderdale's intire Collection of Manuscripts, which are several of the English and Scotch Historians, never before Printed, with many other rarities. This Auction is sold near the Lib. Miscell. in 8vo; and to-morrow, the Lib. Medici in the Bibliotheca Instruct. Catalogues may be had at Mr. Ch. Bate's in Holborn, Bookseller, and at the place of Sale.

☞ Catalogi, Librorum Theologicorum, Historicorum ac Miscellaneorum, Lat. Gr. &c. quae Venales Prostant Westmonasterii apud S. Ravenshaw, Bibliop. Lond. in Platea vulgo Nuncupata Old Palace-yard, Aedibus vero Superiori Parliamenti Dextra Conspicuis, Pars Prior (una cum adjuncta hinc, Diagramatis cujusdam Historico-Chronologico-Theologici ibidem explicandi, delineatione) die crastino prodibit.

Hugh Davis, a slender young Fellow, of a fair lank Hair, and fresh Complexion, aged about 20; Run away from his Master, Mr. Thomas Hobbs, a Member of Parliament, the 27th past, in a grey Suit and black Waistcoat; he hath been seen since in a light coloured Suit, and striped Waistcoat with Silver Buttons. Took away wearing Apparel and other Goods. Whoever gives Notice to his said Master, or to Mr. James Harrison's House next a lark in Red-Lyon-street, so as that he be secured, shall have a Guinea.

☞ At the Barbadoes Coffee-house in Exchange-alley, against the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, on Monday the first instant, and the two following Days, will be continued the Sale, by Auction, of a curious Collection of Paintings and Limings, by the best Masters in Europe: Catalogues may be had, and the Paintings viewed, at the place of Sale.

Seeds, Plants, Flowers, and Trees, for Profit and Improvement of Land, with other Materials belonging to Gardens and Plantations; and East Country or Rigay Flax-seeds; with a Book of Directions. Sold by Thomas Aubrey at the Golden Cross near Salisbury Exchange in the Strand, London.

Lost, the 2d past, out of Corpus Christi College in Oxon, a large Tankard weighing about 43 Ounces, Engraved on one side with the College-Arms, being in a Garter a Sword in Saltire with two Keys, incipaled with a Pellican; and over all a Mitre: On the other side the Arms of the Honorable Sir Cophias Bamfield Bart. the Donor, being Quarterly on a Bend, 3 Mallets pierced, with the Date 1651. Whoever secures it, and gives Notice to Mr. John Coggs and Copartner, Goldsmiths against St. Clements Church, London, or to Corpus Christi College Oxon, shall be well rewarded.