30th September, 1922 Sepoy Bachittar Singh, 31st Punjab Infantry, slight, gunshot.

30th September, 2710 Sepoy Harnam Singh, 31st

Punjab Infantry, slight, gunshot. 3rd October, 1961 Sepoy Jewan Singh, 31st Punjab Infantry, severe, gunshot.

3rd October, 2573 Sepoy Khewa Singh, 31st

Punjab Infantry, severe, gunshot. 3rd October, 2528 Sepoy Belam Khan, 31st. Punjab Infantry, slight, gunshot.

3rd October, 2595 Bugler Sahib Ram, 31st

Punjab Infantry, slight, gunshot.
3rd October, 1823 Sepoy Uttam Singh, 31st Punjab Infantry, slight, gunshot, foot.

3rd October, 2108 Havildar Joti, Guides Infantry, dangerous, gunshot; knee-joint. 3rd October, 3909 Sepoy Khawajur Nur, Guides

Infantry, severe, gunshot, leg.

30th September, 175 Naick Mahant, 38th Dogras, severe, gunshot, elbow-joint.

30th September, 541 Sepoy Badri, 38th Dogras, dangerous, gunshot, chest.

30th September, 435 Sepoy Billo, 38th Dogras, severe, gunshot, hip.

30th September, 639 Sepoy Bhagel Singh, 38th Dogras, slight, gunshot, arm.

3rd October, 775 Sepoy Sagrim, 38th Dogras, severe, gunshot, wrist.

3rd October, 1110 Sepoy Beli, 38th Dogras, severe, gunshot, leg,

3rd October, 892 Bugler Raghubir, 38th Dogras, slight, gunshot, finger.

3rd October, 1017 Sepoy Lakha, 38th Dogras, slight, gunshot, chest.

3rd October, 994 Sepoy Musaddi, 38th Dogras, slight, gunshot, elbow.

B. BLOOD, Major-General,

Commanding Malakand Field Force. Malakand, the 27th October, 1897.

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-General, Secretary to the Government of India

MILITARY DEPARTMENT. Fort William, the 3rd December, 1897. FIELD OPERATIONS. Mohmand.

No. 1318.—THE Right Honourable Governor-General of India in Council directs the publication of the subjoined communication from the Adjutant-General in India, submitting, under the orders of the Commander-in-Chief in India, a Despatch from Major-General E. R. Elles, C.B., on the operations of the Mohmand Field Force, under his command.

2. His Excellency in Council concurs in the opinion expressed by the Commander-in-Chief that the operations of the Mohmand Field Force were conducted in a skilful and highly commendable manner by Major-General Elles, and the Governor-General in Council shares with His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief his admiration of the manner in which all ranks acquitted themselves throughout the opera-

3. His Excellency in Council also concurs with the Commander-in-Chief in his approbation of the excellent work done by the Imperial Service Troops and of the services rendered by His Highness the Maharaja of Patiala and Maharaj Sir Pertab Singh of Jodhpur.

From Major-General G. de C. Morton, C.B., Adjutant-General in India, to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department.—(No. 2080-F., dated Simla, the 10th November, 1897).

I HAVE the honour, by direction of the Commander-in-Chief, to forward, for the information of the Government of India, the accompanying Despatch from Major-General E. R. Elles, C.B., describing the operations of the Mohmand Field Force under his command.

Early in August last the hostile gathering of Mohmands and other tribesmen who had raided into British territory was attacked near Shabkadar and repulsed with loss by a small force under the personal direction of Major-General Elles. In order to punish those who had participated in this unprovoked raid, and to impose such terms as appeared necessary to deter the tribesmen from future acts of aggression, a British force was detailed to enter the Mohmand country.

3. Between the 15th September and the 7th October 1897, the Mohmand country was visited throughout; the armed gathering headed by the Hadda Mullah on the Bedmanai Pass was encountered and dispersed; British troops penetrated to the Hadda Mullah's head-quarters in the precipitous Jarobi Glen, and punishment was dealt out to such of the tribesmen as refused to accept the terms offered by the British Govern-

4. The physical difficulties of the country traversed were very great, and severely tested the endurance of the troops. His Excellency would draw attention to the admirable manner in which all ranks acquitted themselves, often under very trying circumstances, and to the dash, the gallantry, and the good discipline displayed in presence of the enemy at the Bedmanai Pass and on every occasion.

5. The Commander-in-Chief desires to record it as his opinion that the expedition has been conducted in a skilful and highly commendable manner by Major-General Elles, and he would recommend the services of that officer and of those mentioned by him in his despatch to the special. consideration of Government.

6. His Excellency has read with very great satisfaction the complimentary terms in which Major-General Elles has alluded to the work done by the Imperial Service Troops, and he is confident that the Government of India will cordially endorse what is said in the despatch, not only as regards them, but also as regards the services of the two Native Princes who shared with their British and Native comrades the dangers and hardships of the campaign.

From Major-General E. R. Elles, C.B., Commanding the Mohmand Field Force, to the Adjutant-General in India, Simla,—(No. 520, dated Peshawar, the 13th October, 1897).

I HAVE the honour to submit the following report on the operations of the Mohmand Field Force.

2. The object for which these operations were ordered was to punish the Mohmands for an unprovoked attack on British territory, to destroy the Hadda Mullah's power, disperse his hostile gathering, and clear any hostile forces from the Mohmand country.

3. The force, the composition of which is given in the margin* was at first ordered to concen-

* 1st Brigade :-1st Battalion, Somersetshire Light Infantry; Maxim Gun Detachment, 1st Battalion, Devonshire Regiment; 20th Panjab Infantry; 2nd Battalion 1st Gurkhas; Sections A and B, No. 5, British Field Hospital; Three Sections No. 31 Native Field Hospital; Section A, No. 45 Native Field Hospital. 2nd Brigade:

2nd Battalion Oxfordshire Light Infantry; 9th Gurkha