

The London Gazette.

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Kingsington, Decemb. 26.

Several of the Nobility and Gentry belonging to *Ireland* waited this day on the King; with the following Address, which being presented and read by the Lord Archbishop of *Tiam*, was very Graciously received by his Majesty, who was pleased to tell them, He took their Address very kindly; and as He had ventured Himself for them, so He would, on all Occasions take Care to preserve the Protestant Interest of *Ireland*.

To the KING's most Excellent Majesty,

An Humble Address of the Protestant Nobility, Gentry, and Clergy of *Ireland*, now residing in or about *London*, with others Interested and Estated in the said Kingdom.

WE Your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects crave Leave, in the first place, to offer our most Humble Thanks to the Divine Majesty, by whom You Reign, for having raised and inspired Your Majesty for the Deliverance of Oppressed Nations; and for Preserving Your Royal Person, so frequently exposed to Dangers, but never to greater, than in the Kingdom, and Cause, of the Protestants of *Ireland*.

What was then so Gloriously undertaken by Your Majesty in Person, is now so happily finished by the Success of Your Arms, that we owe to Your Majesty's Courage and Conduct, next to the Divine Providence, the Restoration of our Religious and Civil Rights and Liberties.

We beseech Your Majesty to accept of this Recognition as the first Fruits of our Redemption, till we are able to make a more Solemn and Parliamentary Acknowledgment of Your Majesty's just Title to our Allegiance, not only in Right of this Crown, but in Gratitude to our Great Deliverer, and Conqueror of Your Majesties and our Enemies.

We are sure, Your Majesty will effectually preserve those You have so Generously Discovered; and we hope, Your Majesty shall never have occasion to doubt the Steady and United Affections of the Protestants of *Ireland*, in the Service of Your Crown and Dignity, from Principles of Inclination, Duty, and Interest; all which make us Unanimously and Heartily to Pray for the Sacred Persons, Victorious Arms, and just and Gentle Government, of King William and Queen Mary, with Peace and Continuance over us.

Venice, Decemb. 21. The Elector of *Bavaria* is still here, but intends in few days to set forward on his way towards *Vienna*. We hear from *Milan* that Envoys are arrived there from several Princes of *Italy*, to endeavour to accommodate with General *Caraffa* the matter of the Winter-quarters.

Vienna, Decemb. 23. The Turkish Envoys, *Sulficar Effendi*, and *Miswo Cordato*, who were sent to this Court in 1688, and have ever since remained here and in the Castles of *Rabah* and *Potendorf*, at which last place they are at present, not having all this while received sufficient Power to treat of a Peace, though that was made the Pretence of their coming hither; It has at last been signified to them, by the Emperors Command, that they should forthwith return home; and a Convoy of 300 men is to conduct them to the Frontiers of *Turky*. The Count *de COUNTECK*, Son of the Chancellor of the Empire, set out two days ago on his Journey towards the Court of *Denmark*, where he is to reside with the Character of the Emperors Envoy-Extraordinary. All our Advices assure us, that *Teckley* is again at Liberty. The Death of the Marquis *de Dorin* is confirmed; and General *Heusser*, for whom he was left a Hostage, has, since his arrival here, lain under a languishing Dilemper, not without Suspicion of their being both poisoned. The Sieur *Antonio*, Lieutenant-General of the Radziens, has lately taken *Szelevar*, a very strong Castle on the Frontiers of *Valachia*; and our

Troops have likewise possessed themselves of several considerable Poits between *Caranjabes* and *Lugez*. The Imperialists are raising some more Works near *Great Waradin*, to streighten the Garrison yet closer, and to hinder their making any Sallies; and the Hussars, who are at present quartered about *Essecke*, are ordered thither, to guard all the Avenues by which the Turks may attempt to put any Succors into the Place. The Turks at *Giula* and *Jeno* begin to suffer likewise through scarcity of Provisions, since the Imperial Forces and the Radziens quartered in those Parts have cut off their Communication with the Garrisons of *Belgrade*, *Temeswar*, and *Lippa*. On the 21th instant arrived in the Neighbourhood of this City an Officer from *Teckley*, but not being permitted to come thither, he sent to the President of the Council of War the Letters he was charged with, which, as we are told, propose the Exchange of the Countess of *Teckley*, who is now here, for General *Heusser*, and some other Prisoners. The States of the Emperors Hereditary Countries are assembled, to furnish a Supply towards carrying on the War, in order whereunto great Preparations are made here, and Conferences held daily, at which Prince *Lewis of Baden* is for the most part present with the other General Officers.

Heydelberg, Decemb. 29. The French are again moving in strong Parties on the other side of the *Rhine*, and have plundered a little Island in the *Rhine* near *Wormes*. The Imperial and Confederate Troops, that are quartered near that River, have Orders to keep a watchful eye upon the Enemies Motions; and several Squadrons of Imperial Horse are expected here to observe the Garrison of *Philipsburgh*. General *Caprara* has lately caused a very sharp Execution to be made among the Hussars, who had committed great Disorders in the Country, and since that we hear of no more Complaints.

Hamburg, January 1. The Letters from the Court of *Hanover* tell us, that Prince *Maximilian* continues under his Confinement, and the Hunts-matter the Sieur *de Nolke*, with his Brother a Lieutenant Colonel, and the Secretary of the Duke of *Wolfenbuttel*, under a close Imprisonment; that the latter have been several times examined, and their Papers seized; but that the whole matter is managed with great Secrecy. In the mean time the common opinion is, that these Gentlemen have held several Correspondencies in opposition to the Duke of *Hanover's* Resolution to unite the two Dukedoms of *Zell* and *Hanover* in his eldest Son, and allow the second only an Appanage; whereas Prince *Maximilian* pretends (as his Brother who was killed in *Transylvania* positively did,) that these Dukedoms ought to continue separate, and that of course he is to succeed to *Hanover* when his Brother inherits that of *Zell*.

Paris, Dec. 31. The Letters from the Camp before *Monrealion* of the 22th Instant give this account; That the 19th at Night one of our Bombs fell in the Entrance to a Mine which the Belieged had made in the Bastion of *Beauvoisin*, with a design to blow up our Men when they had lodged themselves there, and set Fire to it; which had such effect, that it overthrew one of the Angles of the Bastion, and made a Breach for 12 Men to Mount in Front; upon which Monsieur *Catinat*, without springing the Mine he had caused to be made under the other Angle, commanded 600 Grenadiers, with as many Pioneers, to make an Assault; which they did the 20th about 10 at night, and lodged themselves on the said Bastion, with the loss of several Officers and about 30 Men. After this we fixed our Miners to the Denon or Tower within the Castle. On the 21th the Belieged beat a Parley, and offered to Capitulate, which was granted; and the Articles of Capitulation were agreed on as follows. 1. That on the 22th at Eight in the Morning the Castle shall be delivered up to the French Troops, who shall be furnished from the Garrison by Centinels, to be kept on both sides. 2. That the Garrison shall march out on the 23th, by the Breach, with Drums beating, Colours flying, &c. 3. That

by reason of the difficulty of taking Cannon with them, 3 pieces with the Arms of his Royal Highness, shall be delivered to them at *Pigneroi* in their march to *Turin*. 4. That the Garrison shall be conducted with a Convoy to *la Veillane* in *Piemont*. 5. That Carriages shall be provided for their Baggage, which is not to be vitiled. 6. That such of the Garrison as are sick shall be conducted to *Chamberi*, and taken care of by the French. 7. That all the Inhabitants within the Fort may retire with their Goods whither they please, without being molested for having borne Arms. 8. That none of the Soldiers of the Garrison shall be molested of what Nation soever they be. 9. That the Savoyard Officers who are desirous to retire to *Piemont*, may do so, and withal keep their Kitares, even those that have been confiscated, and that Saddle-Horses shall be provided to carry them thither with their principal Servants. These Articles were executed accordingly; and the Garrison had 60 Mules allowed them to carry away their Baggage. The Officers of the Troops now in *Flanders* have Orders to repair immediately to their several Garrisons; and 'tis said the Musketeers are commanded to be in a readines to march.

Brussels, Jan. 2. Our Governour-General, the Marquis de *Gastanaga*, has left the Palace, where an Apartment is furnishing for the Elector of *Bavaria*, and is retired to the House in the Park, which served formerly for a Retreat to the Emperor *Charles V.* after he had resigned his Hereditary Dominions to his Son *Philip II.* and the Empire to *Ferdinand* his Brother. On the 28th of the last Month parted from hence *Don Joachim de Fuen Major*, being sent by his Excellency to present to the Elector of *Bavaria* the Patent he had received from Spain, constituting his Electoral Highness Governour and Captain-General of these Countries for his Life, and at the same time to make his Compliment to his Electoral Highness thereupon. The French Troops that were in motion upon the Frontiers of *Flanders*, and towards the *Sambre* and the *Meuse*, are returned to their Quarters, with Orders to be ready to march upon the first Command. At *Guet* they have lately received a Reinforcement of 400 Horse, and of 2000 Foot at *Charlemont*. On the 30th past 400 Men of the Garrison of *Mont* came in the Night to *Ixelles* and *Heterbecke*, two Villages not far from hence, and plundered the Inhabitants; but in their Retreat, though they made it with all the haste they could, some of our Troops, that were posted in the Wood of *Soignies*, cut off divers of them, and took 30 Prisoners. We have an account of the Surrender of *Beaumont*, which was hastened by a Bomb falling on a Countermine, made by the Besieged in the Bastion of *Beauvoisin*, and setting Fire to it, which threw part of the Bastion into the Ditch, and gave the Enemy an Opportunity to lodge themselves there. The Garrison amounted on the 23, to the number of about 400, the rest being killed, or sick or wounded in the Castle.

Brussels, Jan. 4. The News of the Elector of *Bavaria* being made Governour of *Flanders* has been received in these Countries with great satisfaction. His Electoral Highness is expected to *Brussels* towards the beginning of *March*; and the Palace there is already preparing for his Reception. They write from *Berne*, that the Motions of the French in *Savoy* had so far alarmed the City of *Geneva*, as to make them resolve to receive 1000 Men (including the 400 they have already) from the *Swissers*, and to augment that Number as they see occasion. The Baron de *Heckerer*, Envoy Extraordinary from this State to the Elector of *Saxony*, has given an account hither of his kind Reception at that Court.

Chesler, Decemb. 26. The Regiments of Horse of *Montprouin* and *Langston* arrived here on Wednesday and Thursday last, and march'd away this morning. The Prince of *Hesse's* Regiment of Foot is likewise arrived from *Dublin*, (where they left several other Regiments ready to embark) and is expected here this day.

Falmouth, Decemb. 26. On the 24th instant put in here three Transport Ships, with 400 Irish bound for *Brest*; they came from *Corke* on the 22d, in Company of 8 or 9 Ships more, from whom they were separated in bad Weather; they took on Board in all about 2000 Irish, reckoning Women and Children. The same Evening came into this Harbour Their Majesties Ship the *Chatham*, from cruising, with 10 or 12 Sail of Merchant-men, whom she met in the Mouth of the Channel, among which were three *Barbados* Ships; and yesterday they put to Sea again.

Plymouth, Decemb. 27. On the 23d came in the *Clouely* Galley, Captain *Stocker* Commander, who the day before met a French Privateer of 26 Guns, called the *Mars of Dunkerke*, and fought her about 4 hours, after which the french yielded, and Captain *Stocker* sent his Lieutenant, with 9 men, on board the Privateer; the Captain of which, with most of his men, was brought on Board the Galley, but the French Ship being very leaky, by the damage she received in the fight, sunk about an hour after, the men that remained on Board her, among which were 7 or 8 of

ours, being drown'd; the Galley lost not one man in the Fight, and went out again the next day. The 24th came into this Port 6 Dutch Merchant-men, bound for the *East-Indies*. A Dutch Cap't sent in the *Red Lyon* of *Copenhagen*, bound for *Rochelle*. The *Suceesi*, the *Madera Merchant*, and the *Rebecca*, all three of *London*, arrived here the same day from *Jamaica*; as also the *Return* from *Virginia*; and another Ship from the *Barbados*. The 25th instant from hence a Dutch Man of War with 6 Merchant-men to the Eastward. Yesterday passed by the *Chatham* and *Conception* Men of War, with about 20 Sail of Merchant-ships, from *Stilly* and *Fuzens* for the *Downes*. The Dutch *East-India* Ships are still in this Port.

Portsmouth, Decemb. 27. On the 25th instant were shipp'd at *Spithead* the Lord Viscount *Castleton's* Regiment of Foot, and the next day set sail for *Holland*, with two Dutch Men of War and two Frigates, commanded by Vice Admiral *Galleburg*. Several Merchant-men from *Virginia* and other Parts sailed at the same time for the *Downes*. Two or three days ago passed by *Spithead* to the Eastward 2 Dutch Capers with 10 Priz's. The Dutch outward bound *St. Tubes* Fleet sailed the 27th to *Cruze Road*. Their Majesty's Ship the *Chatham* came yesterday to *Spithead* with several Merchant ships from the Westward.

Deal, Decemb. 28. Yesterday came into the *Downs* 16 or 17 sail of Merchantmen from *Spithead*.

The Clergy of the Diocese of *Norwich* are desired to take Notice, That the Sub-Collector for the Tenths for that Diocese will meet to Collect the said Duty at the several Places upon the several Days mentioned at the Foot of every one of his Acquittances for the last year. And the several Incumbents are desired to make due Payment, respectively, that they may avoid being Retain'd for their Default, and the Charge and Trouble which they will incur thereby.

Advertisements.

*# A Sermon Preached before the King and Queen at *Whitchall*, Nov. 29. 1691. By the Right Reverend Father in GOD *Edward Lord Bishop of Worcester*. Published by their Majesties Special Command. Printed for T. Bennet at the Half-moon in *St. Pauls Church-yard*.

†# *Epicteti Enchiridion*, or the most excellent Maxims of *Epictetus*. Made English in a Poetical Paraphrase. Printed for *Sam. Kettle* at the Great *Turks-head* in *Fleet-street*, over-against *Fetter-lane-end*.

•# A Sermon Preached at the Anniversary Meeting of the *Dorsetshire* Gentlemen, in the Church of *St. Mary le Bow*, the first of *December* 1691. By *Tho. Lindsey*, A. M. Fellow of *Wadham-College* in *Oxon*; and Chaplain to the Right Honourable the *Earl of Essex*. Printed for *John Miller* at the Rose at the West-end of *St. Pauls*.

This is to give Notice, That *Mrs. Panier* continues to sell the true Juice of *Liquorice*, Black, brown, and White, which safely cureth all Colds, Coughs, and Defluxions upon the Lungs: She prepareth it for her R. H. the Princess of *Denmark*. It may be had at a *Mercers-shop* at the *Rising Sun* near the *Savoy* Little Gate in the Strand, at the Jewellers Coffee-house in *Cornhill*, and at a *Haberdaishers Shop* against the *Indian House* in the *Pall-mall*.

Whereas a Statute of Bankrupt hath been awarded, and is still on foot, against *Richard Davis* of *Oxford*, *Book-Binder*, for the Recovery of his Debts for Payment of his yet unpaid Creditors; therefore all Persons, that are Debtors to his Estate are forthwith to pay in their Money to *Edward Davis*, Treasurer for the Creditors, at the Auction-house in *St. Alban-street*, *Westminster*, or to *Benj. Shirley* in *Oxon*, whose Receipts, and no others, are sufficient to Discharge them.

RUN away from Captain *Ayles* in *Cherry-garden-street* in *Rotherhithe*, the 14th instant, a short Black-moor Woman aged about 20 or 30, with a bluish stiped fluff Gown and Perceot, an Amber Necklace on her Neck, and 2 Stone Rings on her Fingers, and had a white Bundle of Cloaths. Whoever seizes her, and gives Notice to *Capt. Ayles* aforesaid, shall be well Rewarded.

Lost from *William Tapsfield* of *Becknham* in *Kent*, a dark brown Gelding, about 15 hands, trots high, two Rows of Teeth in his upper Jaw, saddle-spots, strikes close before age 10 or 12, and is full aged. Whoever gives Notice of him at the Board-head in *Southwark*, or at the Ship and *Lyon* at *Croyden* in *Surry*, shall have 10 s. Reward, and reasonable Charges.

Taken, the first instant, out of the Stable of *Mr. Henry Vickers*, a Fell-monger in *Beaumont-street* in *Southwark*, a Chestnut Gelding about 14 hands, with a grizzle Tail and Mane, a Saddle his Forehead, one white Foot behind, the off Knee formerly broken, and discernable by the Hair, full aged, and all his Pieces. Whoever seizes him, and gives Notice to *Henry Vickers* aforesaid, shall have a Guinea Reward.

Taken or stray'd, the 10th instant, out of *John Reddingers* in *Hertfordshire*, a brown cur Tail'd thick Horn'd, 14 hands, and full aged. Whoever gives Notice of him to *Mr. John Wood* at the Board-head in *Shoreditch*, *London*, or to *John Reddingers* aforesaid, shall have 20 s. Reward, and reasonable Charges.