

ORDERS MADE ON APPLICATIONS FOR DISCHARGE—continued.

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Date of Order.	Nature of Order made.	Grounds named in Order for refusing an Absolute Order of Discharge.
Ball, Percy Fielding (carrying on business under the style of John Ralph and Co.)	Green Bank, Trimmingham, Halifax, and carrying on business at Mearclough Mills, Sowerby Bridge, both in Yorkshire, and at 41, Corporation-street, in the city of Manchester	Drysalter ... ..  Oil Merchant	Halifax...	30 of 1899	June 26, 1900	Queen's Bench Division of the High Court by the Official Receiver, as Trustee, for the sum of £25, being part of the balance of the debts provable in the Bankruptcy, and £1 10s., costs of Judgment, and that, upon the required consent being given, Judgment may be entered against the bankrupt in the Queen's Bench Division of the High Court for the sum of £25, together with £1 10s., costs of Judgment  Discharge granted subject to the bankrupt consenting to Judgment being entered against him in the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Halifax, by the Official Receiver for £100	Proof of facts named in sub-sec. 3 (A.), (B.), and (C.), of sec. 8, Bankruptcy Act, 1890
Erb, Alfred ... ..	Residing at 30, Marlborough-road, Hightown, Manchester, and carrying on business at 6, Withy-grove, Manchester, and formerly at 2, Macdonald's-lane, Corporation-street, Manchester, and at 11, Whittle-street, Manchester	Tobacconist and Cigar Merchant, and also a Dealer in Cycles and Pianos	Manchester ...	62 of 1899	July 13, 1900	Discharge suspended for five years, and that he be discharged as from 13th July, 1905	Bankrupt's assets were not of a value equal to 10s. in the pound on the amount of his unsecured liabilities; and that this arose from circumstances for which he was responsible; that he had omitted to keep such books of account as are usual and proper in the business he carried on, and as sufficiently disclosed his business transactions and financial position during the period he alleged he carried on business, namely, from January 1897; had admittedly continued to trade after knowing himself to be insolvent, namely, from May, 1899; had contracted the whole of the debts provable in his bankruptcy (but more particularly the debts which amount to about £400, referred to in paragraph 11 of the Official Receiver's report), without having at the time of contracting them any reasonable or probable ground of expectation of being able to pay them; had failed to account satisfactorily for the deficiency of assets to meet his liabilities; had contributed to his bankruptcy by extravagance in living, and by gambling; and had