

Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," and otherwise in Her vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of the Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. This Order may be cited as "The Siam Order in Council, 1898."

2. In this Order the expression "the International Court" means the Court of any Commissioners or Judges exercising jurisdiction at Chiangmai in pursuance and under the provisions of the said recited Treaty as modified by any subsequent Agreement whether made before or after the passing of this Order.

The expression "limits of the International Court" means the provinces and parts of provinces to which the jurisdiction of that Court for the time being extends.

3. With respect to any civil or criminal case arising within the limits of the International Court between British subjects, or in which British subjects may be parties as complainants, accused, plaintiffs or defendants, the principal Order shall not operate or have any effect so long as the said Treaty continues in force, unless and until such case shall have been transferred to the District Court at Chiangmai in manner provided by the said Treaty.

4. Where a case is so transferred, the District Court shall give such directions as seem proper for its determination, having regard to the proceedings (if any) in the International Court.

In a criminal case, if the accused is handed over by the International Court in custody, he may be detained in custody as if on the day on which he is handed over he had been arrested under a warrant of the District Court.

5. The Consul at Bangkok shall, if and so long as he shall be so authorized by the Secretary of State, have and exercise concurrently with the Consul-General all the judicial powers and jurisdiction of the Consul-General under the principal Order throughout Siam; and the provisions of that Order relating to such judicial powers and jurisdiction shall be construed accordingly; provided that

(1) The said powers and jurisdiction shall be exercised by the said Consul subject to any directions which may from time to time be given by the Consul-General, specifying the cases which are to be heard and decided by the Consul, and to the power of the Consul-General to direct that any particular case shall be heard and decided by himself.

(2) Nothing in this Article shall operate to confer upon the said Consul any powers or duties of the Consul-General under the principal Order which are in their nature administrative, executive, ministerial, or otherwise not judicial, and all matters required or authorized to be done, by or to the Consul-General other than matters in their nature judicial, shall be done by or to the Consul-General as if this Order had not passed; and

(3) Nothing in this Article shall affect the powers or jurisdiction of the said Consul as a Consular Officer when holding a District Court under the principal Order.

Any Order of the Secretary of State conferring authority upon the said Consul under this Article shall be publicly exhibited in the office of the Consul-General, and be kept exhibited there for one month after the first exhibition thereof.

6. Articles 95 and 96 of the principal Order are hereby repealed as from the commencement of this Order, but this repeal shall not prejudice any rights acquired, or affect anything done or suffered before such commencement.

7. This Order shall come into force on the day

on which a copy thereof is first exhibited in the public office of the Consul-General at Bangkok, and notice of the time of such first exhibition, together with a copy of this Order, shall, as soon thereafter as practicable, be published in every Consular district in Siam, in such manner as the Consul-General directs.

The day on which this Order is first exhibited in the public office of the Consul-General is hereinbefore referred to as the commencement of this Order.

And the Most Honourable the Marquess of Salisbury, K.G., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein.
C. L. Peel.

At the Court at Windsor, the 7th day of March, 1898.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.

Earl of Kintore.

Lord James of Hereford.

WHEREAS on the ninth day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six a Convention (hereinafter called the Berne Convention) with respect to the protection to be given by way of copyright to the authors of literary and artistic works was concluded between Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the foreign countries following, that is to say:—

Belgium
France
Germany
Hayti
Italy
Spain
Switzerland and
Tunis.

And whereas on the fifth day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven the ratifications of the said Convention were duly exchanged between Her Majesty the Queen and the aforesaid countries:

And whereas by an Order in Council dated the twenty-eighth day of November one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven and made under the authority committed to Her Majesty by the International Copyright Acts 1844 to 1886 Her Majesty was pleased to make provision for giving rights of copyright throughout Her Majesty's Dominions to the authors of literary and artistic works first produced in any of the said foreign countries (therein referred to as the foreign countries of the Copyright Union) and otherwise giving effect throughout Her Majesty's Dominions to the terms of the said Berne Convention, and an English translation of the said Convention was set out in the First Schedule to the Order in Council now in recital:

And whereas since the date of the said Order in Council hereinbefore recited the foreign countries following, namely, Luxembourg, Monaco, Montenegro and Norway, have acceded to the said Berne Convention and by Orders in Council dated respectively the tenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight, the fifteenth day of October one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, and the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, and made under the authority aforesaid the provisions of the herein-