

diocese of Exeter, void by the death of the Reverend Adolphus Frederick Carey, the last Incumbent, and in Her Majesty's gift in full right.

Scottish Office, Whitehall, July 27, 1900.

THE Queen has been pleased to direct Letters Patent to be passed under the Seal appointed by the Treaty of Union to be kept and made use of in place of the Great Seal of Scotland, constituting and appointing His Grace the Duke of Argyll, K.T., G.C.M.G., to be Her Majesty's Lieutenant of and in the County of Argyll, in the room of the late Duke of Argyll.

*Cumberland Lodge, Windsor Park,
August 2, 1900.*

HER Royal Highness the Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein has been pleased to appoint Mrs. W. H. Dick-Cunyngham to be a Woman of the Bedchamber to Her Royal Highness, in the room of the Baroness von und zu Egloffstein, resigned.

Her Royal Highness has been pleased to appoint the Baroness von und zu Egloffstein to be an Honorary Woman of the Bedchamber to Her Royal Highness.

(F. & H. 11,225.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour
Department), London, August 3, 1900.*

THE Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Telegram from Her Majesty's Representative at Rio de Janeiro, intimating that Asuncion has been declared infected, and other ports of Paraguay suspected.

(F. & H. 11,248.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour
Department), London, August 3, 1900.*

THE Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, the following copy of a Quarantine Notice from Her Majesty's Representative at Copenhagen, viz. :—

Note Verbale.

Le Ministère des Affaires Etrangères a l'honneur de présenter ses compliments à la Légation de Sa Majesté Britannique et de l'informer que le Gouvernement des Antilles Danoises a établi une quarantaine de deux semaines à cause de la peste, vis à vis des navires arrivant de ou ayant été en communication avec Rio de Janeiro.

Ou qui pendant leur voyage ont communiqué avec d'autres navires venant de cette localité.

En outre le même Gouvernement a défendu l'importation du port susmentionné de :

Chiffons, ouate ayant servi bourre de laine, déchet de papier, poils, peaux, vieux sac, tapis, broderies, sabots, laines soie brute

et de :

linge sale, hardes et objets de literie ayant servi, pourvu que ses objets n'arrivent pas comme bagages de voyageurs.

Le dit Gouvernement a finalement ordonné que : le linge, les hardes et les objets de literie arrivant comme bagages des voyageurs de la localité précitée seront désinfectés.

Copenhague, le 25 Juillet, 1900.

(F. & H. 11,270.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour
Department), London, August 3, 1900.*

THE Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy

of a Telegram from Her Majesty's Representative at Alexandria, intimating that vessels without pilgrims from the Hedjaz are admitted to free pratique in Egypt, after disinfection of soiled linen of passengers and crews, and of crews' quarters.

(F. & H. 11,305.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour
Department), London, August 3, 1900.*

THE Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the following copy of a Quarantine Notice issued by the Governor of Malta, viz. :—

Government Notice.

His Excellency the Governor, having heard the opinion of the Board of Health, has been pleased to modify Government Notice No. 159 of the 23rd July, 1900, and to direct that the following regulations be observed, viz. :

1. Vessels which are not allowed to enter the Harbour, but are allowed to communicate in quarantine with the Islands of Comino and Cominotto under such restrictions as the Collector of Customs may direct.

(a.) Vessels that have on board, or have had during the voyage cases of cholera, yellow fever or plague, or cases of a disease with symptoms resembling those of cholera, yellow fever or plague.

(b.) Vessels with pilgrims from the East.

(c.) Vessels arriving from the Persian Gulf and from Arabian ports in the Red Sea which have not been admitted to free pratique at Suez and Port Said.

2. Vessels which are allowed to enter the Quarantine Harbour to coal, take in provisions and cargo under quarantine restrictions.

(a.) Vessels arriving from Indian and Arabian ports without a clean bill of health which have not been admitted to free pratique in a port in the Adriatic or Mediterranean Sea.

(b.) Vessels arriving from any port without a clean bill of health, which do not fall under the provisions of Head 1.

(c.) Vessels arriving from Egypt, Syria, Trebizond, and the Mediterranean ports in Asia Minor.

(d.) Vessels falling under any of these provisions shall be admitted to free pratique after 30 days from their departure from an infected port.

3. Quarantine for a period of 12 days.

Passengers arriving from any infected port will be required to undergo quarantine for a period of 12 days.

4. Medical Inspection.

All vessels shall, on arrival, undergo strict medical inspection.

5. Passengers.

(a.) Passengers and crews of vessels arriving from Chinese, Indian, and Arabian ports, on board vessels that do not carry a doctor, shall be landed in one of the quarantine establishments, where they will be subjected to strict medical inspection until their clothing and all other articles of personal use, likely to retain infection, shall have been thoroughly disinfected.

(b.) Passengers and crews of vessels arriving from the above places on board vessels that carry a doctor shall be permitted to land, but no luggage shall be landed before it is disinfected in one of the quarantine establishments.

(c.) Every passenger arriving at Malta from any Mediterranean port eastward of Gibraltar shall, before being allowed to land, declare on oath before an Inspector of Marine Police, or other