

appointed to meet, to draw up a Letter of Compliment and Submission, to be sent from them to the new Pope.

Brussels, August 5. Yesterday all the Cannon round this place were thrice discharged for the Great Victory obtained by the Forces of Their Majesties of Great-Britain in Ireland. The Forces commanded by our Governor-General, marched this day towards Gaure on the Schelde, with a design, as 'tis believed, to give the Enemy a diversion on that side. The Confederate Troops, that were encamped near Huy under the command of the Baron de Fleming, have passed the Meuse, and are moving along the Sambre, on this side of it, to be ready to execute the Orders they shall receive from the King of England; who is still encamped at Gerpines. The Duke of Luxembourg does all he can to reinforce his Army; The Marquis de Bufflers with his flying Camp, and several Detachments from the Frontier Garisons, have joyned him, and 'tis reckoned that they are now about 50000 strong. We hear, that the Count d'Estree, who commands the French Squadron in the Mediterranean, after having bombarded Barcelona, had taken his Course towards Alicante and Malaga. They write from the Hague, that the President de la Tour had received advice by an Express from Turin, that the Sieur de Catinat had repassed the Po, retreating towards Pignerol, and that Prince Eugene of Savoy had fallen upon his Rear, and cut off an entire Regiment of French Horse. And that all the German Succors will have joyned the Duke of Savoy's Army by the 15th of this month.

From the Kings Camp at Gerpines, August 6. On Friday last all our Cannon, and both Lines of the Army, fired three Rounds for the Great and Joyful News of the late Victory in Ireland, and the next night the like was done by the Garisons of Namur and Charleroy. On Saturday a French Captain of Horse, and a Cornet, who was likewise an Aid du Camp to Monsieur de Joyeuse, first Lieutenant-General in the French Army here, coming near our Camp to view it, were taken by a Party of Brandenburgers, and we are told, that had they had a little more patience, they would certainly have taken Monsieur Joyeuse himself, who was not far off with a Party much inferior to that of the Brandenburgers. The Baron de Fleming, with the Troops under his command, consisting of between 12 and 13000 men, lyes on the other side of the Sambre within 3 Leagues of this place. The King went out very early this morning to view the Enemies Camp, and returned again at noon; And this evening Orders are given out for our decamping to-morrow morning, and it's said, that we shall march towards Walcourt. Many Deferters come over to us daily.

Hague, August 7. The President de la Tour, Envoy Extraordinary from the Duke of Savoy, is gone to our Army in Flanders, to give His Majesty an account of the good posture of Affairs in Piedmont. The Dutch Smyrna Fleet is safely arrived in the Texell. We have an account, that on the 2d instant 7 or 8 French Frigats and Privateers, commanded by Captain John Barr, fell in with our Herring-Busses, of whom they took 10 or 12, with a small Man of War their Convey, the rest it's hoped escaped by the coming on of the night. They burnt the Vessels, after having taken out the men, which they put on Board one of the Busses, and gave them a Pals, who, to the number of about 100, are come to Enkhuysen.

From the Camp before Galloway, July 26. The Garison of Galloway is just now marched out, Monsieur d'Ufford the French Lieutenant-General having left the Town 2 or 3 hours before. The General has put into it 3 Regiments of Foot under the command of Sir Henry Bellasis. To-morrow we march towards Limerick.

Dublin, July 28. Galloway was actually surrendered the 26th instant, in the morning, the French Lieutenant-General d'Ufford having sent to the General, to desire leave to march out an hour or two before the rest. And the next day our Army was to march towards Limerick, where there are great Feuds among the Irish and French. Sarsfield, who had passed the Shannon, has, upon the news of the Surrender of Galloway, repassed that River, and is now about Limerick.

From on Board Their Majesties Ship the Sapphire, commanded by Captain Killigrew, in St. Helens Road, July 31. On Tuesday last, in the evening, we met with a French Privateer of 16 Guns and 100 Men. We kept him Company all night, he firing his Stern-Chace at us, and steering up the Channel; We Engaged him next morning, and took him, after firing three Broad-sides.

Whitehall, July 30. On Tuesday last died his Excellency Don Pedro de Ronquillo Conde de Gramedo, Ambassador Extraordinary from the King of Spain, after having resided many years at this Court, and been employed in several Eminent Negotiations, in which he acquitted himself with great Zeal and Ability. And this Evening his Body was, by Her Majesties Order, privately deposited in King Henry the Seventh's Chapel at Westminster, to be Transported to Spain.

Whereas several Tinmen, and others, having been employed by the Patentees for the New-Lights, and thereby attained to the Skill of making of Candles, do pretend to furnish divers persons with the said Lights, to the prejudice of the Patentees, (who have expended great Sums of Money in contriving and perfecting this useful Invention, and to the deceit of the Persons dealing with them; and likewise have falsely pretended, that they are employed and act for, the Patentees: These are to certify, that Persons will be employed by the Patentees, but such as are an Authority under their Hands and Seals; and that the Patentees do meet at Stationers-hall within Ludgate on Tuesday and Friday at 6 in the Afternoon, where all Persons may be accommodated with the said Lights.

Advertisements.

**** The Political Anatomy of Ireland.** To which is added, Verbum Sapienti, or, An Account of the Wealth and Expences of England, and the Method of raising Taxes in the most Equal manner. By Sir William Petty, late Fellow of the Royal Society. Printed for D. Brown and W. Rogers, at the Sign without Temple-Bar, and at the Sun over-against St. Dunstons Church in Fleet-street.

HOLMAN'S London-Ink-Powder for Records. Being the strongest Ingredients for making the best Writing, by dissolving one Six-penny Paper thereof in a Pint of (Rheine River) Water, by shaking or stirring it together, Approved in by many Thousands, and is best for Carriage by Sea and Land. It is Sealed up in Six-penny Papers with the Maker's Coat of Arms, and Sold with Printed Directions by most Stationers in London, and by Country Shop-keepers in the chiefest Cities and Towns in England. Made and Sold by Charles Holman, now living at the Sign near St. Margaret's Hill in Southwark, he having His Majesties Patent Granted him under the Great Seal of England for making the same.

**** At the West-end of Exeter-Change (above Stairs) in the Strand, on Wednesday and Thursday next, the 25th and 26th instant, will be exposed to Sale a curious Collection of Original Paintings, and other fine Copies, by the best Masters of Europe, some fit for Halls, Stair-cases, &c. beginning early at 4 each afternoon, and so continuing daily till all are sold. Catalogues may be had gratis at Mr. Playfords near the Temple Church, and at the place of Sale.**

**** The General History of Europe, contained in the Monthly Accounts from Nov. 1688. to July 1690. whereof the Translation was begun, (for which Proposals have been long made,) being now in the Press; Those who intend to take the benefit of Subscribing, are desired to do it before the 25th of September next. The Proposals are to be had of the Undertaker H. Rhodes near Bride-lane in Fleet-street, and J. Harris at the Sign in the Poultry, and of most Book-sellers in London and the Country.**

Lost in Whitehall, on Sunday the 26th past, a Gold Watch with a plain Gold outside Case, made by ... of Westminster, with a Ribbon tied to it of changeable Purple and Gold, and upon that two Seals, the one an Onyx, with a Seal cut in it, set with small Diamonds; and the other Seal a Sapphire with Rubies. Whoever brings the said Watch, &c. to Mr. Rich Snagg, Goldsmith, in Lombard-street, shall have 5 Guineas Reward.

Lost on the 25th of July, near Harrow on the Hill, a large Silver-hilted Sword, marked on the Hilt with R.C. Whoever brings it to Mr. Tho. Field at the Castle in Harrow, or Mr. Tho. Homes at the Rose near Castle-yard in Holborn, London, shall have a Guinea Reward.

Lost the 23d past, between Ongar and Stratford, a Deal Box locked and lock'd, wherein was a Box of Silver Instruments, 3 Laced Cravats, with other Linnen, 2 Silver Salts, one Spoon with several other Things, to the value of 50 l. besides a Box of Writings. Whoever gives notice of them to William Smees the Carrier of Ongar, or to Mr. Anderson at the Crown Inn without Aldgate, London, shall have 3 Guineas Reward.

One John Euerden went away on the 10th of June last for the Blue-Anchor at Deptford with a Tankard, marked on the Handle and Bottom with S.T.E. He is a tall thin man, and Pock-broken, full Nosed, in a black Coat, and red striped Breeches. Whoever secures the Man, or Tankard, and gives notice at the Blue-Anchor aforesaid, shall have a Guinea Reward, and Charge.

A Particular RELATION of the Surrender of Galloway.

Published by Authority.

From the Camp before Galloway, July 22. 1691.

ON Sunday the 19th instant the Army marched from *Athenree* to this Place. The General immediately sent a Trumpeter to the Lord *Dillon* Governor of the Town, and offered him the Benefit of the Lords Justices Proclamation of the 7th, which he offered to him, if he would Surrender it before he was obliged to fire his Cannon. The Answer was, *That Monsieur Duffone, who Commanded, was of the same Opinion with himself and the rest of the Officers, who were resolved to Defend it to the last.* While it was light, our Men made but small Advances, but at night they attack'd a small Fort they had made to command a Valley between the Town and us, and immediately beat the Irish out of it; and hearing that *Baldarick O Donnel* intended to throw himself and his Brigade into the place that night or the next morning, the *Tinbars* were immediately put into the Water, and 6 Regiments of Foot, and 4 Squadrons of Horse and Dragoons, sent over the River, and posted in the way *Baldarick* was to take, so that finding no Succors could be put in on that side, he retired with his Rabble into the County of *Mayo*, burning and destroying all the Country as he marched. The taking this Fort, and passing the Water so suddenly, we suppose, were the Things that frightened them into a Treaty; For on the 20th, about 10 in the morning, the Governor desired a safe Conduct for some Persons he intended to send to the General to Capitulate; and in the afternoon three of their Lieutenant-Colonels came out, and as many of ours went into the Town as Hostages: The Treaty lasted the rest of the day, and night, they being often obliged to go back to consult their Principals; At last it was agreed, "That on next Sunday morning, at Six a Clock, the Town should be delivered to such Officers as the General should appoint, and in the mean time we should have five Hostages for the due Performance of Articles, whereof my Lord *Clanricard* is one, and all the Out-works of the Town put into our Possession; "That the Enemy should forbear to Fortify in this time, and withdraw all their Cannon from the Walls, but that we may be permitted to Work; "and Post our selves where we will, provided we came not within three yards of the Wall, nor place any Cannon upon the Batteries we make. "The Garison and Townsmen that remain, have the Benefit of the Lords Justices Proclamation, which gives them their Estates and Liberties; and those who have a mind to depart, are to be conducted safe to *Limerick*, with their Arms, Drums beating, &c. and 6 Pieces of Cannon. They have liberty to send to my Lord *Tyrconnel*, to acquaint him with what they have done, and invite him to do the same at *Limerick*. A French Vessel of 30 Guns sailed out of the Harbor as we marched thither, and two more remain still here.

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