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TUESDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1899.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 7th day of  
*October*, 1899.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HER Majesty in Council was this day pleased, on a Representation of the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Council on Education in Scotland, to appoint James Cruikshank Smith, Esquire, M.A., of Edinburgh University, and Trinity College, Oxford, and Alexander Douglas Thomson, M.A., D.Litt., of Edinburgh University, to be two of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 7th day of  
*October*, 1899.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught and Strathearn.

Lord Balfour of Burleigh.

Sir Fleetwood Edwards.

WHEREAS by Treaty, grant, usage, sufferance, and other lawful means, Her Majesty the Queen has power and jurisdiction within the territories comprised within the limits of the East Africa Protectorate:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers on this behalf by "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," or otherwise, in Her Majesty vested, is pleased by and with the advice of Her Privy Council to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. In this Order—

"The Principal Order" means "The East Africa Order in Council, 1897," and any other Order relating to the East Africa Protectorate.

2. For the purposes of the Principal Order and this Order—

(i.) "British subject" includes a British-protected person, that is to say, a person who either (a) is a native of any Protectorate of Her Majesty beyond Africa and Arabia, and is for the time being in the East Africa Protectorate, or (b) by virtue of "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," or otherwise enjoys Her Majesty's protection in the Protectorate.

(ii.) "Native" means any person who is not a British subject, as hereinbefore defined, or of European or American race or parentage, but as respects such portions of the Protectorate as are

under the sovereignty of the Sultan of Zanzibar, does not include a person who, by virtue of any Treaty between Zanzibar and any foreign Power (other than Her Majesty), is exempt from the jurisdiction of the Sultan of Zanzibar.

(iii.) "Foreigner" means a subject or citizen of a State in amity with Her Majesty, not being a native, as hereinbefore defined.

3.—(i.) The Protectorate Court shall ordinarily sit at Mombasa, but may also, as occasion requires, sit at any other place in the Protectorate.

(ii.) The judicial officer shall be styled "Her Majesty's Judge for the East Africa Protectorate," and is in this Order referred to as the "Protectorate Judge."

(iii.) The Protectorate Judge may visit any Court in the Protectorate, and examine any Court books, registers, or records, and give directions as to the proper keeping thereof.

(iv.) In case of the illness of the Protectorate Judge or of his temporary absence from Mombasa, the Commissioner may appoint either a person qualified to be appointed Protectorate Judge or an officer employed in the civil administration of the Protectorate to act as Protectorate Judge. When the Protectorate Judge is absent on judicial duty within the Protectorate, the Acting Judge shall not hold sittings elsewhere than at Mombasa except with the consent of the Commissioner. The sittings of the Protectorate Judge and of the Acting Judge shall severally be deemed sittings of the Protectorate Court.

4. Subject to the other provisions of the Principal Order, the Code of Criminal Procedure, and the other enactments relating to the administration of criminal justice in India for the time being applied to the Protectorate, shall have effect as if the Protectorate were a province of India. The full Court for Zanzibar shall be deemed to be the High Court, and the powers both of the Governor-General in Council and of the Local Government under those enactments shall be exercisable, subject to any directions of the Secretary of State, by the Commissioner.

Until other provision is made in exercise of the powers conferred by the Criminal Procedure Code, the Protectorate shall be a Sessions Division, the Protectorate Court shall be the Sessions Court, and the Protectorate Judge shall be the Sessions Judge.

5. Subject to the other provisions of the Principal Order, the Code of Civil Procedure, "The Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869," and the other enactments relating to the administration