And whereas notice of the said representation, and of the time when I should take the same into consideration, has been duly published in pursuance of "The Fairs Act, 1871":

And whereas, on such representation and consideration, it appears to me that it would be for the convenience and advantage of the public that the said Fair should be abolished:

And whereas the Right Honourable the Earl Cowper, K.G., as lord or owner of the said Fair and the tolls thereof, has consented in writing that the said Fair should be abolished:

Now, therefore, I, as the Secretary of State for the Home Department, in exercise of the powers vested in me by "The Fairs Act, 1871," do hereby order that the Fair which has been annually held in the month of July at Tewin Lower Green shall be abolished.

Given under my hand at Whitehall, this ... 12th day of January, 1899.

M. W. Ridley.

ORDER OF THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

(DATED 17TH JANUARY 1899.)

ANTHRAX ORDER OF 1899.

THE Board of Agriculture, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 and 1896, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

Notice of Disease.

1.—(1.) Every person having or having had in his possession or under his charge a diseased, or suspected, animal, that is to say, an animal affected with, or suspected of, anthrax, shall, with all practicable speed, give notice of the fact of the animal being so diseased, or suspected, to a constable of the police force for the police area wherein the animal so diseased, or suspected, is or was.

.(2.) The constable shall forthwith give information of the receipt by him of the notice to an Inspector of the Local Authority, who shall forthwith report the same to the Local Authority.

(3.) The Inspector of the Local Authority shall forthwith give information of the receipt by him of the notice to the Medical Officer of Health of the Sanitary District in which the diseased, or suspected, animal is or was.

Duty of Inspector to act immediately.

2. An Inspector of a Local Authority on receiving in any manner whatsoever information of the supposed existence of anthrax, or having reasonable ground to suspect the existence of anthrax, shall proceed with all practicable speed to the place where such disease exists, or is suspected to exist, and shall there and elsewhere put in force and discharge the powers and duties conferred and imposed on him as Inspector by or under the Act of 1894 and this Order.

Veterinary Inquiry by Local Authority as to Existence of Anthrax.

3.—(1.) A Local Authority on receiving information of the existence, or supposed existence, of anthrax shall forthwith cause inquiry to be instituted as to the correctness of such information, with the assistance and advice of a Veterinary Inspector, or of a veterinary practitioner qualified according to the Act of 1894 to be a Veterinary Inspector.

which there is a diseased, or suspected, animal, or

No. 27043.

(2.) The owner and occupier of any premises on

the carcase of any such animal, shall give all reasonable facilities for the inquiry by the Local Authority under this Article, and any person failing to give such facilities shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1394.

Milk of Diseased Cow not to be Removed.

4. It shall not be lawful to remove the milk of any diseased cow from the shed, stable, building, field, or other place in which the cow is or has been kept.

Restriction on Movement of Animals out of or into Place of Outbreak.

5.--(1.) No animal shall, except as expressly authorized by this Article, be moved out of or into any shed, stable, building, field, or other place in which a diseased animal is, or has died or been slaughtered, or has been kept at the date of such death or slaughter, until an Inspector of the Local Authority is satisfied that no animal remaining on the premises is diseased, and that the premises have been cleansed and disinfected in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

(2.) Any horse, ass, or mule which is not diseased may be moved thereout to any place.

(3.) All other animals which are in such shed, stable, building, field, or other place, and which are not diseased, may, and should in every case where it is practicable, be moved thereout by the owner, under the supervision of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority, to some convenient place of detention for the purpose of isolation, and the animals so moved shall, after their arrival at the place of detention, be there kept separate by the owner thereof from all other animals and not moved thereout for a period of seven days.

(4.) Provided that any animal which is not diseased may be moved out of such shed, stable, building, field, or other place as aforesaid, or from the said place of detention, to the nearest available slaughter-house under the supervision of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority for the purpose of being forthwith slaughtered.

Provision as to Removal of Dung &c. out of Place of Outbreak.

6. It shall not be lawful for any person to remove any dung, litter, broken fodder, or any other thing that has been in contact with or used for or about any diseased animal, out of any shed, stable, building, field, or other place in which a diseased animal is, or has died or been slaughtered, or has been kept at the date of such death or slaughter, except to a place approved by an Inspector of the Local Authority, and to which animals will not have access, and any such dung or other thing as aforesaid so removed shall be forthwith burnt or otherwise destroyed, or shall be forthwith disinfected and, where practicable, buried to the satisfaction of the Inspector.

Disposal of Carcases.

7.—(1.) The carcase of a diseased, or suspected, animal shall be disposed of by the Local Authority as follows:

(i.) Either the Local Authority shall cause the carcase to be buried as soon as possible in its skin in some convenient or suitable place to which animals will not have access, and which is removed from any dwelling house, and at such a distance from any well or watercourse as will preclude any risk of the contamination of the water therein, the carcase being buried at a depth of not less than six feet below the surface of the carth, and with a layer of lime not less than one foot deep both beneath and above it;

(ii.) Or the Local Authority may, if authorized by Licence of the Board, cause the carcase