

on the one hand, and a person not subject to this Order on the other hand, may, on the application of any party, be filed for execution in the proper office of the Court.

(b.) The Court shall thereupon have authority to enforce the agreement and the award made thereunder, and to control and regulate the proceedings before and after the award, in such manner and on such terms as the Court may think fit.

(c.) Provided that the person not subject to this Order first obtains and files, in the proper office of the Court, the consent, in writing, of the competent authority (if any), on behalf of his own nation, to his submitting, and that he does submit, to the jurisdiction of the Court, and, if required by the Court, gives security to the satisfaction of the Court, and to such reasonable amount as the Court thinks fit, by deposit or otherwise, to pay fees, damages, costs, and expenses, and abide by and perform the award.

(d.) If a person subject to this Order wilfully gives false evidence in an arbitration, he shall on conviction before the Court for Zanzibar be liable to the same punishment as if he were convicted of giving false evidence in a proceeding in that Court.

PART VIII.—Miscellaneous.

45.—(1.) Notwithstanding anything in this Order, the Court for Zanzibar shall not exercise any jurisdiction in any proceeding whatsoever over Her Majesty's Consul-General, or his official or other residences, or his official or other property.

(2.) Notwithstanding anything in this Order, the Court for Zanzibar shall not exercise, except with the consent of the Consul-General, signified in writing to the Court, any jurisdiction in a civil action or proceeding over any person attached to or being a member of Her Majesty's Consulate-General in Zanzibar, or being a domestic servant of the Consul-General.

(3.) If, in any case under this Order, it appears to the Court for Zanzibar that the attendance of the Consul-General, or of any person attached to or being a member of Her Majesty's Consulate-General in Zanzibar, or being a domestic servant of the Consul-General, to give evidence before the Court, is requisite in the interest of justice, the Court for Zanzibar may address to the Consul-General a request in writing for such attendance.

(4.) A person attending to give evidence before the Court shall not be compelled or allowed to give any evidence or produce any document if, in the opinion of the Consul-General, signified by him personally or in writing to the Court, the giving or production thereof would be injurious to Her Majesty's service.

46. Subject to the approval of the Secretary of State, the Court may frame Rules of Procedure and other Rules, consistent with this Order, for the better execution of the provisions herein contained in respect of civil or criminal proceedings, and for regulating the conditions on which persons other than parties may be permitted to practise as advocates or solicitors in any Court, or for suspending or excluding (subject to a right of appeal to the Secretary of State) such persons from practice in case of misconduct: Provided that any scale of remuneration fixed by such rules shall have been sanctioned by the Treasury.

47. The Consul-General may make Regulations (to be called Queen's Regulations) for the following purposes, that is to say:—

(i.) For the peace, order, and good government of British subjects, and other persons subject to

this Order, in relation to matters not provided for in this Order.

(ii.) For securing the observance of any Treaty for the time being in force relating to Zanzibar, or of any native or local law or custom.

(iii.) For requiring returns to be made of the nature, quantity, and value of articles exported from or imported into Zanzibar, or any part thereof, by or on account of any British subject or person subject to this Order, and for prescribing the times and manner at or in which, and the persons by whom, such Returns are to be made.

Any Regulations under this Article may provide for forfeiture of any goods, receptacles, or things in relation to which, or to the contents of which, any breach is committed of such Regulations, or of any Treaty, or any native or local law or custom, the observance of which is provided for by the Regulations.

Any Regulations under this Article shall, when allowed by the Secretary of State, and published as he directs, have effect as if contained in this Order: Provided that in case of urgency declared in any such Regulations, the same shall take effect before such allowance, and shall continue to have effect unless and until they are disallowed by the Secretary of State, and until notification of such disallowance is received and published by the Consul-General, and such disallowance shall be without prejudice to anything done or suffered under such Regulations in the meantime.

Any breach of the Regulations shall be an offence against this Order, and any person guilty thereof, shall on conviction be liable to a fine which may extend to 1,000 rupees, or to imprisonment which may extend to two months, or both, in addition to any forfeiture as aforesaid.

48. The Consul-General may also make Regulations for the governance, visitation, care, and superintendence of prisons in Zanzibar, and for the infliction of corporal or other punishment on prisoners committing offences against those Regulations.

Any Regulations under this Article shall, when allowed by the Secretary of State, have effect, as if contained in this Order, and copies thereof shall be exhibited in every prison to which they apply in such manner as the Consul-General may direct.

Any breach of Regulations under this Article, committed by any officer of a prison, or by any other person (not being a prisoner), shall be punishable in like manner as a breach of Queen's Regulations, under the last preceding Article.

49.—(a.) A non-testamentary instrument to which a British subject is a party, executed after the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, and purporting or operating to create, declare, assign, limit, or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title, or interest, whether vested or contingent to, in, or over immovable property situate in Zanzibar, shall not affect any immovable property comprised therein, or be received as evidence of any transaction affecting that property, unless it has been registered at such time and place and in such manner as may be prescribed by Rules made by the Consul-General and approved by the Secretary of State, and for the time being in force.

(b.) Provided that nothing in this Article shall make any instrument inadmissible in evidence in any criminal proceeding.

50.—(a.) The Consul-General may, with the approval of the Secretary of State, and concurrence of the Treasury, make rules imposing fees leviable in respect of any proceedings in, or processes issued out of, any Court established under